# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2019

# Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Financial Statements	
Northern Kentucky University Statements of Net Position	15
Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	16
Northern Kentucky University Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	17
Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Activities	18
Northern Kentucky University Statements of Cash Flows	20
Northern Kentucky University Notes to the Financial Statements	22
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	61
Schedule of University Pension Contributions	62
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	63
Schedule of University OPEB Contributions	64
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	65
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards - Independent Auditor's Report	70
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance - Independent Auditor's Report	72
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	74
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	76



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Regents Northern Kentucky University Highland Heights, Kentucky

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Northern Kentucky University (University), collectively a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit included in the financial statements of the University's reporting entity, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the University, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other post-employment benefits information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated October 4, 2019, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cincinnati, Ohio

BKD, LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio October 4, 2019

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Northern Kentucky University's (the University) Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial condition provides an overview of the financial performance of the University and its affiliated corporations for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, with selected comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2017. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes.

As a public comprehensive university located in a major metropolitan area, the University delivers innovative, student-centered education and engages in impactful scholarly and creative endeavors, all of which empower our graduates to have fulfilling careers and meaningful lives, while contributing to the economic, civic, and social vitality of the region.

### **Financial Highlights**

The University's assets increased by \$0.3 million, or 0.1 percent, for the year ended June 30, 2019 and now total \$540.0 million. Deferred outflows declined by \$27.4 million due to a decrease in pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) deferred outflows. The University's liabilities decreased by \$11.8 million, or 2.2 percent, for the year, including a \$5.5 million decline in the University's nonhazardous and hazardous net pension and OPEB liabilities which totaled \$369.9 million at June 30, 2019. Deferred inflows increased by \$1.5 million for the year. The University's net position totaled \$48.1 million and \$64.9 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University recognized noncash expenses of \$1.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, in accordance with the OPEB reporting changes under GASB 75 and noncash expenses of \$22.4 million and \$28.8 million, respectively, in accordance with the pension reporting changes under GASB 68 and GASB 71 resulting in noncash expenses totaling \$55.2 million for the two year period. Excluding the impact of the pension and OPEB reporting changes, the University's unrestricted net position would have increased by \$11.3 million and \$11.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The University's operating and nonoperating revenues totaled \$232.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2019, an increase of \$10.0 million compared to 2018. Operating revenues increased by \$9.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2019, including a \$9.9 million increase in net tuition resulting from the combined impact of an increase in enrollment, particularly in the University's expanded online programs, and tuition and fee rate increases. Nonoperating revenues grew by \$0.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 primarily due to a \$2.2 million increase in the University's state appropriations. Operating and nonoperating expenses decreased by \$3.6 million, or 1.4 percent, to a total of \$256.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to a \$8.3 million decrease in pension and OPEB expenses.

Construction of the University's new transformative Health Innovations Center was completed during the summer of 2018. In addition to the \$97 million capital appropriation the University received from the state, the University also received an \$8 million gift commitment from St. Elizabeth Healthcare to help pay for the design and construction of a virtual care facility within the Center that helps students simulate medical procedures and facilitates transdisciplinary research at the University. The Center increased the University's capacity to meet the growing demand for graduates in the health professions.

The University's state-funded endowments totaled \$13.4 million as of June 30, 2019. These funds, along with the private endowed gifts donated to benefit the University, are managed by Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). The endowment funds managed by the Foundation, including the University's endowment funds, totaled \$106.2 million at June 30, 2019. For the five-year period that ended June 30, 2019, the endowment funds managed by the Foundation have grown from \$95.1 million to \$106.2 million as a result of excellent investment returns and the receipt of several major endowment gifts. The growth in endowment funds has provided a significant increase in the funds available to support the University's mission.

### **Using the Financial Statements**

The University's financial report includes three financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the statement of cash flows. These financial statements and accompanying footnotes are prepared in accordance with GASB principles, which establish standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and require that financial statements be presented on a comprehensive, entity-wide basis to focus on the University as a whole.

The University is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The financial statements of the University include the University and its blended component unit, the Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation, Inc. (Research Foundation). Financial statements for the University's discretely presented component unit, Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc., have also been included in accordance with GASB pronouncements. Financial statements presented for the Foundation consist of the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statement of activities. The statements for Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (NKUF) are prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements.

### **Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position reflects the financial position of the University as of June 30, 2019, with comparative information as of June 30, 2018, and includes all assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, liabilities and net position. It is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged. Net position, consisting of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, is one indicator of the current financial condition of the University. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources are generally measured using current values. A major exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

A summarized comparison of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 follows:

# Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$ 125,202	\$ 118,758	\$ 109,159
Capital assets, net	381,014	388,690	369,470
Noncurrent assets	33,797	32,269	30,653
Total assets	540,013	539,717	509,282
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	43,545	70,980	44,078
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	38,375	39,765	38,395
Noncurrent liabilities	483,483	493,918	403,406
Total liabilities	521,858	533,683	441,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,622	12,104	6,045
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	278,002	280,404	253,064
Restricted			
Nonexpendable	7,616	7,616	7,616
Expendable	2,981	5,076	5,491
Unrestricted	(240,521)	(228,186)	(160,657)
Total net position	\$ 48,078	\$ 64,910	\$ 105,514

### **Assets**

The University's assets increased by \$0.3 million, or 0.1 percent, for the year ended June 30, 2019 and now total \$540.0 million. Current assets increased by \$6.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 primarily due to an increase in cash generated from operations. Noncurrent assets decreased by \$6.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 primarily due to a \$7.7 million decrease in net capital assets which was partially offset by a \$1.1 million increase in noncurrent cash and cash equivalents earmarked for construction projects and a \$0.6 increase in investments held in repair and replacement and bond reserve accounts.

Net capital assets decreased by \$7.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 and increased by \$19.2 million the prior year, resulting in a combined increase of \$11.5 million, or 3.1 percent, since June 30, 2017. This increase is the net result of an \$53.5 million increase in capitalized construction project costs, land improvements, equipment and other capital assets, less \$42.0 million in depreciation. Net capital assets totaled \$381.0 million, or 70.6 percent of total assets as of June 30, 2019.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources totaled \$43.5 million and \$71.0 million as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Deferred outflows of resources related to the University's defined benefit pension plan, including other postemployment benefits (OPEB), totaled \$40.6 million and \$67.7 million as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The deferred outflows of resources that represent the unamortized difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of refunded debt totaled \$2.9 million and \$3.3 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### Liabilities

The University's liabilities decreased by \$11.8 million, or 2.2 percent, for the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$1.4 million decrease in current liabilities resulted from a \$6.1 million decline in accounts payable related to construction projects which was partially offset by a \$3.8 million increase in unearned revenue consisting primarily of summer tuition receipts and a \$0.8 million increase in deposits held in custody. Noncurrent liabilities declined by \$10.4 million for the year as a result of a \$4.5 million decrease in long-term debt and a \$5.5 million decline in the University's net pension and OPEB liabilities. Bonds, notes and capital leases payable, net of discounts and premiums, totaled \$108.4 million and \$112.8 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the University's proportionate share of the nonhazardous and hazardous net pension and OPEB liabilities totaled \$369.9 million which represents a \$94.3 million increase since June 30, 2017. This increase is primarily due to the recognition of the University's proportionate share of the net liability related to the OPEB, primarily health insurance coverage, provided through the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS) in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension* (GASB 75). The cumulative effect of the adoption of GASB 75 resulted in a decrease of \$47.1 million in the University's unrestricted net position at July 1, 2017. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University's net liability related to the post employment health insurance coverage decreased by \$5.0 million and increased by \$12.4 million, respectively, resulting a net liability of \$54.5 million at June 30, 2019. The University's net pension liability decreased by \$0.5 million in 2019 and increased by \$40.3 million in 2018 resulting in a combined increase of \$39.8 million since June 30, 2017. The net pension liability totaled \$315.4 million at June 30, 2019.

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The University's deferred inflows of resources totaled \$13.6 million and \$12.1 million as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Deferred inflows of resources related to the University's defined benefit pension plan totaled \$12.6 million and \$10.5 million as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between the University's total of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The University's net position totaled \$48.1 million and \$64.9 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University recognized noncash expenses of \$1.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, in accordance with the OPEB reporting changes under GASB 75 and noncash expenses of \$22.4 million and \$28.8 million, respectively, in accordance with the pension reporting changes under GASB 68 and GASB 71 resulting in noncash expenses totaling \$55.2 million for the two year period. Excluding the impact of the pension and OPEB reporting changes, the University's unrestricted net position would have increased by \$11.3 million and \$11.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net invested in capital assets totaled \$278.0 million and \$280.4 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The \$24.9 million increase in net invested in capital assets since June 30, 2017 is primarily attributable to the \$41.2 million of state capital appropriations the University received in fiscal year 2018 for the construction of the Health Innovations Center. An \$8 million gift from St. Elizabeth Healthcare to help pay for the design and construction of a virtual care facility within the Center also contributed to the increase in net invested in capital assets.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or nonoperating. GASB requires state appropriations and nonexchange grants and contracts to be classified as nonoperating revenues. Accordingly, the University will generate an operating loss prior to the addition of nonoperating revenues.

This statement is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summarized comparison of the University's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 follows:

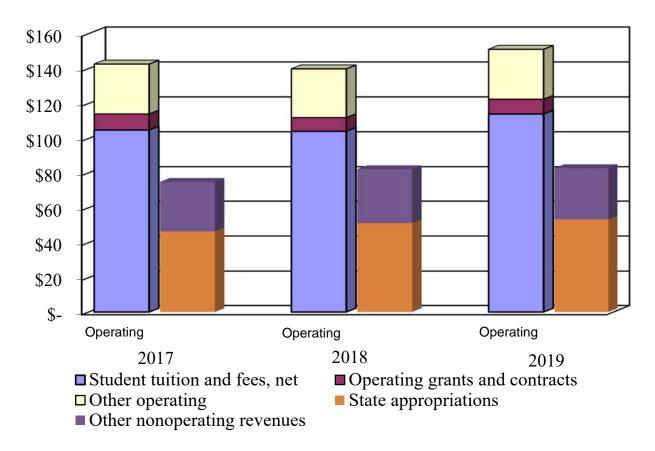
# Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017*		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 113,949	\$ 104,079	\$ 104,787		
Grants and contracts	8,484	7,818	9,197		
Sales and services of educational departments	4,286	4,745	4,969		
Auxiliary enterprises	14,746	14,951	15,697		
Other operating revenues	7,674	8,206	7,865		
Total operating revenues	149,139	139,799	142,515		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Educational and general	221,189	227,073	205,736		
Depreciation	18,231	16,521	16,892		
Auxiliary enterprises (including depreciation)	11,660	12,097	12,188		
Other expenses	70	279	62		
Total operating expenses	251,150	255,970	234,878		
Net loss from operations	(102,011)	(116,171)	(92,363)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
State appropriations	53,315	51,105	46,353		
Gifts, grants and contracts	26,436	27,313	26,161		
Investment income (loss)	3,210	2,500	2,300		
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(3,787)	(4,063)	(4,345)		
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,529)	1,432	(498)		
Net nonoperating revenues	77,645	78,287	69,971		
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses,					
gains or losses	(24,366)	(37,884)	(22,392)		
Capital appropriations	-	41,155	36,864		
Capital grants and gifts	7,534	3,189	728		
Total other revenues	7,534	44,344	37,592		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(16,832)	6,460	15,200		
Net position-beginning of year, as previously reported	64,910	105,514	90,314		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		(47,064)			
Net position-beginning of year, as restated	64,910	58,450	90,314		
Net position-end of year	\$ 48,078	\$ 64,910	\$ 105,514		

<sup>\*</sup>Management's discussion and analysis data for 2017 was not updated for the adoption of GASB 75 as actuarial data was not available for that period.

### **Operating and Nonoperating Revenues**

The following chart illustrates the University's revenues by source (both operating and nonoperating), which were used to fund its operating activities for fiscal years 2017, 2018 and 2019. Significant recurring sources of revenues, including state appropriations and nonexchange grants and contracts, are considered nonoperating revenues as defined by GASB. These revenues support operating expenses; therefore, they are included in the graph of revenues by source (presented in millions).



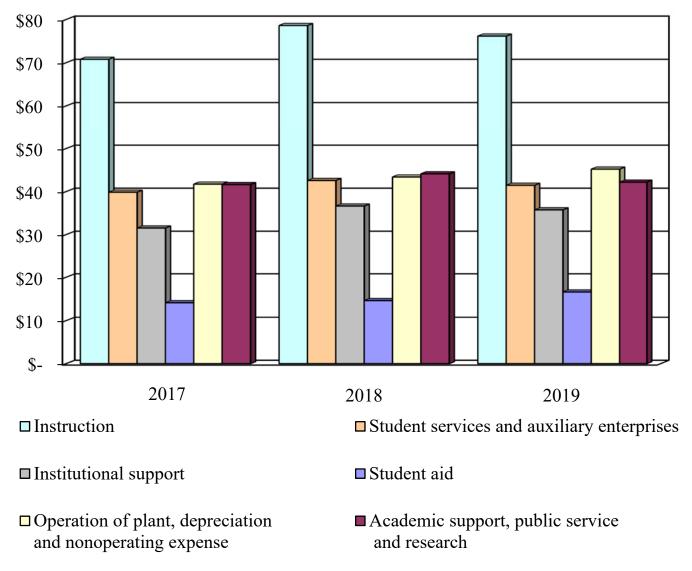
The University's operating and nonoperating revenues totaled \$232.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2019, an increase of \$10.0 million compared to 2018. Operating revenues totaled \$149.1 million, or 64.2 percent of revenues, while nonoperating revenues totaled \$83.0 million, or 35.8 percent of revenues, for the year. The most significant sources of revenue for the University are net student tuition and fees (49.1 percent) and state appropriations (23.0 percent).

Operating revenues increased by \$9.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2019, including a \$9.9 million increase in net tuition resulting from the combined impact of an increase in enrollment and tuition and fee rate increases. Nongovernmental grants and contracts increased by \$0.7 million due to an increase in operating grants received from the Northern Kentucky University Foundation. The outsourcing of the early childhood center operation resulted in a \$0.3 million decrease in child care fees which contributed to a \$0.5 million decrease in sales and services of educational departments revenues for the year. A \$0.4 million decrease in revenues generated by the University's arena contributed to a \$0.5 million decline in other operating revenues for the year.

Nonoperating revenues grew by \$0.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. The University's state appropriations increased by \$2.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. Federal nonoperating grant revenues decreased by \$1.0 million for the year due to a \$1.0 million decrease in federal financial aid Pell grant revenues. A \$1.2 million increase in investment income earned on the University's nonendowment funds was partially offset by a decrease in endowment investment earnings resulting in net increase in investment earnings of \$0.7 million for the year. For fiscal years 2019 and 2018 state appropriations increased by \$2.2 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, contributing to a \$7.7 million increase in net nonoperating revenues for the two-year period.

### **Operating and Nonoperating Expenses**

The following chart illustrates the University's expenses by function (both operating and nonoperating) for fiscal years 2017, 2018 and 2019 (presented in millions).



Operating and nonoperating expenses decreased by \$3.6 million, or 1.4 percent, to a total of \$256.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. Instruction expenses declined by \$2.5 million primarily due to a \$6.7 million decrease in nonrecurring expenses related to the acquisition of instructional equipment in 2018 for the new Health Innovations Center. This decrease was partially offset by a \$5.0 million increase in contract expenses related to the University's accelerated online courses and a \$0.6 million increase in faculty salaries. A \$0.6 increase in research expenses resulted from a \$0.6 million increase in grants related to the new Health Inovations Center. Public service expenses decreased for the year by \$1.4 million for the year resulting from a \$0.6 million operating savings realized from the closure of the University's radio station and a \$0.6 million decline in pension and OPEB expenses for the year. Libraries and academic support expenses decreased by a combined \$1.3 million as a result of a decline in pension and OPEB expenses. A \$0.7 million decrease student services expenses resulted primarily from a \$1.8 million decrease in pension and OPEB expenses which were partially offset by an increase in intercollegiate athletics expenses and grant related expenses. Institutional support expenses declined by \$1.2 million due to a \$2.0 million decrease in pension and OPEB expenses which was partially offset by a \$0.8 million increase in other expenses including an increase in marketing expenses. Operation and maintenance of plant decreased by \$1.3 million due to \$1.3 million decline in pension and OPEB expenses. An increase in depreciation expense related to the new Health Innovations Center contributed to a \$1.7 million growth in education and general depreciation expense for the year.

Tuition and fee scholarship allowances and housing scholarship allowances increased by \$1.4 million and student aid expenses increased by \$2.0 million primarily due to an increase in institutionally funded scholarships, including a \$2.8 million increase in scholarships related to the University's online programs, which have grown significantly. State funded financial aid program expenses increased by \$0.2 million while federal financial aid program expenses decreased by \$0.9 million for the year, including a \$1.0 million decline in Pell grant expenses.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, cash and noncash pension and OPEB expenses totaled \$41.0 million and \$49.3 million, respectively. This \$8.3 million decrease in pension and OPEB expenses combined with a \$3.5 million net increase in nonpension and OPEB related expenses, including increases in student aid (\$2.0 million) and depreciation (1.8 million), resulted in a \$4.8 million reduction in operating expenses for the year.

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

Another important factor to consider when evaluating financial viability is the University's ability to meet financial obligations as they become due. The statement of cash flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities. A comparative summary of the University's statements of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 follows:

### Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	2019		2018		_	2017	
Net cash provided (used) by:							
Operating activities	\$	(53,829)	\$	(64,039)		\$ (60,667)	
Noncapital financing activities		79,388		77,749		73,920	
Capital and related financing activities		(15,880)		(5,257)		(19,234)	
Investing activities		2,744		1,894		1,127	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,423		10,347		(4,854)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		115,642		105,295		110,149	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	128,065	\$	115,642		\$ 105,295	

The University's cash and cash equivalents increased by \$12.4 million in 2019. Major sources of funds generated by operating activities in 2019 included student tuition and fees (\$113.7 million), grants and contracts (\$7.9 million) and auxiliary enterprises (\$14.6 million). The largest cash payments for operating activities were for salaries and benefits (\$146.4 million), vendor payments (\$40.5 million) and student financial aid (\$15.8 million). Net cash used by operating activities decreased by \$10.2 million for the year primarily due to a \$11.0 million increase in tuition and fee receipts. A combined increase in payments for salaries and benefits (\$2.8 million) and student financial aid (\$0.7 million) was offset by a \$3.5 million decrease in vendor payments which declined due to decrease in nonrecurring payments related to the acquisition of instructional equipment in 2018 for the new Health Innovations Center.

Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities increased by \$1.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. Cash used by capital and related financing activities totaled \$15.9 million for 2019. Purchases of capital assets totaling \$22.3 million were funded by capital grants and gifts, state capital appropriations, institutional funds and proceeds from a capital lease obligation issued to fund an energy management project which will be paid through guaranteed energy savings. The University's principal and interest payments totaled \$12.0 million for the year.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$381.0 million, or 70.6 percent of total assets. Net capital assets decreased by \$7.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 and increased by \$19.2 million the prior year, resulting in a combined increase of \$11.5 million, or 3.1 percent, since June 30, 2017. This increase is the net result of an \$53.5 million increase in capitalized construction project costs, land improvements, equipment and other capital assets, less \$42.0 million in depreciation.

The \$11.5 million increase in capital assets, net of disposals, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was primarily attributable to the construction of the new state-of-the-art Health Innovations Center. The Kentucky General Assembly approved a \$97.0 million capital appropriation to the University in its 2014-16 biennial budget to fund the construction of a Health Innovations Center and to renovate Founders Hall. In addition to the capital appropriation, the University also received an \$8 million gift from St. Elizabeth Healthcare to help pay for the design and construction of a virtual care facility within the Center that helps students simulate medical procedures and facilitates transdisciplinary research at the University. The Health Innovations Center opened in summer 2018.

### **Debt**

The following is a summary of the University's outstanding capital debt summarized by trust indenture and type as of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

	2019		2018		2017					
General Receipts Bonds, net of discounts and premiums	\$	103,899	\$	111,891	\$	119,107				
Housing and Dining System Revenue Bonds		405		600		785				
Notes payable and municipal lease obligations	4,090		4,090		275		4,090 275			23
	\$	108,394	\$	112,766	\$	119,915				

Debt decreased by \$4.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 resulting from principal payments of \$7.8 million on bonds, notes and capital lease obligations, a \$0.7 million decline in net discounts and premiums and the issuance of \$4.1 million in capital lease obligations for the year. In January 2019, the University entered into a new capital lease obligation in the amount of \$4.1 million with an interest rate of 2.81%, for an energy management project. The lease will be paid with guaranteed energy savings.

The University's current bond ratings assigned by Moody's Investors Service (A1 negative) and Standard and Poors (A stable) to the University's General Receipts bonds reflect the University's solid financial position despite the continued funding challenges related to the KERS pension and OPEB plans.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS IMPACTING FUTURE PERIODS

The University recently unveiled Success by Design, a strategic framework that focuses on advancing student success aligned with the needs of the region. Success by Design is the University's roadmap to increase access, achieve higher levels of completion and advance opportunities for career and community engagement for all learners. The University's vision is to be a student-ready and regionally engaged university that empowers diverse learners for economic and social mobility.

The enacted budget for 2018-20 (House Bill 200) appropriated \$31.0 million to the Postsecondary Education Performance Fund. These funds are being distributed among institutions according to provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 164.092, which established the performance funding model that allocates funding based on student success, course completion and operational support. For fiscal year 2020, the University will receive \$4.3 million from the Performance Fund and \$48.0 million in regular appropriations, resulting in a total state appropriation of \$52.3 million.

The University's Board of Regents approved a 2.7 percent increase in undergraduate resident tuition rates for fiscal year 2020. This increase was within the tuition and fee ceiling approved for the University by the Council on Postsecondary Education.

The University's state-funded endowments totaled \$13.4 million as of June 30, 2019. These funds, along with the private endowed gifts donated to benefit the University, are managed by Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). The endowment funds managed by the Foundation, including the University's endowment funds, totaled \$106.2 million at June 30, 2019. For the five-year period that ended June 30, 2019, the endowment funds managed by the Foundation have grown from \$95.1 million to \$106.2 million as a result of excellent investment returns and the receipt of several major endowment gifts. The growth in endowment funds has provided a significant increase in the funds available to support the University's mission.

During the 2019 Special Session, the Kentucky General Assembly passed House Bill 1, which provides several options for quasi-governmental employers, including state universities, participating in the KERS. Under HB1, employers may elect to cease participation in the defined benefit plan for nonhazardous employees. The employers who cease participation are required to offer the impacted employees an alternative defined contribution retirement program. House Bill 1 also froze the University's pension and OPEB contributions rates for fiscal year 2020 at 49.5 percent.

Under House Bill 1, the University has until April 30, 2020 to choose one of the following options:

- Remain in the KERS defined-benefit plan with no changes and be subject to future contribution rate increases;
- Exit KERS, but elect to keep all Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees in the system. Tier 3 employees and all new employees would participate in the University's defined contribution plan. The University's liability for the Tier 1 and 2 employees would include the unfunded liability as of the cessation date and the estimated normal cost for future service;
- Exit KERS, freeze all KERS pension accounts and move all Tier 1, 2 and 3 employees to a University defined-contribution plan. All new employees would participate in the University's defined-contribution plan. The University's liability for the Tier 1 and 2 employees would include the unfunded liability as of the cessation date.

If the University elects to exit the system, House Bill 1 provides the University the option of paying a lump sum payment on the cessation date or paying annual installment payments, including interest, to KERS until the liability is retired.

Fortunately, as the Commonwealth and the University continue to face significant budget challenges related to funding the state pension systems, the Kentucky economy continues to perform well. According to the 2019 annual edition of Commonwealth of Kentucky Quarterly Economic & Revenue Report, Kentucky's general fund receipts rose for the ninth consecutive year in fiscal year 2019. Final 2019 general fund revenues were \$194.5 million, or 1.7 percent, more than the official revenue estimate which had projected 3.3 percent growth. The report indicates the solid underlying economic conditions will persist well into fiscal year 2020.

While high school graduation rates have remained relatively flat to down in the Kentucky, Ohio and southeast Indiana feeder counties, the University has seen an increasing trend in enrollments in students taking dual credit classes. In addition, in Spring 2018, the University partnered with a third party to launch accelerated online programs. The rapid increase in those programs helped the University to an overall increase in enrollments for Fall 2018. Enrollments in the accelerated online programs are expected to exceed 2,400 for Fall 2019 and will result in overall enrollments being up 3-4 percent.

Management is continuing its efforts to diversify revenue sources, contain costs and redirect resources to core mission priorities. The University is working with a partner to develop property at the University's main entrance. Phase 1 of the development is the construction of a medical office building, which will be occupied by St. Elizabeth Healthcare. Construction of the building is underway with occupancy expected in Spring 2020. Phase 2 of the development is expected to include an approximately 112 room extended-stay hotel, 30-40 thousand square feet of retail and restaurants, approximately 100 market-rate apartments, and professional office space. The development will also energize the entrance to the University, providing for more amenities for students and better integration with the community. There will be ground leases for both phases of the development ,which will provide a revenue stream to the University for many years into the future.

In summary, while the impact of the new pension reporting requirements on the University's unrestricted net position is significant, the University continues to show solid operating performance as measured by cash flows. The University is in the process of implementing new and enhanced strategies around enrollment, including enhanced online programs, and financial aid. These strategies are designed to increase enrollment, support students from diverse backgrounds, increase student retention rates, maintain academic quality, and increase net tuition revenue. The continued growth in funds provided through endowments, gifts, and other sources of revenues will be essential as the University strives to meet the needs of our students. The University launched a multi-year fundraising campaign in the spring of 2019 with a public goal of \$75 million.

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Statements of Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

(in thousands)

	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 110,229	\$ 98,916
Notes, loans and accounts receivable, net	11,728	17,186
Other current assets	3,245	2,656
Total current assets	125,202	118,758
Noncurrent Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	17,836	16,726
Investments	14,040	13,431
Notes, loans and accounts receivable, net	1,670	1,914
Capital assets, net	381,014	388,690
Other noncurrent assets	251	198
Total noncurrent assets	414,811	420,959
Total assets	540,013	539,717
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Bond refunding loss	2,910	3,277
Pension and OPEB	40,635	67,703
Total deferred outflows of resources	43,545	70,980
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	19,417	25,509
Unearned revenue	9,183	5,425
Long-term debt-current portion	8,416	8,247
Other long-term liabilities-current portion	1,359	584
Total current liabilities	38,375	39,765
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Deposits	11,285	11,768
Long-term debt	99,978	104,519
Other long-term liabilities	2,354	2,262
Net pension and OPEB liability	369,866	375,369
Total noncurrent liabilities	483,483	493,918
Total liabilities	521,858	533,683
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Service agreements	978	1,565
Pension and OPEB	12,644	10,539
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,622	12,104
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	278,002	280,404
Restricted		,
Nonexpendable	7,616	7,616
Expendable	2,981	5,076
Unrestricted	(240,521)	(228,186)
Total net position	\$ 48,078	\$ 64,910

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018		
ASSETS			_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,355		\$	13,796	
Loans and accounts receivable, net		191			97	
Contributions receivable, net		3,012			4,449	
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges		42			38	
Investments		108,503			108,297	
Land and land improvements		548			548	
Accumulated depreciation		(208)	_		(208)	
Total assets	\$	121,443	_	\$	127,017	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
Accounts payable	\$	405		\$	3,140	
Deferred revenue		163			215	
Funds held in trust for Northern Kentucky University		13,446	_		13,431	
Total liabilities		14,014	_		16,786	
NET ASSETS						
Without donor restrictions						
For current operations		1,596			1,344	
Amounts functioning as endowment funds		2,687			2,614	
Invested in land and land improvements		340	_		340	
Total without donor restrictions		4,623			4,298	
With donor restrictions						
Unexpended funds received for restricted purposes		9,468			12,038	
Contributions receivable		3,012			4,449	
Loan funds		214			219	
Endowment funds		90,112	_		89,227	
Total with donor restrictions		102,806	_		105,933	
Total net assets		107,429	_		110,231	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	121,443	_	\$	127,017	

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(in thousands)

	2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES		
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$44,007 in		
2019 and \$42,615 in 2018)	\$ 113,949	\$ 104,079
Federal grants and contracts	2,396	2,162
State and local grants and contracts	2,905	3,202
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	3,183	2,454
Sales and services of educational departments	4,286	4,745
Auxiliary enterprises		
Housing and food service (net of scholarship allowances of \$1,381		
in 2019 and \$1,416 in 2018)	10,931	11,006
Other auxiliaries	3,815	3,945
Other operating revenues	7,674	8,206
Total operating revenues	149,139	139,799
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Educational and general		
Instruction	76,092	78,618
Research	2,003	1,443
Public service	11,735	13,156
Libraries	5,410	6,096
Academic support	22,822	23,427
Student services	29,486	30,214
Institutional support	35,471	36,641
Operation and maintenance of plant	21,504	22,806
Depreciation	18,231	16,521
Student aid	16,666	14,672
Auxiliary enterprises		
Housing and food service	6,620	6,944
Other auxiliaries	1,378	1,605
Auxiliary depreciation	3,662	3,548
Other expenses	70	279
Total operating expenses	251,150	255,970
Net income (loss) from operations	(102,011)	(116,171)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State appropriations	53,315	51,105
Federal grants and contracts	15,202	16,207
State and local grants and contracts	11,197	11,071
Private gifts and grants	37	35
Investment income (loss)	3,210	2,500
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(3,787)	(4,063)
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,529)	1,432
Net nonoperating revenues	77,645	78,287
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses	(24,366)	(37,884)
Capital appropriations	(24,300)	41,155
Capital grants and gifts	7,534	3,189
Total other revenues	7,534	44,344
Increase (decrease) in net position	(16,832)	6,460
NUM BOCKWON		
NET POSITION  Not position beginning of year	64.010	50 150
Net position and of year	64,910	\$ 58,450
Net position-end of year	\$ 48,078	\$ 64,910

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ the\ financial\ statements$ 

# Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Without Donor Restrictions	r With Donor			Total	
REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT			<u> </u>	_		
Gifts and bequests	\$ -	\$	5,014	\$	5,014	
State grants	-		669		669	
Rental income	131		-		131	
Investment return	295		3,566		3,861	
Other revenue	117		421		538	
Total revenues and gains	543		9,670		10,213	
Net assets released from restrictions	12,675		(12,675)		_	
Total revenues, gains and other support	13,218		(3,005)		10,213	
EXPENSES AND LOSSES						
Program expenses						
Instruction	957		-		957	
Research	60		-		60	
Public service	882		-		882	
Libraries	23		-		23	
Academic support	904		-		904	
Student services	931		-		931	
Institutional support	1,141		-		1,141	
University facilities and equipment acquisition	5,296		-		5,296	
Student financial aid	1,925		-		1,925	
Other program expenses and losses		_	122		122	
Total program expenses	12,119	_	122		12,241	
Support expenses						
Management and general	476		-		476	
Fund raising support	281		-		281	
Rental property	17				17	
Total support expenses	774		_		774	
Total expenses and losses	12,893		122		13,015	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	325		(3,127)		(2,802)	
Net assets-beginning of year	4,298	_	105,933		110,231	
Net assets-end of year	\$ 4,623	\$	102,806	\$	107,429	

# Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Consolidated Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT					
Gifts and bequests	\$ 2	\$	5,098	\$	5,100
Rental income	131		_		131
Investment return	346		6,663		7,009
Other revenue	115		308		423
Total revenues and gains	594		12,069		12,663
Net assets released from restrictions	9,352	_	(9,352)		-
Total revenues, gains and other support	9,946	_	2,717		12,663
EXPENSES AND LOSSES					
Program Expenses					
Instruction	693		-		693
Research	38		-		38
Public service	175		-		175
Libraries	40		-		40
Academic support	725		-		725
Student services	524		-		524
Institutional support	1,002		-		1,002
University facilities and equipment acquisition	3,187		-		3,187
Student financial aid	2,469		-		2,469
Other program expenses and losses	-		32		32
Total program expenses	8,853		32		8,885
Support Expenses					
Management and general	428		-		428
Fund raising support	179				179
Total support expenses	607	_			607
Total expenses and losses	9,460		32		9,492
Increase in net assets	486		2,685		3,171
Net assets-beginning of year	3,812		103,248		107,060
Net assets-end of year	\$ 4,298	\$	105,933	\$	110,231

### Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Statements of Cash Flows

# For the Years Ended June 30,2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and fees	\$ 113,684	\$ 102,661
Grants and contracts	7,945	8,666
Payments to suppliers	(40,535)	(44,039)
Payments for salaries and benefits	(146,442)	(143,646)
Payments for student financial aid	(15,784)	(15,132)
Loans issued to students	(54)	(568)
Collection of loans to students	242	341
Auxiliary enterprise receipts:		
Housing operations	10,763	10,720
Other auxiliaries	3,815	3,783
Sales and service of educational departments	4,500	4,650
Other receipts (payments)	8,037	8,525
Net cash used in operating activities	(53,829)	(64,039)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations	53,315	51,105
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes	26,550	27,228
Agency and loan program receipts	92,036	78,808
Agency and loan program disbursements	(92,458)	(79,392)
Other nonoperating receipts (payments)	(55)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	79,388	77,749
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from capital debt and leases	4,088	275
Capital appropriations	4,447	43,649
Capital grants, gifts, and advances received	9,829	229
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	6,685
Purchases of capital assets	(22,270)	(44,898)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(7,803)	(6,813)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(4,171)	(4,384)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(15,880)	(5,257)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	147	253
Purchase of investments	(594)	-
Interest on investments	3,191	1,641
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,744	1,894
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	12,423	10,347
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of year	115,642	105,295
Cash and cash equivalents-end of year	\$ 128,065	\$ 115,642

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Statements of Cash Flows

# For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(in thousands)

	2019		2018		
RECONCILIATION OF NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO					
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net loss from operations	\$	(102,011)	\$	(116,171)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		21,893		20,069	
Deferred inflows of resources		1,518		6,059	
Deferred outflows of resources		27,068		(24,190)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables, net		(1,665)		1,556	
Other assets		(642)		(167)	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and deposits		920		(465)	
Unearned revenue		3,758		(239)	
Pension and OPEB		(5,503)		49,640	
Long-term liabilities		835		(131)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(53,829)	\$	(64,039)	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION					
Capital assets acquired through capital lease	\$	2,653	\$	162	
Gifts of capital assets		397		167	
Capital asset acquisitions in accounts payable		1,384		8,337	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

### Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### a. Reporting Entity

Northern Kentucky University (the University) is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (Commonwealth) and is included in the general-purpose financial statements of the Commonwealth. The financial statements of the University include the operations of the Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation (Research Foundation) which is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, the Research Foundation is reported as a blended component unit of the University and condensed financial information is provided in Note 12.

The Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The Foundation's Board of Directors is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the University. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements do not include the financial position or operating results of the Chase College Foundation, Inc. This foundation is a separately incorporated not-for-profit entity organized for the purpose of promoting the educational mission of the University's Salmon P. Chase College of Law. Although this entity benefits the University's Salmon P. Chase College of Law, it is governed by an independent Board of Directors and is not controlled by the University.

### b. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the University have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities* (GASB 35) and subsequent standards issued by GASB, the University has elected to report as an entity engaged in business-type activities (BTA). BTAs are those activities that are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. GASB 35 establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

• **Net investment in capital assets:** Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

### • Restricted:

*Nonexpendable* – Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the University.

**Expendable** – Net position whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. Expendable net position consists primarily of amounts for specified capital construction projects.

• Unrestricted: Net position whose use by the University is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Regents or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

The financial statement presentation required by GASB is intended to provide a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position and cash flows.

### c. Accrual Basis

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

### d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all readily available sources of cash such as petty cash, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and temporary investments in marketable debt securities with original maturities less than three months. Funds held by the Commonwealth of Kentucky are also considered cash equivalents.

### e. Notes, Loans and Accounts Receivable

This classification consists of tuition and fee charges to students, charges for auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff, loans to students and amounts due from sponsors for reimbursement of expenses made pursuant to contracts and grants. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

### f. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or, in the case of gifts, at fair market value at date of gift. Equipment with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more and having an estimated useful life of greater than one year is capitalized. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. The University capitalizes interest costs as a component of construction in progress based on the interest cost of borrowing specifically for the project, net of interest earned on investments acquired with the proceeds of the borrowing. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense is incurred.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, generally 40 years for land improvements, 10-40 years for buildings and fixed equipment, 10 years for library books and 3-10 years for equipment. The University capitalizes, but does not depreciate, works of art and historical treasures that are held for exhibition, education, research and public service.

### g. Compensated absences

University policies permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Sick leave benefits are recognized as expense when the time off occurs and no liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized except for employees currently eligible to retire from the Kentucky Employers Retirement System (KERS). A liability is accrued equal to the estimated amount to be paid to KERS for sick leave converted to time worked at retirement. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay rates in effect at the statement of net position date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

### h. Investments

Investments in equity and debt securities are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices. Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Investment income consists of interest and dividend income, realized gains and losses and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

### i. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition and other student fees prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenue also includes amounts received from grants and contracts sponsors that have not yet been earned.

### i. Deposits

Noncurrent deposits consist primarily of deposits held in a wetland restoration fund pursuant to a memorandum of agreement with a federal agency.

### k. Cost-Sharing Defined-Benefit Pension Plan

The University participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Kentucky Retirement Systems, (KRS). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### l. Cost-Sharing Defined-Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

The University participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit other postemployment benefit plan, KRS, (the OPEB Plan). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plan and additions to/deduction from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### m. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a loss in net position by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the statement of net position, but are not recognized in the financial statements as expense until in the related period. Deferred outflows of resources include \$2,910,000 and \$3,277,000 of losses on bond refunding for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The remaining balance of deferred outflows for years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consists of the KERS pension and OPEB related unamortized balances.

A deferred inflow of resources is a gain in net position by the University that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the statement of net position but are not recognized in the financial statements as revenue until in the related period. The agreement between the University and the University's food service providers resulted in a deferred inflow of resources of \$978,000 and \$1,565,000 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The deferred inflows of resources related to this agreement are recognized evenly over the life of the contract. The remaining deferred inflows of resources for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consist of the KERS pension and OPEB related unamortized balances.

See Notes 7 and 8 for details of pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

### n. Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues and other student related revenues are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Scholarship allowances are the differences between the stated charge for services provided by the University, and the amounts that are paid by the students or third parties making payments on a student's behalf. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees, and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship allowance.

### o. Income Taxes

The University is an agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth, pursuant to Kentucky Revised Statutes sections 164.290 through 164.475. Accordingly, the University is generally exempt from federal income taxes as an organization described in Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The Research Foundation has received a determination from the Internal Revenue Service granting exemption from federal income taxation pursuant to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3).

# p. Restricted Asset Spending Policy

The University's policy states that restrictions on assets cannot be fulfilled by the expenditure of unrestricted funds for similar purposes. The determination on whether restricted or unrestricted funds are expended for a particular purpose is made on a case-by-case basis. Restricted funds remain restricted until spent for the intended purpose.

### q. Operating Activities

The University defines operating activities, as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, as those that generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing goods and services and payments made for services and goods received. Nearly all of the University's expenses are from exchange transactions. Certain significant revenues relied upon for operations, such as state appropriations, gifts, and investment income, are recorded as nonoperating revenues, in accordance with GASB 35. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance and related GASB implementation guidance, Pell Grants, College Access Program (CAP) Grants and Kentucky Educational Excellence Scholarship (KEES) are considered nonexchange transactions and are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the accompanying financial statements.

### r. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### s. Component Unit Disclosure

The accompanying financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. at Lucas Administrative Center Room 820, Nunn Drive, Highland Heights, KY 41099.

### t. Related Party Transactions

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation made payments on behalf of the University of \$327,000 and \$320,000, respectively, for salaries, benefits and other administrative costs for University staff that directly support the Foundation's operations. These payments are made by agreement between the Foundation and University. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately \$4,000 and \$5,000 was owed to the University for such costs, respectively.

In support of University programs for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation incurred program expenses of \$12,175,000 and \$8,885,000, respectively, which consisted of payments on behalf of the University of \$4,570,000 and \$4,128,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, the Foundation transferred \$7,605,000 and \$4,757,000 to the University for restricted purposes in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### u. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB approved Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The University is currently evaluating the effects of this statement on its financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB approved Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the end of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The University is currently evaluating the effects of this statement on its financial statements.

### v. Reclassifications

Certain items have been reclassified for the year ended June 30, 2018 in order to conform to classifications used for the year ended June 30, 2019. These reclassifications had no effect on total net position or the change in net position.

### Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2019, petty cash funds totaled \$57,000 and the carrying amount of the deposits was \$128,008,000 with a corresponding total bank balance of \$131,253,000. Of the bank balance, \$29,549,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank, or bank's agents, in the University's name and \$101,704,000 was held and invested by the Commonwealth. These deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Commonwealth in the Commonwealth's name.

### **Investments**

The investments which the University may purchase are limited by the Commonwealth's law and the University's bond resolutions to the following (1) securities or obligations which are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or agencies of the U.S. Government as to principal and interest; (2) certificates of deposit or time deposits of banks, trust companies or national banking associations which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and (3) mutual funds investing solely in U.S. securities.

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits or collateral securities may not be returned to it. The University currently uses commercial banks and the Commonwealth as its depositories. Deposits with commercial banks are substantially covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the bank in the University's name. At the Commonwealth, the University's accounts are pooled with other agencies of the Commonwealth. These Commonwealth-pooled deposits are substantially covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Commonwealth in the Commonwealth's name. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The following schedule reports the fair values of the University's investments at June 30, 3019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	 2019	 2018
Treasury bills	\$ 594,000	\$ -
Restricted assets held by the Foundation	 13,446,000	 13,431,000
Total Investments	\$ 14,040,000	\$ 13,431,000
•	\$ - , - ,	\$ 

2010

2010

University investments held by the Foundation represent the University's Regional University Excellence Trust Fund endowments which are invested in an investment pool managed by the Foundation. See Note 13 (c) for the required GASB fair value disclosures for the University's investments that are included in the Foundation's investment pool. University assets in the Foundation investment pool at June 30, 2019 and 2018 are invested as follows:

	2019	2018
Type of Investment:		
Fixed income funds	15%	14%
Domestic equity funds	35%	33%
International equity funds	14%	13%
Emerging markets	9%	9%
Private equity	6%	5%
Natural resources	13%	13%
Other	8%	13%
<b>Total Investments</b>	100%	100%

*Interest Rate Risk*: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As stated in the University's investment policy, the bond resolution governs the investment of bond reserves. The bond resolution limits the investment maturities by the lesser of the remaining life of the bond issue or ten years. Certificates of deposit can have a maturity of not more than two years from the date of issue.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy requires investments to be in compliance with state statute. University investments that are managed by the Foundation are governed by the Foundation's investment policy. This policy contains several provisions which are intended to limit credit risk, including a requirement that fixed income portfolios maintain a weighted average credit rating of at least AA (Standard and Poor's) and have no more than 10 percent of the portfolio in below investment grade bonds.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The University debt service reserves are invested by the bond trustees in accordance with the governing bond resolutions. There are no specific limits on the maximum amount of investment securities held in bond debt service reserve funds that may be invested in one issuer. However, such investments are limited to interest bearing direct obligations of the U.S. government or obligations fully guaranteed by the U.S. government.

*Foreign Currency Risk:* This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The University had no investments denominated in foreign currency at June 30, 2019 or June 30, 2018.

### Note 3 – Notes, Loans and Accounts Receivable

Notes, loans and accounts receivable as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

				2019		
		Gross	4.11		<b>N.</b> 1. T	
	Rec	ceivable	All	lowance	Net Receivable	
Student loans	\$	1,317	\$	(486)	\$	831
Student accounts receivable		13,012		(4,439)		8,573
Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts		1,244		-		1,244
NKU Foundation receivable		245		-		245
Other		3,388		(883)		2,505
Total	\$	19,206	\$	(5,808)	\$	13,398
Current portion					\$	11,728
Noncurrent portion						1,670
Total					\$	13,398

				2018		
	Gross Receivable					
			Allowance		Net I	Receivable
Student loans	\$	1,478	\$	(488)	\$	990
Student accounts receivable		12,339		(4,768)		7,571
Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts		738		-		738
Capital appropriations receivable		4,447		-		4,447
NKU Foundation receivable		3,058		-		3,058
Other		3,536		(1,240)		2,296
Total	\$	25,596	\$	(6,496)	\$	19,100
Current portion					\$	17,186
Noncurrent portion						1,914
Total					\$	19,100

# Note 4 – Capital Assets, net

Capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

Capital assets for the years ende		,							
	В	ly 1, 2018 eginning Balance	A(	Additions Reductions			June 30, 2019 Ending Balance		
Cost:									
Land	\$	9,629	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,629	
Land improvements		42,082		1,542		934		42,690	
Buildings		531,166		10,073		2,708		538,531	
Equipment		77,662		2,770		2,147		78,285	
Library books		15,001		208		1,657		13,552	
Construction in process		4,096		1,215				5,311	
		679,636		15,808		7,446		687,998	
Accumulated Depreciation:									
Land improvements		10,045		1,183		282		10,946	
Buildings		204,513		16,100		1,835		218,778	
Equipment		63,627		4,108		2,082		65,653	
Library books		12,761		502		1,656		11,607	
		290,946		21,893		5,855	'	306,984	
Capital assets, net	\$	388,690	\$	(6,085)	\$	1,591	\$	381,014	
				(1)111)		,			
	В	ly 1, 2017 eginning Balance		dditions	Rec	ductions	Ju	ne 30, 2018 Ending Balance	
Cost:	В	eginning			Rec		Ju		
Cost: Indefinite life intangible assets	В	eginning					Ju \$	Ending	
	B	eginning Balance	Ac		-	ductions		Ending	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land	B	eginning Balance 4,206	Ac	lditions -	-	ductions 4,206		Ending Balance	
Indefinite life intangible assets	B	4,206 9,607	Ac	dditions - 316	-	4,206 294		Ending Balance	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements	B	4,206 9,607 37,964	Ac	316 5,756	-	4,206 294 1,638		Ending Balance - 9,629 42,082	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment	B	eginning Balance 4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166	Ac	316 5,756 80,512	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512		Finding Balance - 9,629 42,082 531,166	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058		Finding Balance  - 9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment	B	eginning Balance 4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962		Ending Balance - 9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545		Finding Balance  - 9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001 4,096	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books Construction in process	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545		Finding Balance  - 9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001 4,096	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books Construction in process  Accumulated Depreciation:	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764 644,255	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877 96,596	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545 61,215		Fnding Balance  - 9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001 4,096 679,636	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books Construction in process  Accumulated Depreciation: Land improvements	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764 644,255	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877 96,596	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545 61,215		Finding Balance  9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001 4,096 679,636	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books Construction in process  Accumulated Depreciation: Land improvements Buildings	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764 644,255	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877 96,596	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545 61,215		Finding Balance  9,629 42,082 531,166 77,662 15,001 4,096 679,636  10,045 204,513	
Indefinite life intangible assets Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Library books Construction in process  Accumulated Depreciation: Land improvements Buildings Equipment	B	4,206 9,607 37,964 452,166 69,760 16,788 53,764 644,255 9,192 190,538 60,809	Ac	316 5,756 80,512 8,864 271 877 96,596 1,076 14,751 3,669	-	4,206 294 1,638 1,512 962 2,058 50,545 61,215 223 776 851		Finding Balance	

The estimated cost to complete construction under contract at June 30, 2019 was approximately \$2,752,000.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the net book value of capital assets acquired through capital leases included in the above schedules totaled \$2,653,000 and \$162,000 respectively.

In 2018, the University discontinued operations of three radio stations that were being subsidized by the University and redirected the resources to core mission priorities. In August and September of 2017, the radio stations, WNKU, WNKE and WNKN, were sold. The sales resulted in a gain of \$1,659,000, which is included on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as other nonoperating revenue.

# Note 5 – Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

	2	2019	2	2018
Payable to vendors and contractors	\$	8,820	\$	14,791
Accrued expenses, primarily payroll and vacation leave	ation leave 5,986			6,089
Employee withholdings and deposits payable to third parties		3,258		3,246
Self-insured health liability		1,353		1,383
Total	\$ 19,417		\$	25,509

### Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Balance					_	Balance		Current		Noncurrent	
	<b>July 1, 2018</b>		Additions Reductions		June 30, 2019		<b>Portion</b>		Portion			
Housing and Dining Revenue Bonds	\$	600	\$	-	\$ 195	\$	405	\$	200	\$	205	
General Receipts Bonds (net of												
discounts and premiums)		111,891			7,992		103,899		7,870		96,029	
Total bonds		112,491		-	8,187		104,304		8,070		96,234	
Notes and leases payable		275		4,088	273		4,090		346		3,744	
Total debt		112,766		4,088	8,460		108,394		8,416		99,978	
Deferred compensation		145		-	33		112		39		73	
Federal portion of loan programs		1,071		14	2		1,083		-		1,083	
Unearned revenue		5,473		9,558	5,473		9,558		9,183		375	
KERS-sick leave		763		144	187		720		72		648	
Other		525		-	175		350		175		175	
Total other long-term liabilities		7,977		9,716	5,870		11,823		9,469		2,354	
Deposits		12,062		2,644	2,348		12,358		1,073		11,285	
Net pension and OPEB liability		375,369		108	5,611		369,866				369,866	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	508,174	\$	16,556	\$ 22,289	\$	502,441	\$	18,958	\$	483,483	

	Balance July 1, 2017	<del></del>		Balance June 30, 2018	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	
Housing and Dining Revenue Bonds	\$ 785	\$ -	\$ 185	\$ 600	\$ 195	\$ 405	
General Receipts Bonds (net of							
discounts and premiums)	119,107	-	7,216	111,891	7,992	103,899	
Total bonds	119,892	-	7,401	112,491	8,187	104,304	
Notes and leases payable	23	275	23	275	60	215	
Total debt	119,915	275	7,424	112,766	8,247	104,519	
Deferred compensation	227	-	82	145	39	106	
Federal portion of loan programs	1,558	-	487	1,071	-	1,071	
Unearned revenue	5,712	5,462	5,701	5,473	5,425	48	
KERS-sick leave	674	220	131	763	76	687	
Other	700	-	175	525	175	350	
Total other long-term liabilities	8,871	5,682	6,576	7,977	5,715	2,262	
Deposits	12,798	1,483	2,219	12,062	294	11,768	
Net pension and OPEB liability*	275,585	99,784		375,369		375,369	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 417,169	\$ 107,224	\$ 16,219	\$ 508,174	\$ 14,256	\$ 493,918	

<sup>\*</sup>The additions column includes the cumulative effect from adoption of GASB 75.

#### a. Bonds

The gross revenues of the Housing and Dining system operations are pledged for the retirement of the Housing and Dining System Revenue Bonds. The \$209,000 reserve requirement for the Housing and Dining issue was fully funded as of June 30, 2019. The \$348,000 required housing repair and replacement fund was fully funded as of June 30, 2019.

The outstanding obligation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 for the Northern Kentucky University General Receipts Bonds are reported net of discounts totaling \$0 and \$9,000 and premiums of \$6,854,000 and \$7,520,000, respectively. General Receipts Bonds are collateralized by the operating and nonoperating income of the University excluding income which as a condition of the receipt is not available for payment of debt service charges.

On August 25, 2016, Northern Kentucky University General Receipts Bonds were issued in the amount of \$15,225,000 and a net interest cost of 2.02 percent. The proceeds partially refunded the General Receipts Bonds, 2008 Series A maturing on or after September 1, 2019. The refunding reduced the University's total debt service payments over the term by \$1,818,000, representing an economic gain of \$1,600,000. Economic gain is determined by calculating the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt. As of June 30, 2018, a balance of \$15,794,000 was being held in escrow by the trustee to fund the debt service on the refunded portion of the 2008 Series A until the bonds were called for redemption on September 1, 2018.

The total bonds payable as of June 30 are as follows (in thousands):

	2(	019	2018		
Housing and Dining System Revenue bonds payable Series B, dated November 1, 1980, with an interest rate of 3.00%. Final principal payment date November 1, 2020.	\$	405	\$	600	
Total Housing and Dining System Revenue bonds payable	<u> </u>	405	Ф	600	
General Receipts bonds payable Series A 2007, dated May 23, 2007, with an interest rate of 4.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2018.		-		2,395	
Series A 2008, dated June 18, 2008, with interest rates from 3.00% to 4.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2018.		-		995	
Series A 2010, dated June 29, 2010, with interest rates from 2.00% to 3.50%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2020.		490		935	
Series B 2010, dated October 21, 2010, with interest rates from 2.00% to 3.75%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2027.		7,635		8,350	
Series A 2011, dated August 4, 2011, with interest rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2030.		6,750		7,200	
Series A 2013, dated February 26, 2013, with an interest rate of 2.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2022.		2,120		2,620	
Series A 2014, dated January 7, 2014, with interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2033.		39,385		41,120	
Series A 2016, dated May 17, 2016, with interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2027.		25,640		25,640	
Series A 2016, dated August 25, 2016, with interest rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. Final principal payment date September 1, 2028.  Total General Receipts bonds payable		15,025 97,045		15,125 104,380	
Plus: Net discounts and premiums		6,854		7,511	
Total bonds payable	\$	104,304	\$	112,491	

Principal maturities and interest on bonds for the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods are as follows (in thousands):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2020	\$	7,405	\$	3,842	\$	11,247
2021		7,690		3,555		11,245
2022		7,530		3,258		10,788
2023		7,890		2,948		10,838
2024		7,675		2,612		10,287
2025-2029		41,545		7,814		49,359
2030-2031		17,715		2,071		19,786
Subtotal		97,450		26,100		123,550
Plus: Net discounts and premiums		6,854				6,854
Total	\$	104,304	\$	26,100	\$	130,404

### b. Leases

In January 2019, the University entered into a new capital lease obligation in the amount of \$4,088,000 with an interest rate of 2.81 percent, for an energy management project. The lease will be paid with guaranteed energy savings.

In May 2018, the University entered into a new capital lease obligation through a third party financial institution, in the amount of \$275,000, with an interest rate of 4.43 percent. This obligation was used to fund computer equipment.

Lease obligations as of June 30 are as follows (in thousands):

	2	2019	2	018
Capital lease payable				
Capital equipment lease, dated May 1, 2018, with an interest rate of 4.43%.				
Final principal payment date May 1, 2023.	\$	165	\$	275
Energy management lease, dated January 24, 2019, with an interest rate of				
2.81%. Final principal payment date November 24, 2030.		3,925		-
Total capital lease payable	\$	4,090	\$	275

Future minimum lease payments for the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods are as follows (in thousands):

		Present Value of Future Minimum Interest				
Fiscal Year	Lease Payments		Po	rtion		<b>Fotal</b>
2020	\$	346	\$	116	\$	462
2021		357		105		462
2022		368		93		461
2023		319		83		402
2024		328		74		402
2025-2029		1,786		223		2,009
2030-2034		586		17		603
Total	\$	4,090	\$	711	\$	4,801

### **Note 7 – Pension Plans and Accrued Compensated Absences**

Employees of the University are covered by one of the following plans:

### a. Defined Contribution Plan

A Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA CREF) sponsored plan, adopted by the Board of Regents in July 1970, is available upon completion of ninety days of service, to all regular full-time members of the faculty, administrative officers and others who have educational related duties. The TIAA CREF retirement plan is a defined-contribution, money purchase retirement plan. The employees contribute 5 percent of their base salary to the plan, and the University contributes 10 percent. All payments are vested immediately and the contracts with the providers are owned by the individual employees. The employee is entitled to various payment options upon retirement. Benefit payments at retirement depend on the total contributions with interest deposited into the employee's account. Retirement benefits can begin upon retirement or termination of employment with the University. Covered payroll totaled \$47,022,000 and \$47,000,000 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The University's contribution totaled \$4,702,000 and \$4,700,000 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### b. Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description - All regular employees not participating in the above plan are required to participate in either the Nonhazardous or Hazardous cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, both of which are under the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), that is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). The defined benefit plans provide for retirement, disability and death benefits. Participants have a fully vested interest after the completion of 60 months of service, 12 of which are current service. KERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-6124 or by calling (502) 696-8800.

Pension Benefits Provided -

	<b>Tier 1</b> Participation Prior to 9/1/2008	Participation 9/1/2008 through 12/31/2013	<b>Tier 3</b> Participation on or after 1/1/2014		
Nonhazardous					
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Benefit Factor X Years of Service		Cash Balance Plan		
Final Compensation:	Average of the highest 5 fiscal years (must contain at least 48 months). Includes lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement).	5 complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement; each year must contain 12 months. Lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement) are not to be included in creditable compensation.	No Final Compensation		
Benefit Factor:	1.97%, or 2.0% for those retiring with service for all months between 1/1998 and 1/1999.	10 years or less = 1.10%. Greater than 10 years, but no more than 20 years = 1.30%. Greater than 20 years, but no more than 26 years = 1.50%. Greater than 26 years, but no more than 30 years = 1.75%. Additional years above 30 = 2.00% (2.00% benefit factor only applies to service earned in excess of 30 years).	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.		
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	No COLA unless authorized by regardless of Tier.	y the Legislature with specific criteria. T	his impacts all retirees		
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 27 years of service. Age 65 with 48 months of service. Money purchase for age 65 with less than 48 months based on contributions and interest.	Rule of 87: Member must be at least age 57 and age plus earned service must equal 87 years at retirement to retire under this provision. Age 65 with 5 years of earned service. No money purchase calculations.			
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 55 with 5 years of service.	Age 60 with 10 years of service. Excludes purchased service (exception: refunds, omitted, free military).	No reduced retirement benefit.		

	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	
	Participation Prior to	Participation	Participation on or after	
	9/1/2008	9/1/2008 through 12/31/2013	1/1/2014	
	H	azardous		
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Benefit Factor X Years of Service		Cash Balance Plan	
Final Compensation:	Highest 3 fiscal years (must contain at least 24 months). Includes lumpsum compensation payments (before and at retirement).	3 highest salaries; each year must contain 12 months. Lumpsum compensation payments (before and at retirement) are not to be included in creditable compensation.	No Final Compensation	
Benefit Factor:	2.49%	10 years or less = 1.30%. Greater than 10 years, but no more than 20 years = 1.50%. Greater than 20 years, but no more than 25 years = 2.25%. Greater than 25 years = 2.50%.	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.	
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	No COLA unless authorized by the Legislature with specific criteria. This impacts all retirees regardless of Tier.			
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 20 years of service. Age 55 with 60 months of service.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service.	
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Age 50 with 15 years of service.	Age 50 with 15 years of service.	No reduced retirement benefit	

Contributions- Benefit and contribution rates are established by state statute. Per Kentucky Revised Statute 61.565 contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating organizations are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, University employees were required to contribute 5 percent of their annual covered salary for retirement benefits. The University's required contribution percentage rates per covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018	
Nonhazardous pension plan	41.06%	41.06%	
Hazardous pension plan	34.39%	21.44%	

The required contribution is actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The University's total required contribution to the KERS nonhazardous pension plan for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$14,162,000 and \$14,596,000, respectively. The required contribution to the KERS hazardous pension plan for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$256,000 and \$180,000, respectively.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - At June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the University reported a liability of \$313,460,000 and \$314,022,000, for its proportionate share of the nonhazardous net pension liability. The University's hazardous pension liability was \$1,952,000 and \$1,844,000 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the University's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University's proportion was 2.304 percent and 2.345 percent for nonhazardous and .386 percent and .371 percent for hazardous, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University recognized nonhazardous pension expense of \$36,422,000 and \$43,243,000; and hazardous pension expense of \$356,000 and \$308,000, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Nonhazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,233	\$	877
Change of assumptions		13,999		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		299		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		5,689
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		14,162		-
Hazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience		100		-
Change of assumptions		177		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		(24)		-
Change in proportionate share				
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		45		40
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		256		-
Total	\$	31,247	\$	6,606

At June 30, 2018, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Nonhazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	56	\$	2,022
Change of assumptions		39,841		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		1,519		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		7,041
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		14,596		-
Hazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience		70		-
Change of assumptions		339		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		20		-
Change in proportionate share				
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		7		109
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		180		-
Total	\$	56,628	\$	9,172

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University reported \$14,418,000 and \$14,776,000, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	
2020	\$ 11,091
2021	(13)
2022	(650)
2023	(205)
	\$ 10,223

*Pension Actuarial assumptions* – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement for nonhazardous and hazardous pensions.

	Nonhazardous	Hazardous
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05%, average, including inflation	3.05%, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	5.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	6.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (setback one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (setback four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the System. The most recent actuarial experience study was for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The KRS Board of Trustees plans to have the next experience study conducted using the plan's experience for the five-year period ended June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions that result from that experience study will be first used to prepare the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### Nonhazardous

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US equity		
US large cap	8.50%	4.50%
US mid cap	5.00%	4.50%
US small cap	4.00%	5.50%
Non US equity		
International developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global bonds	10.00%	3.00%
Credit fixed		
Global IG credit	10.00%	3.75%
High yield	3.00%	5.50%
Emerging market debt	4.00%	6.00%
Private equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real estate	5.00%	7.00%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.00%
Real return	10.00%	5.00%
Cash	3.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

#### Hazardous

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US equity		
US large cap	5.00%	4.50%
US mid cap	6.00%	4.50%
US small cap	6.50%	5.50%
Non US equity		
International developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Credit fixed		
Global IG credit	2.00%	3.75%
High yield	7.00%	5.50%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid private	10.00%	8.50%
Private equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.00%
Real return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

Pension Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.25 percent for the nonhazardous plan, and 6.25 percent for the hazardous plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 year (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. As the assets are deemed sufficient to pay future benefits, the discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.25 percent for the nonhazardous and 6.25 percent for hazardous. The following presents the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current rate (in thousands):

	 Decrease 4.25%)	 ent Discount te (5.25%)	Increase 6.25%)
Nonhazardous Proportionate share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 357,102	\$ 313,460	\$ 277,111
	 Decrease 5.25%)	 ent Discount te (6.25%)	 Increase (7.25%)
Hazardous Proportionate share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,498	\$ 1,952	\$ 1,499

*Payable to the pension plan* - The University reported payables of \$1,331,000 and \$1,637,000 for the outstanding amount of employer contributions to the pension plan required for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Effective July 1, 2010, KRS 61.546 states "the value of any accumulated sick leave that is added to the member's service credit in the KERS on or after July 1, 2010, shall be paid to the retirement system by the last participating KERS employer based upon a formula adapted by the Board." The KERS sick leave liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$720,000 and \$763,000, respectively.

#### c. Compensated Absences

University employees begin to accumulate annual vacation allowance from the initial date of employment; however, no vacation is granted until three months of continuous employment have been completed. The maximum accumulation of vacation leave is limited to the number of days that can be accumulated in twelve months, based upon length of service and employment classification. Eligible employees are paid their accumulated vacation upon termination, subject to certain limitations. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University had recognized an accrued vacation liability of \$3,111,000 and \$3,020,000, respectively.

#### **Note 8 – Other Post-Employment Benefits**

#### a. Defined-Benefit Plan

Plan Description - The University contributes to the KRS Insurance Fund, a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit other post-employment plan (the OPEB plan), which was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS. The OPEB plan pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. The OPEB plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of the KRS. Benefit provisions are contained in the plan document and were established and can be amended by action of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Legislature. KERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-6124 or by calling (502) 696-8800.

Benefits Provided -

	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
	Participation Prior to	Participation	Participation on or after
	7/1/2003	7/1/2003 through 8/31/2008	9/1/2008
	Nonha	azardous	
OPEB eligibility:	Recipient of a retirement allowance	Recipient of a retirement allowance, with at least 120 months of service at retirement	Recipient of a retirement allowance, with at least 180 months of service at retirement
OPEB benefit:	Allowance for medical insurance coverage based on years and type of service. Less than 4 years = 0%. At least 4 years, but less than 10 = 25%. At least 10 years, but less than 15 = 50%. At least 15 years, but less than 20 = 75%. 20 or more years = 100%.	Monthly contribution of \$10 fo	or each year of eamed service.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	N/A	Monthly contribution is increa	used by 1.5% each July 1.

	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
	Participation Prior to	Participation	Participation on or after
	7/1/2003	7/1/2003 through 8/31/2008	9/1/2008
	Haz	ardous	
OPEB eligibility:	Recipient of a retirement allowance	Recipient of a retirement allowance, with at least 120 months of service at retirement	Recipient of a retirement allowance, with at least 180 months of service at retirement
OPEB benefit:	Allowance for medical insurance coverage based on years and type of service. Less than 4 years = 0%. At least 4 years, but less than 10 = 25%. At least 10 years, but less than 15 = 50%. At least 15 years, but less than 20 = 75%. 20 or more years = 100%.	Monthly contribution of \$15 for	or each year of eamed service.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	N/A	Monthly contribution is increa	used by 1.5% each July 1.

Contributions- Benefit and contribution rates are established by state statute. Per Kentucky Revised Statute 61.565 contribution requirements of the participating organizations are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. Employees with a participation date after 9/1/2008 were required to contribute 1 percent of their covered salary for retiree healthcare benefits. The University's required contribution percentage rates per covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
Nonhazardous OPEB plan	8.41%	8.41%
Hazardous OPEB plan	2.46%	2.26%

The required contributions to the KERS nonhazardous OPEB plan for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$2,901,000 and \$2,989,000, respectively. The required contributions to the KERS hazardous OPEB plan for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$18,000 and \$19,000, respectively.

OPEB assets and liabilities, OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB - At June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the University reported a liability of \$54,583,000 and \$59,481,000 for its proportionate share of the nonhazardous net OPEB liability. The University's hazardous net OPEB asset was \$128,216 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The University's hazardous net OPEB liability was \$22,000 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability and net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The University's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the University's actual contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers for the measurement period. At June 30, 2019 and 2019, respectively, the University's proportion was 2.302 and 2.345 percent for nonhazardous and 0.387 and 0.371 percent for hazardous.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the University recognized nonhazardous OPEB expense of \$4,182,000 and \$5,690,000 and hazardous OPEB expense of \$46,000 and \$49,000.

At June 30, 2019, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Nonhazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,564
Change of assumptions		5,738		206
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		800
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		1,246
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,395		-
Hazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		104
Change of assumptions		235		2
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		102
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		14
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20		-
Total	\$	9,388	\$	6,038

The OPEB contribution amounts include an implicit subsidy of \$495,000 for nonhazardous and \$1,000 for hazardous for the year ended June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2018, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Nonhazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	74
Change of assumptions		7,788		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		770
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		437
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,989		-
Hazardous				
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		3
Change of assumptions		279		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		80
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		-		3
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19		-
Total	\$	11,075	\$	1,367

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the University reported \$3,415,000 and \$3,008,000 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the following year. This amount includes the implicit subsidy amount of \$496,000. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019, related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30		
2020	\$	358
2021		357
2022		357
2023	(	1,124)
2024		(6)
Thereafter		(7)
	\$	(65)

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement for nonhazardous and hazardous OPEB.

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.05%, average, including inflation

Payroll growth rate 0.00%

Health care cost trend rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 7.00% at January 1, 2020 and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of

12 years.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 5.00% at January 1, 2020 and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05 over a period of 10

years.

Investment Rate of Return

Mortality

6.25%

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality table for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### **OPEB Asset Allocations**

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real Rate</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
US large cap equity	5.00%	4.50%
US mid cap equity	6.00%	4.50%
US small cap equity	6.50%	5.50%
International developed equity	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging markets equity	5.00%	7.25%
Global bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Global IG credit	2.00%	3.75%
High yield fixed credit	7.00%	5.50%
EMD fixed credit	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid private	10.00%	8.50%
Private credit	10.00%	6.50%
Real estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.00%
Real return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	6.09%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.86% for the nonhazardous plan, and 5.88% for the hazardous plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used as expected rate of return of 6.25%, a municipal rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 -Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2018. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Sensitivity of the University's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset and liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.86% for the nonhazardous and 5.88% for hazardous. The following presents the University's share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease (4.86%)	Current Discount Rate (5.86%)	1% Increase (6.86%)
Non-hazardous Proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 64,041	\$ 54,583	\$ 46,711
	1%	Current	1%
	<b>Decrease</b> (4.87%)	Discount Rate (5.88%)	Increase (6.88%)
Hazardous Proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$ 129	\$ (128)	\$ (334)

Sensitivity of the University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset and liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates - The University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset and liability has been calculated using an initial pre-65 health care trend rate of 7.00%, gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years. The post-65 health care trend rate starts at 5.00%, gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years.

		Current Health	
	1%	Care Cost	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
Non-hazardous			
Proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 46,407	\$ 54,583	\$ 64,415
		Current Health	
	1%	Care Cost	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
Hazardous			
Proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$ (329)	\$ (128)	\$ 120

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan annual report.

*Payable to the OPEB plan* - The University reported payables of \$269,000 and \$333,000 for the outstanding amount of employer contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### Note 9 - Operating Expenses By Natural Classification

The University's operating expenses by natural classification are as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	2019			2018
Salaries and wages	\$	99,830	\$	99,919
Employee benefits-pension and OPEB		41,157		49,510
Employee benefits-other		28,779	779 2	
Utilities		5,499		5,414
Supplies and other services		36,827		38,322
Depreciation		21,893		20,069
Student scholarships and financial aid		17,165		15,134
Total	\$	251,150	\$	255,970

#### Note 10 – Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by (1) the State Fire and Tornado Insurance Fund (the Fund), (2) Sovereign Immunity and the Kentucky Claims Commission, or (3) in the case of risks not covered by the Fund and Sovereign Immunity, commercial insurance, participation in insurance risk retention groups or self-insurance.

The Fund covers losses to property from fire, wind, earthquake, flood (all perils) and most other causes of loss between \$5,000 and \$1 million per occurrence. Losses in excess of \$1 million are insured by commercial carriers up to \$1.5 billion per occurrence with buildings insured at replacement cost and contents on a replacement value basis. As a state agency, the University is vested with Sovereign Immunity and is subject to the provisions of the *Claims Commission Act*, under which the University's liability for certain negligence claims is limited to \$250,000 for any one person or \$400,000 for all persons damaged by a single act of negligence. Claims against educators' errors and omissions and wrongful acts are insured through a reciprocal risk retention group. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2018 to 2019. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

The University began self-insuring employee health insurance as of January 1, 2014. Accrued expenses are based on the estimated costs of health care claims based on claims filed subsequent to year end and an additional amount for incurred but not yet reported claims based on prior experience. The University purchases both specific and aggregate stop loss coverage on medical and prescription drug claims. The stop loss insurance limits its exposure for claims to \$250,000 per individual and 125 percent of projected aggregate claims.

The health self-insurance liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is detailed below (in thousands):

	 2019	2018		
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 1,383	\$	1,415	
Claims and changes in estimates	15,824		13,992	
Claims paid	 (15,854)		(14,024)	
Liability, end of year	\$ 1,353	\$	1,383	

The University also self-insures certain other employee benefits, including worker's compensation claims to the extent not covered by insurance. The University has recorded an estimate for asserted claims at June 30, 2019.

#### **Note 11 – Contingencies**

The University is a party to various litigation and other claims in the ordinary course of business. University officials are of the opinion, based upon the advice of legal counsel, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial position of the University.

#### **Note 12 - Restricted Net Position**

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, restricted expendable net position was available for the following purposes:

	2019		2018	
Appreciation on permanent endowments	\$	5,830	\$	5,816
Advance funded capital projects		(4,875)		(1,949)
Capital projects and debt service		1,801		1,000
Funds restricted for noncapital purposes		225		209
	\$	2,981	\$	5,076

#### Note 13 – Blended Entity Condensed Financial Information

Condensed financial information for Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation (NKURF) is provided below for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	2019	2018	
ASSETS		' <u></u>	
Current assets	\$ 1,225	\$ 1,161	
Noncurrent assets	11,250	11,730	
Total assets	12,475	12,891	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	256	279	
Due to the University - current	104	77	
Noncurrent liabilities	11,250	11,730	
Total liabilities	11,610	12,086	
NET POSITION			
Restricted expendable	9	4	
Unrestricted	856	801	
Total net position	\$ 865	\$ 805	

#### Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES		
Grants and contracts	\$ 1,884	\$ 2,267
Recoveries of facilities and administrative costs	179	179
Total operating revenues	2,063	2,446
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Educational and general	1,897	2,279
Total operating expenses	1,897	2,279
Net income (loss) from operations	166	167
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Non-capital transfers (to)/from the University	(116)	(206)
Gifts and grants revenues (expenses)	10	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(106)	(206)
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses	60	(39)
Capital transfers (to) the University	_	(6)
Total other revenues (expenses)	_	(6)
Increase (decrease) in net position	60	(45)
NET POSITION		
Net position-beginning of year	805	850
Net position-end of year	\$ 865	\$ 805

#### **Condensed Statements of Cash Flows**

	2019	2018	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 134	\$ 471	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(531)	(1,110)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(6)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(397)	(645)	
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of year	12,674	13,319	
Cash and cash equivalents-end of year	\$ 12,277	\$ 12,674	

2010

#### Note 14 - Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

Selected disclosures from the Foundation are included as follows:

#### a. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. Scope of Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Northern Kentucky Foundation, Inc. include the operations of the Foundation and several single member limited liability companies. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Foundation in preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

These statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, and have been prepared to focus on the Foundation as a whole and to present transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. This has been accomplished by classification of balances and transactions into two classes of net assets – with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions.

Net assets and changes therein are classified as follows:

- With donor restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor restrictions. Some
  restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events
  specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources by
  maintained in perpetuity.
- Without donor restrictions Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and are available for use in general operations. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and board-designated endowment.

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Restricted contributions and net investment returns earned are reported as with donor restrictions and reclassified as without donor restricted when any donor-imposed restrictions are satisfied. Expirations of donor restrictions on net assets are met when a donor stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished and reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the consolidated statement of activities as net assets released from restriction.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Contributions receivable are discounted at an appropriate rate commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment of such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution and nature of the fund-raising activity.

Income and realized net gains on long-term investments are reported as follows:

- As increases in net assets with donor restrictions if the terms of the gift require that they be added to the principal of a permanent endowment fund or if the terms of the gift impose restrictions on the use of the income.
- As increases in net assets without donor restrictions in all other cases.

#### Change in accounting principle:

In 2019, the Foundation, adopted ASU 2016-14, Not-For-Profit Entities (Topic 958): *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-For-Profit Entities*. A summary of the changes is as follows:

#### Statement of Financial Position

- The statement of financial position distinguishes between two new classes of net assets—those with donor-imposed restrictions and those without. This is a change from the previously required three classes of net assets—unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted.
- Underwater donor-restricted endowment funds are shown within the donor-restricted net asset class. This is a change from the previously required classification as unrestricted net assets.

#### Statement of Activities

- Expenses are reported by both nature and function in one location.
- Investment income is shown net of external and direct internal investment expenses. Disclosure of the expenses netted against investment income is no longer required.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

- Enhanced quantitative and qualitative disclosures provide additional information useful in assessing liquidity and cash flows available to meet operating expenses for one-year from the date of the Statement of Financial Position.
- Amounts and purposes of Governing Board designations and appropriations as of the end of the period are disclosed.

This change had no impact on previously reported total change in net assets.

#### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes all readily available sources of cash such as petty cash, demand deposits and temporary investments in marketable securities with maturities of less than three months. Cash and cash equivalents representing investments purchased with endowment net assets are reported as investments.

At various times throughout the year, the Foundation has cash in certain financial institutions in excess of insured limits. Additionally, at June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$2,123,000 and \$3,305,000, respectively, was collateralized or insured with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Foundation's name.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, balances of \$7,232,000 and \$10,491,000, respectively, was neither insured nor collateralized.

#### 4. Loans and Accounts Receivable

Loans receivable consists primarily of loans made to students under privately funded loan programs. The advances are evidenced by signed promissory notes, bearing interest at varying stated interest rates, with varying due dates. Loans, accounts and other receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for a probable uncollectible allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. The allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$39,000 and \$120,000, respectively.

#### 5. Investments

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all debt securities are reported at their fair value. The estimated fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices, except for investments for which quoted market prices are not available. The alternative investments, which are not readily marketable, are carried at estimated fair values as provided by the investment managers. The estimated fair value of certain alternative investments, such as private equity interests, is based on valuations provided by the external investment managers adjusted for cash receipts, cash disbursements and distributions. The Foundation believes the carrying amount of these financial instruments is a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because alternative investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and therefore may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such difference could be material.

The Foundation invests its endowment investment portfolio and allocates the related earnings for expenditure in accordance with the total return concept. A distribution of endowment return that is independent of the cash yield and appreciation (depreciation) of investments earned during the year is provided for program support.

The Foundation has significant exposure to a number of risks including interest rate, market and credit risks for both marketable and nonmarketable securities. Due to the level of risk exposure, it is possible that near-term valuation changes for investment securities may occur to an extent that could materially affect the amounts reported in the Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

All true endowment investments and long-term net assets functioning as endowments are managed in a pool, unless special considerations or donor stipulations require that they be held separately.

#### 6. Land and Land Improvements

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, land and land improvements (in thousands) consisted of:

	2019		2018	
Type of Asset:				
Land	\$	178	\$	178
Land held for sale		17		-
Land held for future use by the University		145		162
Land improvements		208		208
Total land and land improvements	\$	548	\$	548

Assets acquired for Foundation use with a useful life greater than one year and a value of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. Annual depreciation for land improvements is calculated on a straight-line basis, beginning in the month of acquisition based on a useful life of 30 years. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, all land improvements were fully depreciated.

Assets purchased or constructed through the Foundation for immediate use by Northern Kentucky University are recorded by the Foundation as a program expense.

At June 30, 2019, a parcel of land with a cost basis of approximately \$17,000 previously held for future used by the University was reclassified as land held for sale.

#### 7. Transfers Between Fair Value Hierarchy Levels

Transfers in and out of Level 1 (quoted market prices), Level 2 (other significant observable inputs) and Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs) are recognized on the actual transfer date.

#### b. Unconditional and Conditional Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows. The discounts are computed using a risk free interest rate and amortization of the discount is included in gifts and bequests revenue.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation recognized contributions based on the following unconditional promises to give (in thousands):

	2019			2018	
Purpose:					
Endowment giving	\$	572	9	8:	27
Capital purposes		-		2,0	50
Operating programs		2,699		1,7	94
Gross unconditional promises		3,271		4,6	71
Less: Discount and allowance					
for uncollectible accounts		(259)		(22	22)
Net unconditional promises to give	\$	3,012	5	4,4	49
Amounts due in:					
Less than one year	\$	1,204	9	3,1	25
One to five years		2,067		1,5	16
More than five years		_			30
Total	\$	3,271	5	4,6	71

The discount rates used to calculate the present value of contributions receivable at June 30, 2019 and 2018 vary from 1.2 percent to 3.4 percent depending on when the promise was made.

Conditional promises to give are not included as support until such time as the conditions are substantially met. The Foundation had received conditional promises to give of approximately \$3.1 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consisting of the face value of life insurance policies, net of accumulated cash surrender value, as well as a conditional promise of \$2.1 million from a single donor in 2019 and 2018.

Approximately 25 percent of total pledges receivable were due from one donor at June 30, 2019. Approximately 44 percent of total pledges receivable were due from one donor at June 30, 2018.

#### c. Fair Value Measurements

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are described as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

<u>Level 2</u> – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Other inputs that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Other inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

<u>Level 3</u> – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Level 1 investments include short term money market funds, cash surrender value, fixed income funds and equity funds.

Level 2 investments are based on quoted prices of securities or other property with similar characteristics and include a remainder interest in real property subject to a life estate.

Level 3 investments include those in which there is no active market. The Foundation holds no Level 3 investments at June 30, 2019 or 2018. The Foundation adopted Accounting Standards Update 2015-07 which eliminates the requirement that investments valued using the net asset value expedient be categorized as Level 2 or 3. These investments are now shown in a separate column on the table below. This treatment was applied retrospectively.

The following assets were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019 (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements Using									
	Total		Quoted in Ac Marke Ident Asso tal (Leve		Ot Obse Inj	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		ficant ervable outs el 3)	Mea	estments asured at NAV
June 30, 2019										
Type of Investment:										
Short-term money market funds	\$	9	\$	9	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash surrender value		445		445		-		-		-
Fixed income funds:										
Core		3,617		3,617		-		-		-
Core plus		6,553		6,553		-		-		-
Global		1,834		1,834		-		-		-
Treasury inflation protected										
Securities		1,664		1,664		-		-		-
Equity funds:										
Large/mid-cap - broad	2	25,734		25,734		-		-		-
Large/mid-cap - value		7,497		7,497		-		-		-
Small cap - growth		1,697		1,697		-		-		-
Small cap - value		1,944		1,944						
International - core		7,875		7,875		-		-		-
International - value		3,768		3,768		-		-		-
International small cap - value		2,640		2,640		-		-		-
Emerging markets - value		4,886		4,886		-		-		-
Emerging markets - small cap		4,325		4,325		-		-		-
Real estate investment trust		23		23		-		-		-
Exchange traded funds		101		101		-		-		-
Remainder interest in real property and other		685		-		685		-		-
Public natural resources-master limited partnerships		2,946		-		-		-		2,946
Private equity		7,725		-		-		-		7,725
Private debt		2,443		-		-		-		2,443
Natural resources	1	0,035		-		-		-		10,035
Private real estate		2,083		-		-		-		2,083
Low-volatility		6,707								6,707
Total	\$ 10	7,236	\$	74,612	\$	685	\$		\$	31,939

The following assets were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

		Fair Value Measurements Using									
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Measured at NAV						
June 30, 2018											
Type of Investment:											
Short-term money market funds	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Cash surrender value	429	429	-	-	_						
Fixed income funds:	-										
Core	1,611	1,611	-	-	-						
Core plus	4,422	4,422	-	-	-						
Global	1,737	1,737	-	-	_						
Treasury inflation protected											
Securities	1,589	1,589	-	-	-						
Equity funds:											
Large/mid-cap - broad	23,443	23,443	-	-	-						
Large/mid-cap - value	7,056	7,056	-	-	-						
Small cap - growth	1,563	1,563	-	-	-						
Small cap - value	2,181	2,181	-	-	-						
International - core	7,727	7,727	-	-	-						
International - value	3,608	3,608	-	-	-						
International small cap - value	2,984	2,984	-	-	-						
Emerging markets - value	4,793	4,793	-	-	-						
Emerging markets - small cap	4,382	4,382	-	-	-						
Real estate investment trust	18	18	-	-	-						
Exchange traded funds	106	106	-	-	-						
Remainder interest in real property and other	685	-	685	-	-						
Public natural resources-master limited partnerships	3,103	-	-	-	3,103						
Fixed income high yield	1,794	-	-	-	1,794						
Private equity	7,127	-	-	-	7,127						
Private debt	3,012	-	-	-	3,012						
Natural resources	11,217	-	-	-	11,217						
Private real estate	2,072	-	-	-	2,072						
Low-volatility	10,283				10,283						
Total	\$ 106,950	\$ 67,657	\$ 685	\$ -	\$ 38,608						

### d. Investments

The market value (in thousands) of the Foundation's investments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are categorized by type below:

	2019	2018
pe of Investment:		
Short-term money market funds	\$ 9	\$ 8
Cash and cash surrender value	1,712	1,776
Fixed income funds:		
Core	3,617	1,611
Core plus	6,553	4,422
Global	1,834	1,737
High yield	-	1,794
Treasury inflation protected securities	1,664	1,589
Equity funds:		
Large/mid cap - broad	25,734	23,443
Large/mid cap - value	7,497	7,056
Small cap - growth	1,697	1,563
Small cap - value	1,944	2,181
International - core	7,875	7,727
International - value	3,768	3,608
International small cap - value	2,640	2,984
Emerging markets - value	4,886	4,793
Emerging markets - small cap	4,325	4,382
Real estate investment trust	23	18
Exchange traded funds	101	106
Public natural resources -master		
Limited partnerships	2,946	3,103
Remainder interest in real property and other	685	685
Private equity:		
Buyout	1,761	1,480
Diversified	1,586	1,844
Growth	503	-
Venture capital	1,728	1,352
Secondary	2,147	2,451
Private debt:		
Distressed	2,432	2,937
Mezzanine	11	75
Natural resources:		
Diversified	3,096	3,849
Energy	4,490	5,142
Commodities	2,449	2,226
Private real estate:		
Opportunistic	1,472	1,023
Value added	611	1,049
Low-volatility:		
Diversifiying strategies	6,707	10,283
Total investments	\$ 108,503	\$ 108,297

Investment return (in thousands) for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consists of:

	2019			2018
Interest and dividend income (net of investment fees: 2019 - \$516, 2018 - \$652)	\$	2.420	\$	1.928
Net realized gains		431		1,544
Net unrealized gains		1,010		3,537
Total investment return	\$	3,861	\$	7,009

The Foundation records the cost of managing its endowment portfolio as a decrease in investment income within the appropriate net asset class in the consolidated statement of activities. Some of the Foundation's investment managers report investment transactions net of fees.

The investments of the Foundation are commingled with certain investments which the Foundation holds in trust for Northern Kentucky University. The market value of funds held in trust for the University at June 30, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$13,446,000 and \$13,431,000, respectively. See Note 13g. for further explanation of the trust funds

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation had committed approximately \$47,200,000 and \$44,100,000, respectively, of its endowment investment resources to alternative investments, of which approximately \$9,900,000 and \$9,500,000 million, respectively, had not yet been called by the investment managers. Alternative investments for which commitments have been made consist of private equity/debt, natural resources, private real estate and low-volatility.

Alternative investments of the Foundation have limited marketability and the related investment agreements generally contain restrictive redemption provisions to the extent that the underlying investments should be considered illiquid for the duration of the investment through normal maturity. Early redemption of such investments would likely result in recovery of significantly less than the original investment amount. Foundation management believes the investment portfolio contains sufficient liquidity among other asset classes to make early redemption of alternative investments unlikely for reasons of meeting current spending needs.

#### e. Endowments

The Foundation's endowment consists of 333 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments (quasi-endowments). Net assets associated with endowment funds, including quasi-endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The board, at their discretion, can at any time permit spending from the principal of any quasi-endowed fund, provided the expenditure complies with any donor-imposed restrictions related to the fund.

Kentucky enacted the Kentucky Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (KUPMIFA), the provisions of which apply to endowment funds existing on or established after enactment, with an effective date of July 15, 2010.

An interpretation of KUPMIFA provisions by the Foundation Board of Directors requires that the historical dollar amount of a donor-restricted endowment fund be preserved. As a result of this requirement, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, and (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment. In the absence of donor restrictions, the net appreciation on a donor-restricted endowment fund is spendable. The net appreciation of donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation.

Under KUPMIFA, the Foundation endowment spending policy allows for prudent spending of future endowment earnings for accounts without accumulated earnings based upon consideration of the following factors, if applicable:

Duration and preservation of the endowment fund Purpose of the institution and the endowment fund General economic conditions Possible effect of inflation or deflation Expected total return on investments Other resources of the institution Investment policy

The approved annual endowment spending rate is reduced by a proportion of 5 percent for each 1 percent the affected endowment is below the value of original and subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment (i.e. principal).

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters. The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the Board of Directors, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of these endowment assets over the long-term. The Foundation's spending and investment policies work together to achieve this objective. The investment policy establishes an achievable return objective through diversification of asset classes. The current long-term return objective is to return a rate equal to the Consumer Price Index plus 5 percent, net of investment fees. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives. To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that includes fixed income investments as well as publicly traded equity-based investments and various alternative investment strategies to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk parameters.

Spending Policy and How the Objectives Relate to Spending Policy. The spending policy calculates the amount of money annually distributed from the Foundation's various endowed funds, for grant making and administration. The current spending policy is to distribute an amount at least equal to 3-5 percent of a moving sixteen quarter average of the fair value of the endowment funds. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects its current spending policy to allow the Foundation to meet its objective to maintain the historical dollar amount of endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through investment return.

Endowment net asset composition by type of endowment (in thousands) as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total Net Endowment Assets		
Donor restricted endowment funds Quasi-endowment funds	\$ - 2,687	\$ 83,991 6,121	\$ 83,991 8,808		
Total endowment funds	\$ 2,687	\$ 90,112	\$ 92,799		

Changes in endowment net assets (in thousands) as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	I	Vithout Donor trictions	]	With Donor trictions	Total Net Endowment Assets			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	2,614	\$	89,227	\$	91,841		
Contributions collected		-		1,215		1,215		
Investment income		64		2,161		2,225		
Net investment gain (loss)		31		1,128		1,159		
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(22)		(3,642)		(3,664)		
Reclassify to held in perpetuity				23		23		
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	2,687	\$	90,112	\$	92,799		

Endowment net asset composition by type of endowment (in thousands) as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total Net Endowment Assets			
Donor restricted endowment funds Quasi-endowment funds	\$ - 2,614	\$ 83,139 6,088	\$ 83,139 8,702			
Total endowment funds	\$ 2,614	\$ 89,227	\$ 91,841			

Changes in endowment net assets (in thousands) as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	I	Tithout Donor trictions	1	With Donor trictions	Total Net Endowment Assets		
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	2,449	\$	84,802	\$	87,251	
Contributions collected		-		1,185		1,185	
Investment income		50		1,726		1,776	
Net investment gain (loss)		136		4,682		4,818	
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(21)		(3,261)		(3,282)	
Reclassify to held in perpetuity				93		93	
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	2,614	\$	89,227	\$	91,841	

Funds with Deficiencies. From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or KUPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. There were no such deficiencies at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

#### f. Contingent Liabilities

Legal counsel for the Foundation have advised that they know of no pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments involving the Foundation that could have a material adverse financial effect on the Foundation.

#### g. Regional University Excellence Trust Fund

The Foundation holds certain funds, consisting of endowment matching funds received by Northern Kentucky University from the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Regional University Excellence Trust Fund, which were subsequently transferred to the Foundation for management and investment. The Foundation reports these funds and accumulated earnings as assets held in trust for the University. Investment earnings, gains and losses and expenditures from these funds are reported as changes in the balance held in trust rather than as revenue and expenses of the Foundation.

#### h. Subsequent Events

Events occurring after June 30, 2019 have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the consolidated financial statements or disclosure through September 16, 2019, the date on which the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

#### i. Related Party Transactions

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation made payments on behalf of the University of \$327,000 and \$320,000, respectively, for salaries, benefits, and other administrative costs for University staff that directly support the Foundation's operations. These payments are made by agreement between the Foundation and University. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately \$4,000 and \$5,000 was owed to the University for such costs, respectively.

In support of University programs for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation incurred program expenses of \$12,175,000 and \$8,885,000, respectively, which consisted of payments on behalf of the University of \$4,570,000 and \$4,128,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, the Foundation transferred \$7,605,000 and \$4,757,000 to the University for restricted purposes in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### j. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of June 30, 2019 and 2018, comprise the following (in thousands):

	2	2019	2	2018
Cash and equivalents	\$	4,227	\$	3,957
Accounts receivable		48		-
Contributions receivable		876		649
Less allowance for uncollectible pledges		(8)		(13)
	\$	5,143	\$	4,593

The Foundation receives significant contributions restricted by donors and considers contributions restricted for programs which are ongoing, major and central to its annual operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, restricted contributions of \$868,000 and \$636,000, respectively, were included in financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year.

The Foundation's endowment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments and funds designated by the board as endowments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes, with the exception of the amounts available for general use. Donor-restricted endowment funds are not available for general expenditure.

The board-designated endowment of \$7,970,000 is subject to an annual spending rate of 4.75 percent as described in Note 13e. Although the Foundation does not intend to spend from this board-designated endowment (other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure as part of the Board's annual budget approval and appropriation), these amounts could be made available if necessary.

The Foundation manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. The Foundation's Finance and Audit Committee reviews the liquidity policy annually and the summarized financial reports at its regular meetings.

#### k. Schedule of Functional Expenses

The Foundation accounts for expenses in both natural classification categories and functional area categories. The summaries of these for the year ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

#### Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended 6/30/19 (in thousands)

		Subgranted to NKU-Payroll		Subgranted to NKU-Other		Contracted	Scholarships &			T-4-1	
	NKU	•	_			Services	Operating	,	Awards		Total
Instruction	\$	655	\$	3	\$	37	\$ 26	52	\$ -	\$	957
Research		47		-		1	1	2	-		60
Public service		40		-		8	83	4	-		882
Libraries		-		-		-	2	23	-		23
Academic support		477		-		69	35	8	-		904
Student services		438		101		20	37	2	-		931
Institutional support		668		-		81	39	2	-		1,141
University facilities and equipment acquisition		-		5,177		-	11	9	-		5,296
Student financial aid		-		-		-		-	1,925		1,925
Other program expenses and losses		-		-		-	12	22	-		122
Total program expenses	\$	2,325	\$	5,281	\$	216	\$ 2,49	)4	\$ 1,925	\$	12,241
Management and general		327		-		92	5	7	-		476
Fund raising support		-		-		-	28	31	-		281
Rental property		-		-		12		5	-		17
Total support expenses	\$	327	\$	-	\$	104	\$ 34	13	•	\$	774
Total expenses and losses	\$	2,652	\$	5,281	\$	320	\$ 2,83	7	\$ 1,925	\$	13,015

#### Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended 6/30/18 (in thousands)

	Subgranted to		Subgranted to	(	Contracted				cholarships &	
	NKU-Payrol	NKU-Payroll			Services	Operating		Awards		Total
Instruction	\$ 34	17	\$ -	\$	91	\$	255	\$	-	\$ 693
Research	3	33	-		-		5		-	38
Public service	3	80	-		59		86		-	175
Libraries		-	-		-		40		-	40
Academic support	29	90	25		114		296		-	725
Student services	21	6	25		-		283		-	524
Institutional support	60	)6	-		43		353		-	1,002
University facilities and equipment acquisition		-	2,984		13		190		-	3,187
Student financial aid		-	-		-		-		2,469	2,469
Other program expenses and losses		-	-		-		32		-	32
Total program expenses	\$ 1,52	22	\$ 3,034	\$	320	\$	1,540	\$	2,469	\$ 8,885
Management and general	32	20	-		61		47		-	428
Fund raising support		-	-		-		179		-	179
Total support expenses	\$ 32	20	\$ -	\$	61	\$	226	\$	-	\$ 607
Total expenses and losses	\$ 1,84	12	\$ 3,034	\$	381	\$	1,766	\$	2,469	\$ 9,492

#### 1. Future Changes in Accounting Principles

#### Revenue Recognition

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standards related to revenue recognition. This amendment replaces all existing revenue recognition guidance and provides a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The guidance provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. Other major provisions include capitalization of certain contract costs, consideration of the time value of money in the transaction price and allowing estimates of variable consideration to be recognized before contingencies are resolved in certain circumstances.

The amendment also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in those judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to fulfill a contract. The standard allows either full or modified retrospective adoption effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2019. The Foundation is in the process of evaluating the impact the amendment will have on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Contributions Received and Contributions Made

On June 21, 2018, FASB issued ASU 2018-08. This standard clarifies existing guidance on determining whether a transaction with a resource provider, *e.g.*, the receipt of funds under a government grant or contract, is a contribution or an exchange transaction. The guidance requires all organizations to evaluate whether the resource provider is receiving commensurate value in a transfer of assets transaction, and whether contributions are conditional or unconditional.

If commensurate value is received by the resource provider, the transaction would be accounted for as an exchange transaction by applying Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, or other topics. The standard clarifies that a resource provider is not synonymous with the general public. Indirect benefit received by the public as a result of the assets transferred is not equivalent to commensurate value received by the resource provider. If commensurate value is not received by the resource provider, i.e., the transaction is nonexchange, the recipient organization would record the transaction as a contribution under Topic 958 and determine whether the contribution is conditional or unconditional.

FASB expects that the new standard could result in more grants and contracts being accounted for as contributions (often conditional contributions) than under current generally accepted accounting principles. Because of this, it believes the clarifying guidance about whether a contribution is conditional or unconditional, which affects the timing of revenue recognition, is important. Both the recipient and resource provider would equally apply the guidance.

The new standard will be effective for the Foundation for reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018. The Foundation is evaluating the impact the standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Accounting for Leases

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standard related to the accounting for leases. Under the new standard, lessees will now be required to recognize substantially all leases on the balance sheet as both a right-of-use asset and a liability. The standard has two types of leases for income statement recognition purposes: operating leases and finance leases. Operating leases will result in the recognition of a single lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term similar to the treatment for operating leases under existing standards. Finance leases will result in an accelerated expense similar to the accounting for capital leases under existing standards. The determination of lease classification as operating or finance will be done in a manner similar to existing standards. The new standard also contains amended guidance regarding the identification of embedded leases in service contracts and the identification of lease and nonlease components in an arrangement. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2019. The Foundation is evaluating the impact the standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.



#### Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Kentucky Employees' Retirement System

(in thousands)

	_ Ju	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Nonhazardous	-							<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	
University's proportionate share of the net											
pension liability		2.304209%		2.345490%		2.403742%		2.447755%		2.489115%	
University's proportionate share of the collective											
net pension liability	\$	313,460	\$	314,022	\$	274,014	\$	245,556	\$	223,319	
University's covered-employee payroll	\$	34,793	\$	37,584	\$	39,206	\$	37,799	\$	39,266	
University's proportionate share of the net											
pension liability as a percentage of its											
covered-employee payroll		900.94%		835.52%		698.91%		649.64%		568.73%	
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a %											
of the total pension liability		12.84%		13.30%		14.80%		18.83%		22.30%	
Hazardous											
University's proportionate share of the net											
pension liability		0.386465%		0.370876%		0.040113%		0.444514%		0.414511%	
University's proportionate share of the collective											
net pension liability	\$	1,952	\$	1,844	\$	1,571	\$	1,524	\$	1,059	
University's covered-employee payroll	\$	591	\$	662	\$	637	\$	563	\$	535	
University's proportionate share of the net											
pension liability as a percentage of its											
covered-employee payroll		330.29%		278.50%		246.58%		270.64%		197.80%	
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a %											
of the total pension liability		56.1%		54.80%		57.41%		61.70%		68.70%	

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year (measurement date).

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years which information is available.

#### Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of University Pension Contributions Kentucky Employees' Retirement System

(in thousands)

	June	30, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2018	Jun	e 30, 2017	June	e 30, 2016	Jun	e 30, 2015
Nonhazardous										
Contractually required contribution	\$	14,162	\$	14,596	\$	14,738	\$	12,069	\$	12,320
University's contributions in relation to the										
contractually required contribution		14,162		14,596		14,738		12,069		12,320
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	34,491	\$	35,498	\$	36,626	\$	39,131	\$	39,948
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll		41.06%		41.06%		40.24%		30.84%		30.84%
Hazardous										
Contractually required contribution	\$	256	\$	180	\$	170	\$	127	\$	136
University's contributions in relation to the										
contractually required contribution		256		180		170		127		136
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	744	\$	838	\$	806	\$	776	\$	831
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll		34.39%		21.44%		21.08%		16.37%		16.37%

#### Notes to the schedule:

Changes in assumptions- In fiscal year 2018, the KERS nonhazardous investment rate and discount rate both decreased from 6.75% to 5.25%. The KERS hazardous investment rate and discount rate both decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%. The estimated salary increases decreased from 4.00% to 0.00% for the nonhazardous plan and from 4.00% to 2.00% for the hazardous plan. The KERS plan inflation rate decreased from 3.25% to 2.30% for both the nonhazardous and hazardous plans.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

# Northern Kentucky University A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability Kentucky Employees' Retirement System

(in thousands)

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Non-hazardous				
University's proportionate share of the net				
OPEB liability (asset)		2.302178%		2.345490%
University's proportionate share of the net				
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	54,583	\$	59,481
University's covered-employee payroll	\$	36,234	\$	37,366
University's proportionate share of the net				
OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its				
covered-employee payroll		150.64%		159.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a %				
of the total OPEB liability		27.32%		24.40%
Hazardous				
University's proportionate share of the net				
OPEB liability (asset)		0.386561%		0.370876%
University's proportionate share of the net		0.30030170		0.57067070
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(128)	\$	22
University's covered-employee payroll	\$	736	\$	635
University's proportionate share of the net	Ψ	,,,,	Ψ	000
OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its				
covered-employee payroll		-17.43%		3.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a %		-1/.43/0		J. <del>1</del> U/0
* *		106.83%		98.80%
of the total OPEB liability		100.83%		90.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30, of the previous fiscal year (measurement date).

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years which information is available.

# Northern Kentucky University and Affiliate A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of University OPEB Contributions Kentucky Employees' Retirement System

(in thousands)

	June	30,2019	June	30, 2018
Non-Hazardous				
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,901	\$	2,989
University's contributions in relation to the				
contractually required contribution		2,901		2,989
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	34,491	\$	35,548
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		8.41%		8.41%
Hazardous				
Contractually required contribution	\$	18	\$	19
University's contributions in relation to the				
contractually required contribution		18		19
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	744	\$	838
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		2.46%		2.26%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

Changes in assumptions - In fiscal year 2018, the KERS nonhazardous and hazardous investment rate decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%. The nonhazardous discount rate decreased from 6.90% to 5.83%, and the hazardous discount rate decreased from 7.20% to 5.87%. The estimated salary increases decreased from 4.00% to 2.00% for both the nonhazardous and hazardous plans. The KERS plan inflation rate decreased from 3.25% to 2.30% for both the nonhazardous and hazardous plans. In fiscal year 2019, the KERS nonhazardous discount rate increased from 5.83% to 5.86%; the KERS hazardous discount rate increased from 5.87% to 5.88%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

<sup>\*</sup> This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> Employer contributions do not include the expected implicit subsidy.



## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Programs -				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007		s -	\$ 357,297
Federal Work Study Program	84.033	•	5 -	521,841
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	-	-	1,410,362
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		_	15,106,862
Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants	84.379	_	_	22,037
Federal Student Direct Loans	84.268	_	_	82,369,757
Nursing Faculty Loan Program	93.264	_	_	153,483
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster	73.201			99,941,639
TRIO Cluster				
Student Support Services	84.042A		-	351,741
Upward Bound	84.047A	-	-	353,549
Total TRIO Cluster			-	705,290
Americorps National Service Trust	84.UNKNOWN	-		68,303
CCAMPIS Program	84.335A	-		151,405
Pass-Through Programs -				
Kentucky Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Kentucky Traineeship in Special Education 2019	84.027A	PON25401900000542	-	607,730
Kentucky Traineeship in Special Education 2018	84.027A	PO25401900000067		100,775
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			-	708,505
KY Non-public School Commission	84.367A	PON25401900003984	-	13,955
KY Non-public School Commission	84.367A	PON25401900000701	-	15,741
KY Non-public School Commission	84.424A	PON25401900003984	-	998
KyCC ATC Sites 2019	84.048	PON25401900002912	-	21,000
The Future of Cyber Education 2019 (FY19 Technical Upgrade)	84.048	PON2 540 1900003506	-	1,000
Catholic Diocese of Kentucky	84.367A	PON25401900000696		12,010
			-	64,704
Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education				
NKY-FAME CEP IEQ	84.367B	PO2 415 5170000439 2		33,583
			-	
Total U.S. Department of Education				101,673,429

## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Research and Development Cluster				
Direct Programs -				
National Aeronautics and Space Administration				
Helix: The High Energy Light Isotope Experiment	43.001	-	\$ -	\$ 40,606
ISS-CREAM Data Analysis Manger (DM)	43.001	-	-	61,191
ISS-CREAM	43.001	-		26,484
HOLE TO THE TE			-	128,281
US National Science Foundation	47.040			45 440
RUI: Unusual Oxidation & Domino Reactions via Palladium-cata	47.049	-	10.020	45,448
TIM Consortium: A Dispersed REU Site in Theoretically Interes	47.049	-	18,829	54,345
RUI: Search for Verifiable Complex Diffusion Mechanisms	47.049	-	-	45,922
Stellar Companions by Stellar Parameters 2017-19	47.049	-	-	16,077
REU Site: The Parker Academy: Investigating the Intersection	47.075	-	-	68,670
Examination of Sites on the Georgia Bight Coastline	47.075		-	923
S3OAR-Sustainable, Scalable, Scholarships, Opportunities, Ac	47.076	-	-	9,986
Project SOAR #2: 2012-2017 Scholarships, Opportunities, Achi	47.076	-	18,829	241,781
US National Institute of Health			10,029	241,761
NIH AREA Curran R15 Genetic Susceptibility to Developmental	93.113		_	5,512
NIH AREA Marczin-Acute effects of alcohol and energy drinks	93.273			40,784
NIH AREA BARDGETT Long-term effects early life antipsychotic	93.279			103,148
NIH AREA Yates Contribution of NMDA NR2B	93.279		_	5,979
NIH AREA Strome R15 Investigation of Candidate Modifier Loci	93.859			93,915
NIH AREA GUY R15 Novel Human tRNA	93.859			107,380
MITAREA GOT KIS NOVOTTulikin tKIVA	75.657			356,718
US Health Resources & Services Administration				,-
HRSA RCORP - County Collaborative	93.211	-	25,150	138,046
Pass-Through Programs - Kenton County Detention Center	16.020	2017 A.B. DV 1/042		22.055
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-based Program	16.838	2017-AR-BX-K043		23,055
Juniata College				
Juniata College RCN-UBE: Yeast Orphan Gene Project	47.074	JUNIATA		2,421
Hairmania af Vanta da Danamia Farmadation				
University of Kentucky Research Foundation Telomere Roles in Fungal Genome Evolution and Adaptation	47.074	3200001363-18-084	_	9,982
Tolonizio Roles il Fungui Cononie Estatation and Adaptation	17.071	3200001303 10 001		7,702
University of Louisville Research Foundation				
KBRIN Williamson Faculty Start-Up	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	49,885
KBRIN Wiilliamson IDEA #1	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	8,140
KBRIN Shelton Faculty Start-Up	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	56,923
KBRIN Shelton IDEA #1	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	15,079
KBRIN Strome Bridge	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	55,473
KBRIN Guy Post Doc	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	10,210
KBRIN Guy Post-Doctoral #2	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	4,029
KBRIN Bardgett Post Doc Fellow	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	27,311
KBRIN Lead 2019-2020	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	39
KBRIN Lead 2018-2019	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	50,562
KBRIN Marczinski Bridge	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	33,638
KBRIN Onorato IDEA #1	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	21,286
KBRIN Brumback Idea #1	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	36,236
KBRIN Brumback IDEA #2	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	11,295
KBRIN Yates Idea #4	93.859	ULRF13-1493D-06	-	36,623
KBRIN Bardgett Bridge	93.859	ULRF18-0975A-06	-	8,650
Southeast Xlerator Network	93.859	ULRF18-0680-02		358
			-	425,737
Total Research and Development Cluster			43,979	1,326,021
•				

## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Other Programs				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Pass-Through Programs -				
Kentucky Department of Education				
Upward Bound Summer Food Service Program	10.555	12146	\$ -	\$ 2,968
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	2,968
TANF Cluster				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Pass-Through Programs -				
KY Cabinet for Health & Family Services				
LEAP - KTAP Postsecondary Education Program FY 2019	93.558	SC7361900000191		141,690
Total TANF Cluster/477 Cluster			-	141,690
Medicaid Cluster				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Pass-Through Programs -				
KY Cabinet for Health & Family Services				
Medicaid KY University Partnership Year 1	93.778	SC 746 1900000168	97,939 97,939	227,430
U.S. Department of Interior			71,737	227,430
Direct Programs -				
Bureau of Indian Education	15.114			5,008
Total U.S. Department of Interior/477 Cluster			-	5,008
U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration				
Pass-Through Programs -				
University of Kentucky Research Foundation	43.001	3200000161-19-165		17.527
Kentucky First Lego League Program	43.001	3200000101-19-103		17,537 17,537
Total U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration			-	17,557
Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Pass-Through Programs -				
Kentucky Division of Emergency Management	07.047	DOM2.010.1700001204		20.465
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Planning Project Total Federal Emergency Management Agency	97.047	PON2 019 1700001204		39,465 39,465
Total receral emergency Management Agency			-	39,403
Small Business Administration				
Pass-Through Programs -				
University of Kentucky Research Foundation	50.027	LUZDE2200001 (44 10 2/1		20.601
Federal Small Business Development Center 17-18	59.037	UKRF3200001644-18-261	-	28,691
Federal Small Business Development Center 18-19	59.037	UKRF3200002292-19-148		72,774 101,465
Total Small Business Administration			-	101,403
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-Through Programs -				
Kentucky Association for Environmental Education	(( 051	2015 IZ + EE ED +		2.545
Addressing Climate Literacy in Kentucky at the Local Level	66.951	2015 KAEE EPA		2,547
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			-	2,34/

## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Direct Programs -				
HRSA Nurse Anesthetist Traineeship	93.124	-	\$ -	\$ 18,379
SBIRT Health Professions Student Training Project	93.243	-	-	6,414
Pass-Through Programs -				
Eastern Kentucky University				
Public Child Welfare Certification Program 2019	93.658	453605-19-114	-	10,392
University Training Consortium 2019	93.658	453602-19-111		113,743
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				148,928
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct Programs -				
Norse Violence Prevention Project	16.525	-	11,012	32,288
Body Wom Camera Project	16.835	-		13,474
			11,012	45,762
Corporation for National and Community Service Direct Programs -				
Americorps VISTA 2017-2018	94.013		_	2,054
Americorps VISTA 2018-2019	94.013			29,000
Pass-Through Programs -	71.015			27,000
KY Cabinet for Health & Family Services				
Kentucky College Coaches on Campus 2018	94,006	PO2 730 1800000308	_	17,684
Kentucky College Coaches on Campus 2019	94.006	PON27301900002434	-	113,765
Federal Kentucky College Coaches 2018	94,006	PO2 730 1800000078	-	68,762
Federal Kentucky College Coaches 2019	94,006	PO27301900002169	-	261,935
Alternative Service Breaks Pilot	94.021	PON2 730 1800000078 3	-	20,025
Alternative Service Breaks 18-19	94.021	PON27301900002169	-	14,316
KYCC Surge Funding Criminal History Checks	94,009	PON27301900003540	_	1,087
KYCC KC3 Surge Funding Criminal History Checks	94,009	PON27301900003540	_	891
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				529,519
Total Other Programs				1,262,319
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 152,930	\$ 104,261,769

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Northern Kentucky University under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the University.

### A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

- 2. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB A21, Cost Principles for Educational Institutions or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The University has a federally negotiated indirect cost rate of 32.5%.
- 3. The federal loan programs listed subsequently are administered directly by the University, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the University's basic financial statements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2019, consists of:

		Ou	itstanding Balance at
 CFDA Number	Program Name		June 30, 2019
84.038	Endowal Doubing Loop Drogram	¢	1 170 705
84.038	Federal Perkins Loan Program	Ф	1,170,705
93.264	Nursing Faculty Loan Program	\$	146,777



# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Northern Kentucky University Highland Heights, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Northern Kentucky University (University) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2019. The financial statements of Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit included in the financial statements of the University's reporting entity, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cincinnati, Ohio

BKD, LUP

October 4, 2019



# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Regents Northern Kentucky University Highland Heights, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Northern Kentucky University's (University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.



#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cincinnati, Ohio January 7, 2020

BKD.LIP

## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Summary of Auditor's Results

T-1		1 (1)
Finar	cial	Statements

	Research and Development Cluster	84.3 /	9, 84.268, 93.264 Various
	Student Financial Assistance Cluster		1.033, 84.038, 84.063,
	Cluster/Program	CF	DA Number
7.	The University's major programs were:		
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse ☐	Disclaimer	
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report on co federal award programs was:	mpliance for major	r
	Material weakness(es)?	Yes	⊠ No
	Significant deficiency(ies)?	Yes	⊠None reported
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over compl programs disclosed:	iance for major fee	leral awards
Fea	deral Awards		
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit?	Yes	⊠ No
	Material weakness(es)?	□Yes	⊠ No
	Significant deficiency(ies)?	□Yes	None reported
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over finance	ial reporting disclo	osed:
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse	Disclaimer	
	1. The type of report the auditor issued on whether the finar accordance with accounting principles generally accepted was:		

## A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

8. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.						
9.	The University qualified as a low-risk aud	litee?	Yes 🖾 No			
Findings	Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards					
Reference Number Finding						
No matters are reportable.						
Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance						
Referer Numb		ling				

No matters are reportable.

A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference		
Number	Summary of Finding	Status

No matters are reportable.