

Northern Kentucky University



**Report Sections** 

## **NSSE 2022 Engagement Indicators**

#### **About This Report**

#### About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning
Leanning with reers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with rucuity	Effective Teaching Practices
Comment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2021 and 2022 participating institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

*Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions*, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. Research & Practice in Assessment, 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



**Overview** 

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#### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- Vour students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
  - Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	tor KY Institutions		SACS Benchmark
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			

	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Engagement Indicator	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark
Higher-Order Learning			
Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Learning Strategies			
Quantitative Reasoning			
Collaborative Learning			
Discussions with Diverse Others			
Student-Faculty Interaction			
Effective Teaching Practices			
Quality of Interactions			
Supportive Environment			
	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices Quality of Interactions	compared with Engagement IndicatorHigher-Order LearningReflective & Integrative LearningLearning StrategiesQuantitative ReasoningCollaborative LearningDiscussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty InteractionEffective Teaching PracticesQuality of Interactions	compared with Engagement Indicatorcompared with Carnegie ClassHigher-Order LearningReflective & Integrative LearningLearning StrategiesQuantitative ReasoningCollaborative LearningDiscussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty InteractionEffective Teaching PracticesQuality of Interactions



**Academic Challenge** 

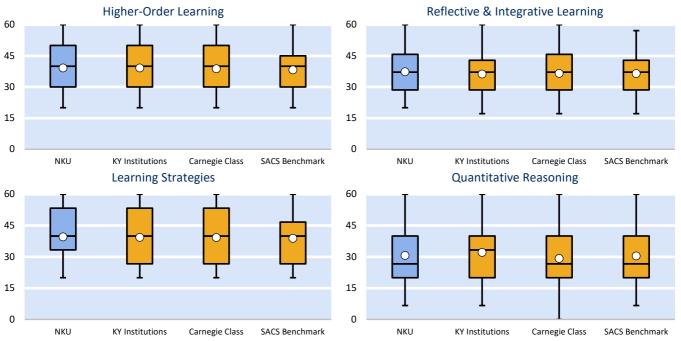
#### **Northern Kentucky University**

#### Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	NKU	KY InstitutionsCarnegie ClassEffectEffect			gie Class Effect	SACS Benchmark Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	39.2	39.2	.00	38.8	.03	38.3	.07	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.3	36.3	.09	36.6	.06	36.5	.07	
Learning Strategies	39.6	39.4	.02	39.3	.03	38.9	.05	
Quantitative Reasoning	30.7	32.1	10	29.2	.09	30.5	.01	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).



**Score Distributions** 

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Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



**Academic Challenge** 

**Northern Kentucky University** 

### Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Percentag			rcentage point difference $^a$ between your FY students and			
Higher-Order Learning	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized			curregic cluss	Deneminark		
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 75	+1	+4	+4		
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	73	+1	+3	+4		
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	73	+1	+1	+3		
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	74	+1	+3	+3		
Reflective & Integrative Learning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	60	+4	+7	+6		
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	55	-0	-0	-1		
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	59	+2	+2	+2		
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	66	-1	-0	-1		
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his 2e. or her perspective	74	+1	+1	+2		
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	+4	+4	+6		
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	82	+5	+3	+5		
Learning Strategies						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	76	+1	+1	+3		
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	70	+1	+2	+2		
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	70	+0	+3	+2		
Quantitative Reasoning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	58	-3	+5	+3		
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	49	-2	+5	+1		
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	46	-5	+4	+1		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Academic Challenge** 

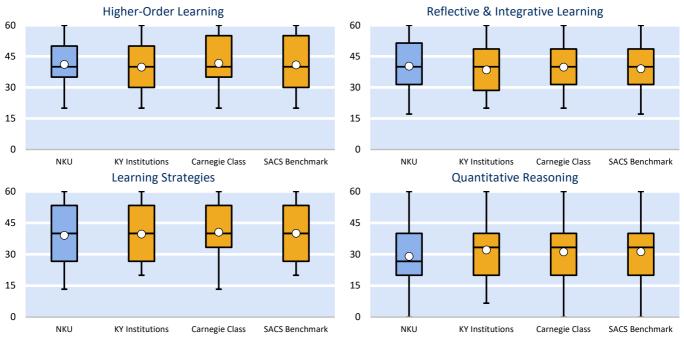
#### **Northern Kentucky University**

#### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	NKU	KY Institutions Effect		Carnegie Class Effect		SACS B	enchmark Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	41.2	39.8	.10	41.7	04	40.9	.02
Reflective & Integrative Learning	40.3	38.5	.14	39.8	.04	39.0	.10
Learning Strategies	39.0	39.6	04	40.6	10	40.0	07
Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	32.1 *	19	31.2	13	31.3	13

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).



**Score Distributions** 

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



**Academic Challenge** 

**Northern Kentucky University** 

#### **Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and				
Higher-Order Learning	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		curregic cluss	Deneminark		
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	76	-2	-2	-2		
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	77	+3	+0	+1		
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	79	+9	+2	+5		
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	77	+5	+0	+3		
Reflective & Integrative Learning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	74	+3	+7	+3		
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	62	-0	-4	-2		
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	59	+3	-2	+2		
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	72	+5	+0	+3		
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his 2e. or her perspective	78	+6	+2	+4		
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	+1	-2	+1		
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	85	+2	-1	+0		
Learning Strategies						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	75	+0	-4	-2		
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	64	-3	-3	-4		
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	70	+1	-1	-0		
Quantitative Reasoning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	52	-6	-4	-4		
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	44	-7	-6	-6		
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	43	-8	-5	-5		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

#### Learning with Peers: First-year students

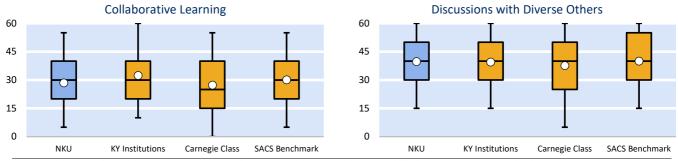
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean comparisons		Your first-year students compared wi				
	NKU	<b>KY Institutions</b>	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark		
		Effect	Effect	Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Collaborative Learning	28.5	32.3 ***27	27.3 .08	30.1 *11		
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.7	39.4 .02	37.6 ** .13	40.002		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY students and				
Collaborative Learning		KY Institutions		SACS Benchmark		
Collaborative Learning	NKU	KYINSULULIONS	Carnegie Class	Benchmark		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	44	-8	+4	-2		
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	47	-6	+2	-2		
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	37	-12	-1	-7		
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	52	-5	+5	+3		
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	70	+2	+2	-2		
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	74	+2	+6	+1		
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	73	+6	+11	+6		
8d. People with political views other than your own	66	-4	+6	-3		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Learning with Peers** 

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

#### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

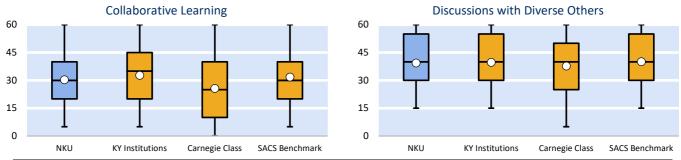
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean compansons				Your seniors com	pared with	ed with				
	NKU	KY Institutions		Carnegie Class		SACS Benchmark				
			Effect		Effect		Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size			
Collaborative Learning	30.3	32.8 *	16	25.7 ***	.27	31.8	10			
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.4	39.7	03	37.7	.10	40.1	05			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and				
				SACS		
Collaborative Learning	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	Benchmark		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	41	-6	+9	-4		
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	54	-3	+13	-1		
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	39	-10	+7	-4		
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	60	-1	+9	-2		
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	67	+1	-1	-5		
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	68	-5	-1	-5		
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	66	-2	+6	-3		
8d. People with political views other than your own	67	-4	+6	-2		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Experiences with Faculty** 

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

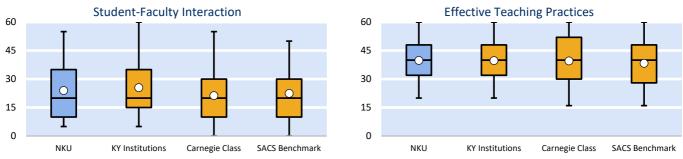
#### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year students	compared v	vith	
	NKU	KY Institutions		Carnegi	Carnegie Class		nchmark
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.9	25.5	10	21.2 ***	.18	22.4 *	.10
Effective Teaching Practices	39.8	39.7	.01	39.5	.02	38.2 *	.12

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between you	ır FY students and
Student-Faculty Interaction	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	45	-2	+7	+5
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	-4	+4	+2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	32	-3	+5	+3
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	35	-5	+4	+1
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	+3	+2	+3
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	75	-3	+1	+3
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	78	+2	+4	+5
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	69	+1	+2	+4
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	68	+4	+4	+8
	-			11.1.1 A

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**Experiences with Faculty** 

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

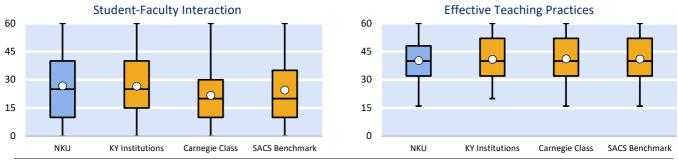
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Mean Comparisons				Your seniors com	pared with			
	NKU	KY Ins	titutions	Carnegi	e Class	SACS B	enchmark	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	26.7	26.5	.01	21.6 ***	.30	24.5	.13	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	40.8	05	41.0	06	41.0	06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage po	oint difference <sup>a</sup> between	your seniors and
Student-Faculty Interaction	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	49	+1	+9	+3
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	34	+0	+10	+5
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	36	-1	+8	+3
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	41	+3	+9	+7
Effective Teaching Practices			-	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75	-6	-6	-5
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	-1	-1	+0
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	76	-2	+2	-1
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	71	+5	+3	+2
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	67	F -0	-2	-0

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Campus Environment** 

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

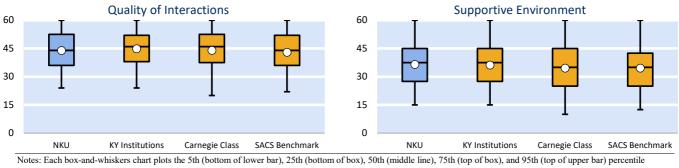
#### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studen	ts compared v	vith		
	NKU	KY Ins	titutions Effect	Carneg	gie Class Effect	SACS Be	nchmark Effect	_
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	43.9	44.8	08	44.0	01	43.0	.08	
Supportive Environment	36.5	36.2	.03	34.5 **	.14	34.5 **	.14	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

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		Percentage point	difference <sup>α</sup> between γοι	ır FY students and
				SACS
Quality of Interactions	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	Benchmark
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$ ) with	%			
13a. Students	51	-4	-3	+2
13b. Academic advisors	63	+3	+6	+7
13c. Faculty	56	+3	+0	+7
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	46	-6	-5	-2
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	48	-2	-3	+3
Supportive Environment		-	-	-
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	75	+1	+4	+7
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	74	+2	+3	+3
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	68	+6	+9	+9
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	71	+0	+4	+3
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	-5	+2	<b>-</b> 0
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	43	-4	+2	+2
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	65	-5	+5	+2
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	48	-2	+3	+3
Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significant NSSE website.	ce tests. Item nur	nbering corresponds t	to the survey facsimile av	ailable on the



**Campus Environment** 

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

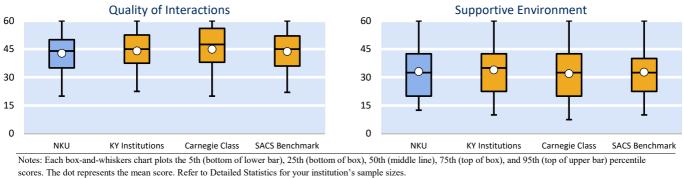
#### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors cor	mpared with			
	NKU	KY Ins	titutions	Carne	gie Class	SACS B	enchmark	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	42.8	44.1	11	45.0 *	17	43.7	08	
Supportive Environment	33.1	34.0	06	32.0	.07	32.8	.02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and						
<ul> <li>a. Students</li> <li>b. Academic advisors</li> <li>c. Faculty</li> <li>d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)</li> <li>e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)</li> <li>upportive Environment</li> <li>rcentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized.</li> <li>b. Providing support to help students succeed academically</li> <li>c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)</li> <li>d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., e. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)</li> <li>f. Providing support for your on-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)</li> <li>h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)</li> </ul>	NKU	KY Institutions	Carnegie Class	SACS Benchmark				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$ ) with	%							
13a. Students	50	-11	-11	-8				
13b. Academic advisors	60	+3	+1	+6				
13c. Faculty	54	-2	-9	-3				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	41	-5	-11	-5				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	40	-8	-14	-7				
Supportive Environment								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	70	-0	+1	+2				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	66	-2	<b>-</b> 0	+0				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	55	-2	-1	-2				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	-6	+2	-3				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	57	-6	-0	-7				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	32	-4	-5	-2				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	55	-9	+5	-1				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	39	-5	-2	-3				

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#### Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Northern Kentucky University

#### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your

students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions, and (b) is situated with the state of 100% of 112021 and 2022 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark  $(\checkmark)$  signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable<sup>b</sup> to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-yea	ar stud	ents compared with	ı	
		NKU	NSSE 1	Гор 50%		NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	39.2	39.2	.00	$\checkmark$	42.1 ***	22	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.3	36.9	.04	$\checkmark$	39.2 ***	16	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.6	39.6	.00	$\checkmark$	42.9 ***	23	
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.7	30.2	.03	$\checkmark$	33.3 ***	17	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	28.5	31.8 ***	24		35.4 ***	51	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.7	39.8	01	$\checkmark$	42.6 ***	20	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.9	24.3	03	$\checkmark$	27.8 ***	25	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.8	40.3	04	$\checkmark$	43.3 ***	26	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.9	45.1	10		48.2 ***	34	
	Supportive Environment	36.5	35.9	.04	$\checkmark$	39.1 ***	20	
Seniors				Your se	niors c	compared with		
		NKU	NSSE 1	Гор 50%		NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	41.2	41.9	05	$\checkmark$	44.2 **	23	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	40.3	40.3	.00	$\checkmark$	42.7 **	21	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.0	41.1	14		43.4 ***	31	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	32.4 **	21		35.3 ***	40	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	30.3	34.0 **	25		37.9 ***	55	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.4	40.4	06	$\checkmark$	43.2 ***	26	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	26.7	28.8	13		33.2 ***	40	
, with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	41.9	13		44.5 ***	32	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.8	45.6 **	23		48.0 ***	41	
	Supportive Environment	33.1	34.3	08	$\checkmark$	37.4 ***	30	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2021 and 2022 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

## Northern Kentucky University

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

Detailed Statistics. Thist	icai	Juu	CIICS									
-	Mea	in statisti	CS		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	mean			547	2011	5011	7501	5500	J			
Higher-Order Learning												
NKU (N = 426)	39.2	12.8	.62	20	30	40	50	60				
KY Institutions	39.2	13.1	.32	20	30	40	50	60	2,132	.0	.956	.003
Carnegie Class	38.8	13.9	.11	20	30	40	50	60	452	.4	.525	.029
SACS Benchmark	38.3	13.2	.25	20	30	40	45	60	3,150	.9	.167	.072
Тор 50%	39.2	13.3	.04	20	30	40	50	60	89,896	.0	.953	003
Top 10%	42.1	13.0	.13	20	35	40	55	60	10,316	-2.8	.000	218
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
NKU $(N = 455)$	37.3	11.7	.55	20	29	37	46	60				
KY Institutions	36.3	12.3	.29	17	29	37	43	60	2,248	1.1	.098	.087
Carnegie Class	36.6	12.5	.09	17	29	37	46	60	482	.7	.186	.059
SACS Benchmark	36.5	12.0	.22	17	29	37	43	57	3,359	.9	.155	.072
Тор 50%	36.9	12.1	.04	17	29	37	46	60	90,108	.4	.456	.035
Top 10%	39.2	11.8	.11	20	31	40	49	60	12,717	-1.9	.001	160
Learning Strategies												
NKU (N = 403)	39.6	13.7	.68	20	33	40	53	60				
KY Institutions	39.4	13.7	.34	20	27	40	53	60	2,032	.3	.733	.019
Carnegie Class	39.3	14.3	.12	20	27	40	53	60	15,391	.4	.615	.025
SACS Benchmark	38.9	13.8	.27	20	27	40	47	60	2,985	.7	.333	.052
Тор 50%	39.6	14.1	.05	20	27	40	53	60	81,951	.1	.932	.004
Top 10%	42.9	14.3	.12	20	33	40	60	60	426	-3.3	.000	232
Quantitative Reasoning												
NKU (N = 413)	30.7	15.7	.77	7	20	27	40	60				
KY Institutions	32.1	15.2	.37	7	20	33	40	60	2,061	-1.5	.080	096
Carnegie Class	29.2	16.3	.13	0	20	27	40	60	15,636	1.4	.076	.088
SACS Benchmark	30.5	15.6	.30	7	20	27	40	60	3,031	.2	.813	.013
Top 50%	30.2	15.3	.05	7	20	27	40	60	94,707	.5	.512	.032
Top 10%	33.3	15.5	.14	7	20	33	40	60	12,653	-2.6	.001	168
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
NKU $(N = 481)$	28.5	14.2	.65	5	20	30	40	55				
KY Institutions	32.3	14.5	.34	10	20	30	40	60	2,347	-3.8	.000	265
Carnegie Class	27.3	15.8	.12	0	15	25	40	55	512	1.2	.068	.076
SACS Benchmark	30.1	14.1	.25	5	20	30	40	55	3,579	-1.6	.020	114
Top 50%	31.8	13.9	.05	10	20	30	40	60	83,790	-3.4	.000	242
Top 10%	35.4	13.5	.11	15	25	35	45	60	15,710	-7.0	.000	513
Discussions with Diverse Others												
NKU (N = 410)	39.7	15.0	.74	15	30	40	50	60				
KY Institutions	39.4	15.3	.38	15	30	40	50	60	2,049	.3	.757	.017
Carnegie Class	37.6	16.2	.13	5	25	40	50	60	436	2.1	.006	.127
SACS Benchmark	40.0	15.2	.30	15	30	40	55	60	3,017	3	.693	021
Top 50%	39.8	15.1	.06	15	30	40	55	60	75,555	1	.852	009
Top 10%	42.6	14.2	.14	20	35	40	55	60	10,200	-2.9	.000	203



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

#### **Northern Kentucky University**

#### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores			Comparison results					
				-					Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
NKU (N = 435)	23.9	15.3	.73	5	10	20	35	55				
KY Institutions	25.5	15.6	.37	5	15	20	35	60	2,180	-1.6	.062	100
Carnegie Class	21.2	15.4	.12	0	10	20	30	55	17,082	2.7	.000	.177
SACS Benchmark	22.4	15.2	.29	0	10	20	30	50	3,243	1.5	.049	.102
Top 50%	24.3	15.1	.07	5	15	20	35	55	45,688	4	.576	027
Top 10%	27.8	15.3	.17	5	15	25	40	60	8,178	-3.9	.000	254
Effective Teaching Practices												
NKU (N = 427)	39.8	12.9	.62	20	32	40	48	60				
KY Institutions	39.7	13.1	.32	20	32	40	48	60	2,138	.1	.862	.009
Carnegie Class	39.5	14.0	.11	16	30	40	52	60	453	.3	.660	.020
SACS Benchmark	38.2	13.3	.25	16	28	40	48	60	3,162	1.6	.022	.119
Top 50%	40.3	13.8	.06	16	32	40	52	60	433	5	.437	035
Top 10%	43.3	13.7	.14	20	36	44	56	60	469	-3.5	.000	255
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
NKU (N = 365)	43.9	11.4	.60	24	36	44	53	60				
KY Institutions	44.8	11.0	.28	24	38	46	52	60	1,920	9	.152	083
Carnegie Class	44.0	12.2	.10	20	38	46	53	60	14,205	1	.875	008
SACS Benchmark	43.0	11.8	.24	22	36	44	52	60	2,843	.9	.161	.079
Top 50%	45.1	11.9	.05	22	38	48	54	60	50,263	-1.2	.052	102
Top 10%	48.2	12.5	.13	23	42	50	60	60	10,029	-4.3	.000	344
Supportive Environment												
NKU (N = 400)	36.5	13.5	.67	15	28	38	45	60				
KY Institutions	36.2	13.5	.34	15	28	38	45	60	2,000	.3	.645	.026
Carnegie Class	34.5	14.2	.12	10	25	35	45	60	14,917	2.0	.006	.138
SACS Benchmark	34.5	13.6	.27	13	25	35	43	60	2,923	2.0	.007	.144
Top 50%	35.9	13.6	.06	13	26	38	45	60	57,048	.6	.406	.042
Top 10%	39.1	13.3	.17	18	30	40	50	60	6,825	-2.6	.000	196

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Northern Kentucky University

#### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mea	n statisti	CS	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Comparison results				
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	Weun	30	31	501	2501	50111	7501	9501	Jieedoni	uŋj.	Sig.	3120
Higher-Order Learning												
NKU (N = 191)	41.2	12.8	.93	20	35	40	50	60				
KY Institutions	39.8	13.5	.34	20	30	40	50	60	1,780	1.4	.185	.102
Carnegie Class	41.7	13.9	.10	20	35	40	55	60	18,422	5	.604	038
SACS Benchmark	40.9	13.8	.10	20	30	40	55	60	3,264	.3	.770	.022
Top 50%	41.9	13.7	.05	20	35	40	55	60	68,448	.5 7	.463	053
Top 10%	44.2	13.1	.16	20 20	35	40	60	60	6,497	-3.1	.001	235
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	σ											
NKU (N = $201$ )	40.3	12.6	.89	17	31	40	51	60				
KY Institutions	38.5	12.6	.31	20	29	40	49	60	1,869	1.8	.056	.143
Carnegie Class	39.8	12.0	.09	20	31	40	49	60	19,458	.5	.590	.038
SACS Benchmark	39.0	12.0	.03	20 17	31	40	49	60	3,400	1.2	.189	.096
Top 50%	40.3	12.9	.23	20	31	40	49 50	60	62,120	.0	.189	.090
Top 10%	40.5	12.5	.03	20 23	34	40	50 51	60 60	6,109	.0 -2.5	.988	209
1. 									,			
Learning Strategies												
NKU (N = 182)	39.0	15.0	1.11	13	27	40	53	60				
KY Institutions	39.6	14.2	.36	20	27	40	53	60	1,713	6	.612	040
Carnegie Class	40.6	14.9	.11	13	33	40	53	60	17,489	-1.6	.161	104
SACS Benchmark	40.0	14.2	.26	20	27	40	53	60	3,143	-1.0	.372	068
Top 50%	41.1	14.6	.05	20	33	40	53	60	74,612	-2.1	.057	141
Top 10%	43.4	14.2	.13	20	33	40	60	60	12,768	-4.4	.000	311
Quantitative Reasoning												
NKU (N = 188)	29.0	15.6	1.13	0	20	27	40	60				
KY Institutions	32.1	16.4	.42	7	20	33	40	60	1,729	-3.1	.015	187
Carnegie Class	31.2	16.9	.13	0	20	33	40	60	17,705	-2.2	.083	127
SACS Benchmark	31.3	16.7	.30	0	20	33	40	60	3,171	-2.2	.075	134
Top 50%	32.4	16.5	.06	7	20	33	40	60	83,486	-3.4	.005	207
Top 10%	35.3	16.0	.16	7	20	33	47	60	9,880	-6.3	.000	395
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
NKU (N = $204$ )	30.3	16.4	1.15	5	20	30	40	60				
KY Institutions	32.8	15.5	.37	5	20	35	45	60	1,916	-2.5	.032	159
Carnegie Class	25.7	17.1	.12	0	10	25	40	60	20,159	4.6	.000	.268
SACS Benchmark	31.8	15.2	.27	5	20	30	40	60	3,486	-1.5	.177	098
Top 50%	34.0	14.6	.06	10	25	35	45	60	204	-3.7	.001	255
Top 10%	37.9	13.7	.15	15	30	40	50	60	204	-7.6	.000	549
Discussions with Diverse Others		15 4	1.1.4	15	20	40		(0)				
NKU (N = 183)	39.4	15.4	1.14	15	30	40	55	60	1 7 1 7		740	0.0-
KY Institutions	39.7	15.2	.39	15	30	40	55	60	1,715	4	.749	025
Carnegie Class	37.7	16.7	.13	5	25	40	50	60	17,504	1.6	.185	.098
SACS Benchmark	40.1	15.9	.29	15	30	40	55	60	3,163	7	.537	047
Top 50%	40.4	15.9	.06	15	30	40	55	60	74,696	-1.0	.383	065
Top 10%	43.2	15.1	.18	20	35	45	60	60	7,600	-3.9	.001	256



### Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Northern Kentucky University

#### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mean statistics				Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
		SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>	
	Mean												
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
NKU (N = 195)	26.7	17.8	1.27	0	10	25	40	60					
KY Institutions	26.5	16.3	.40	0	15	25	40	60	235	.2	.875	.013	
Carnegie Class	21.6	16.7	.12	0	10	20	30	60	198	5.0	.000	.302	
SACS Benchmark	24.5	16.7	.30	0	10	20	35	60	216	2.2	.091	.132	
Top 50%	28.8	16.2	.09	5	15	25	40	60	196	-2.1	.102	129	
Top 10%	33.2	16.1	.25	10	20	35	45	60	210	-6.6	.000	405	
Effective Teaching Practices													
NKU (N = 190)	40.1	13.7	.99	16	32	40	48	60					
KY Institutions	40.8	13.5	.34	20	32	40	52	60	1,782	6	.548	046	
Carnegie Class	41.0	14.6	.11	16	32	40	52	60	18,444	9	.394	062	
SACS Benchmark	41.0	13.9	.25	16	32	40	52	60	3,262	8	.416	061	
Top 50%	41.9	14.1	.06	16	32	40	56	60	54,416	-1.8	.080	127	
Top 10%	44.5	13.6	.15	20	36	44	56	60	8,877	-4.3	.000	318	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
NKU (N = 168)	42.8	11.3	.87	20	35	44	50	60					
KY Institutions	44.1	11.6	.31	23	38	45	53	60	1,592	-1.3	.167	113	
Carnegie Class	45.0	12.8	.10	20	38	48	56	60	172	-2.2	.014	169	
SACS Benchmark	43.7	11.9	.23	22	36	45	52	60	2,886	9	.342	075	
Top 50%	45.6	12.3	.05	22	38	48	56	60	57,800	-2.8	.003	230	
Top 10%	48.0	12.5	.10	22	40	50	60	60	17,366	-5.2	.000	414	
Supportive Environment													
NKU (N = 180)	33.1	14.3	1.07	13	20	33	43	60					
KY Institutions	34.0	14.3	.37	10	23	35	43	60	1,686	9	.435	062	
Carnegie Class	32.0	15.4	.12	8	20	33	43	60	17,010	1.1	.328	.073	
SACS Benchmark	32.8	14.1	.26	10	23	33	40	60	3,089	.3	.786	.021	
Top 50%	34.3	14.7	.06	10	23	35	45	60	53,478	-1.2	.287	080	
Top 10%	37.4	14.5	.20	13	28	38	48	60	5,496	-4.3	.000	299	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.