NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE

REPORT ON AUDIT OF INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 June 30, 2010

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND REPORT ON AUDIT OF INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 June 30, 2010

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Regents Northern Kentucky University and Secretary of Finance and Administration Cabinet of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Northern Kentucky University (the "University") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of the Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc, (the "Foundation"), a component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundation, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Northern Kentucky University as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2010 on our consideration of Northern Kentucky University's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the result of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of Northern Kentucky University, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Crowe Howath LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Louisville, Kentucky September 30, 2010

Northern Kentucky University and Affiliate Management's Discussion and Analysis

Northern Kentucky University's (the University) Management Discussion and Analysis of its financial condition provides an overview of the financial performance of the University for the year ended June 30, 2010, with selected comparative information for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes.

The University's vision is to be nationally recognized as the premier comprehensive, metropolitan university that prepares students for life and work in a global society and provides leadership to advance the intellectual, social, economic, cultural, and civic vitality of its region and of the Commonwealth. The University is vital to the economic and social progress of this region and the Commonwealth. The University's comprehensive business plan that was completed in 2008, defines the financial and capital resources necessary to achieve the Council on Postsecondary Education's ambitious plan which calls for the University's undergraduate enrollment to increase to over 22,000 by the year 2020. The University continues to focus its limited resources on the most critical areas of the business plan that will be the most beneficial to the region and the Commonwealth. The region's economic growth depends heavily on the University's capacity to support that growth in a variety of ways.

Financial Highlights

The University's financial position remained strong at June 30, 2010. Total net assets increased by \$26.2 million, or 10.5 percent at June 30, 2010 compared to June 30, 2009 resulting from income before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses of \$10.6 million and capital grants and gifts of \$15.6 million. The University's Moody's debt rating was elevated to A1 during the year indicating that the University's overall financial position remains very strong despite recent declines in state operating appropriations.

The University's assets increased by \$7.1 million, or 1.8 percent, from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010 and now total \$412.8 million. This increase is attributable to growth in net capital assets related to the acquisition of new administrative systems and the construction of several new facilities, including a new soccer complex and Griffin Hall, a new state-of-the-art facility that will house the University's College of Informatics. This facility will transform not only the look of the campus, but will also transform the educational process through the use of cutting edge technology, including a two-story digitorium. The new soccer complex will serve the needs of the University's intercollegiate athletic program, students and the community.

The University's operating and nonoperating revenues totaled \$205.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2010, an increase of \$9.7 million over 2009. Operating revenues increased by \$1.7 million for the year with increases in net tuition revenues (\$3.9 million), auxiliary enterprises (\$1.0 million) and operating grants and contracts (\$.6 million). These increases were offset by decreases in sales and services of educational activities (\$2.0 million) and other operating revenues (\$1.8 million). Nonoperating revenues increased by \$7.9 million for the year. The University's nonexchange grant revenues increased by \$5.9 million for the year resulting from a growth in revenues related to federal and state funded financial aid programs and improved performance of the University's endowment investments. The University's combined general and debt service state appropriations decreased by \$3.6 million for 2010. This decrease was offset by \$3.6 million in non-recurring federal stimulus funds that were allocated to the University by the Commonwealth.

Using the Financial Statements

The University's financial report includes three financial statements: the statement of net assets; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and the statement of cash flows. These financial statements and accompanying footnotes are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles, which establish standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and require that financial statements be presented on a consolidated basis to focus on the University as a whole.

The University is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The financial statements of the University include the University and its blended component unit, the Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation, Inc. Financial statements for the University's discretely presented component unit, Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc., have also been included in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 39. Financial statements presented for the Foundation consist of the statement of financial position and the statement of activities. These statements are prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements.

Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets includes all assets and liabilities. It is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

Condensed Statements of Net Assets (in thousands)

	2010	2009	2008
ASSETS			
Current as sets	\$ 82,243	\$ 79,538	\$ 85,940
Capital assets, net	311,091	296,056	285,041
Noncurrent assets	19,474	18,004	34,722
Total assets	412,808	393,598	405,703
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	31,618	31,831	40,211
Noncurrent liabilities	106,290	113,023	124,150
Total liabilities	137,908	144,854	164,361
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	210,895	188,085	172,961
Restricted			
Nonexpendable	7,616	7,616	7,616
Expendable	9,478	11,062	17,768
Unrestricted	46,911	41,981	42,997
Total net assets	\$ 274,900	\$ 248,744	\$ 241,342

A review of the University's statement of net assets at June 30, 2010 reveals that the University is in good financial condition.

Assets

The University's assets increased by \$7.1 million, or 1.8 percent, from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010 and now total \$412.8 million. A \$2.7 million increase in current assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 combined with a \$6.4 million decrease for the year ended June 30, 2009, resulted in a combined decrease of \$3.7 million, or 4.3 percent, since June 30, 2008. The \$10.8 million growth in noncurrent assets since June 30, 2008 resulted from a \$26.0 million growth in noncurrent assets, including net capital assets, that were funded primarily with capital appropriations, grants and gifts. This increase in noncurrent assets was partially offset by a \$14.4 million decline in noncurrent cash and cash equivalents and investments.

Net capital assets increased by \$15.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2010 and \$11.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2009, resulting in a combined increase of \$26.0 million, or 9.1 percent, since June 30, 2008. This increase is related to the acquisition of new administrative systems and the construction of several new facilities, including a new soccer complex and Griffin Hall that will house the College of Informatics. These projects were funded primarily through capital grants and gifts and through capital appropriations from the Commonwealth. As a result of the significant investment in its campus facilities in recent years, net capital assets have grown to \$311.1 million, or 75.4 percent of total assets as of June 30, 2010.

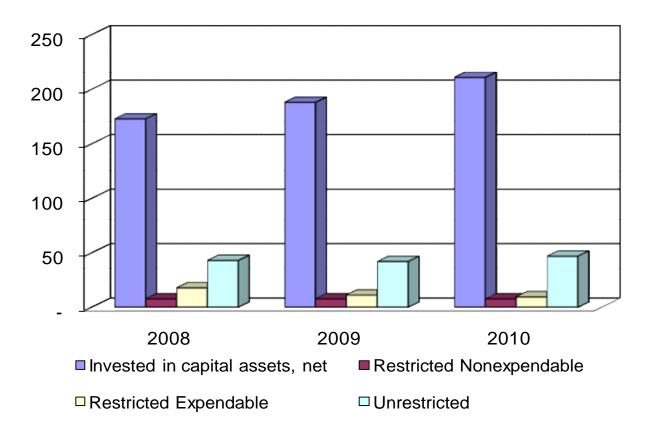
Liabilities

At June 30, 2010, the University's liabilities totaled \$137.9 million compared to the previous year's \$144.9 million. This \$6.9 million decrease in liabilities resulted primarily from a \$5.8 million decrease in the University's outstanding bonds, notes and capital leases. Bonds, notes and capital leases payable represented \$102.6 million, or 74.4 percent, of total liabilities at June 30, 2010.

The University's total liabilities decreased by \$26.5 million, or 16.1 percent, from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010. Current liabilities declined by \$8.6 million during this period as a result of a decrease in accounts payable associated with construction projects. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$17.9 million primarily due to a \$14.0 million decrease in outstanding bonds, notes and capital leases since June 30, 2008.

Net Assets

The following chart illustrates the University's net assets for fiscal years 2008, 2009 and 2010 (amounts are presented in millions).



Net assets at June 30, 2010 totaled \$274.9 million, or 66.6 percent, of total assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, totaled \$210.9 million, or 75.6 percent, of total net assets. Restricted and unrestricted net assets represented 6.2 percent and 17.1 percent of total net assets, respectively. Total net assets increased by \$26.2 million, or 10.5 percent at June 30, 2010 compared to June 30, 2009. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$22.8 million primarily as a result of the University's investment in administrative software systems and the construction of a new soccer complex and Griffin Hall. The expenditure of restricted funds related to construction projects resulted in a \$1.6 million decline in restricted expendable net assets for the year. The University's unrestricted net assets grew by \$4.9 million for the year primarily due to a growth in auxiliary enterprise net assets and an increase in designated budgetary reserves.

The University's net assets increased by \$33.6 million, or 13.9 percent, from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt increased \$37.9 million due to the addition of several new facilities. Restricted expendable net assets decreased by \$8.3 million while unrestricted net assets increased by \$3.9 million from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

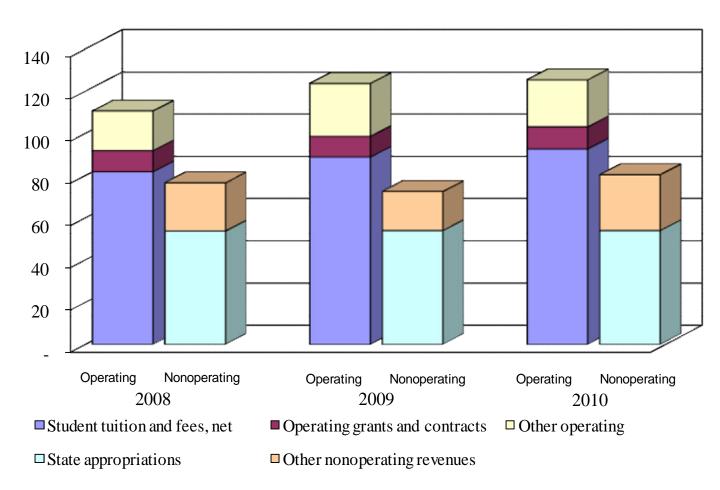
The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or nonoperating. GASB requires state appropriations and nonexchange grants and contracts to be classified as nonoperating revenues. Accordingly, the University will generate an operating loss prior to the addition of nonoperating revenues. The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

	2010	2009	2008
OPERATING REVENUES			
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 92,597	\$ 88,704	\$ 81,679
Grants and contracts	10,416	9,813	10,115
Sales and services of educational departments	3,938	5,917	4,357
Auxiliary enterprises	12,389	11,378	9,843
Other operating revenues	5,923	7,711	4,504
Total operating revenues	125,263	123,523	110,498
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Educational and general	167,398	166,813	155,665
Depreciation	14,869	15,111	9,062
Auxiliary enterprises (including depreciation)	8,084	8,503	5,004
Other expenditures	101	174	107
Total operating expenses	190,452	190,601	169,838
Net loss from operations	(65,189)) (67,078)	(59,340)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State appropriations	53,885	53,876	53,677
Gifts, grants and contracts	24,708	18,820	18,250
Investment income	1,683	(361)	4,499
Interest on capital assetrelated debt	(4,466)) (4,890)	(3,388)
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(92)	105	(36)
Net nonoperating revenues	75,718	67,550	73,002
Income (loss) before other revneues, expenses,			
gains or losses	10,529	472	13,662
Capital appropriations	7,458	3,548	-
Capital grants and gifts	8,169	3,382	4,424
Total other revenues	15,627	6,930	4,424
Increase in net assets	26,156	7,402	18,086
Net assets-beginning of year	248,744	241,342	223,256
Net assets-end of year	\$ 274,900	\$ 248,744	\$ 241,342

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues

The following chart illustrates the University's revenues by source (both operating and nonoperating), which were used to fund its operating activities for fiscal years 2008, 2009 and 2010. Significant recurring sources of revenues, including state appropriations and nonexchange grants and contracts, are considered nonoperating revenues as defined by GASB. These revenues support operating expenses; therefore, they are included in the graph of revenues by source (amounts are presented in millions).



The University's operating and nonoperating revenues totaled \$205.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2010, an increase of \$9.7 million over 2009. Operating revenues totaled \$125.2 million, or 60.9 percent of revenues, while nonoperating revenues reached \$80.3 million, or 39.1 percent of revenues, for the year. The most significant sources of revenue for the University are net student tuition and fees (45.1 percent) and state appropriations (26.2 percent).

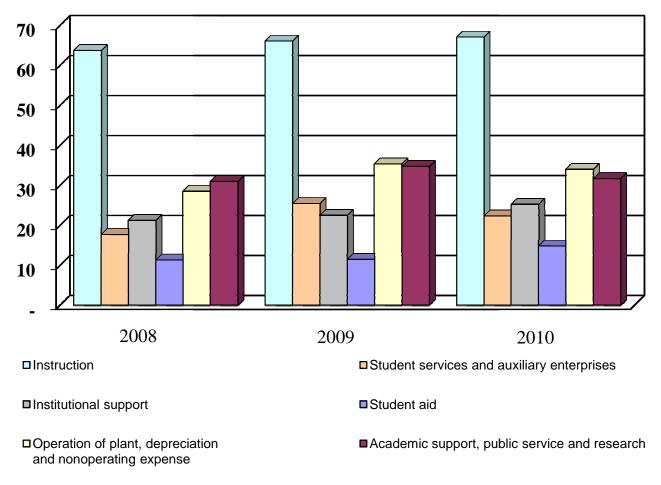
Operating revenues increased by \$1.7 million for the year with increases in net tuition revenues (\$3.9 million), auxiliary enterprises (\$1.0 million) and operating grants and contracts (\$.6 million). These increases were offset by decreases in sales and services of educational activities (\$2.0 million) and other operating revenues (\$1.8 million).

Nonoperating revenues increased by \$7.9 million for the year. The University's nonexchange grant revenues increased by \$5.9 million for the year resulting from a growth in revenues related to federal and state funded financial aid programs. Investment earnings increased by \$2.0 million as the University's endowment investments recovered from the losses that were experienced in 2009. The University's combined general and debt service state appropriations decreased by \$3.6 million for the year. This decrease was offset by \$3.6 million in federal stimulus funds that the state allocated to the University.

The University's nonoperating revenues have increased by \$3.9 million since June 30, 2008 primarily due to a growth in nonoperating grants related to federal and state financial aid programs. A \$14.8 million, or 13.4 percent, increase in operating revenues was fueled by a combined \$10.9 million growth in net tuition since 2008. The growth in net tuition resulted from an average tuition rate increase of 3.9 percent for fiscal year 2010 and 8.5 percent for fiscal year 2009, combined with enrollment increases each year.

Operating and Nonoperating Expenses

The following chart illustrates the University's expenses by function (both operating and nonoperating) for fiscal years 2008, 2009 and 2010 (amounts are presented in millions).



Operating and nonoperating expenses decreased by \$.4 million, or .2 percent, to a total of \$195.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2010. As depicted in the chart above, the majority of the University's funds is expended directly for the primary mission of the University – instruction \$67.0 million (34.4 percent), and academic support, libraries, public service and research \$31.7 million (16.2 percent).

The \$3.5 million decline in student services and other expenses this year is attributable to a decrease in nonrecurring expenses that had been incurred in 2009 related to the intercollegiate athletics program and the opening of the Student Union facility. Student services and other expenses actually have increased by 8.9 percent since 2008. Instructional expenses increased by \$1.0 million in 2010 while public service and research expenses declined by \$3.5 million primarily due to a decrease in contract expenses related to the University's Center for Applied Ecology.

Student financial aid expenses increased by \$3.3 million for the year as a result of a significant increase in federal financial aid expenses, including the Pell and new GI Bill programs. Institutional support expenses increased by \$2.7 million for the year due to an increase in recurring and nonrecurring expenses related to new administrative systems and other information technology projects.

Operation of maintenance of plant expenses decreased by a combined \$1.1 million since 2008 due to a reduction in minor projects expenses. The University's aggressive energy management program contributed to a 5.5 percent decline in utility expenses for 2010.

Statement of Cash Flows

Another important factor to consider when evaluating financial viability is the University's ability to meet financial obligations as they become due. The statement of cash flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, noncapital and capital, financing and investing activities.

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	2010	2009	2008
Net cash provided (used) by:			
Operating activities	\$ (48,766)	\$ (57,484)	\$ (38,919)
Noncapital financing activities	77,294	70,063	79,573
Capital and related financing activities	(26,710)	(38,570)	(90,185)
Investing activities	(2,363)	1,693	4,360
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(545)	(24,298)	(45,171)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	71,757	96,055	141,226
Cash and cash equivalents, end year	\$ 71,212	\$ 71,757	\$ 96,055

The University's cash and cash equivalents decreased \$.5 million in 2010 as compared to a decrease of \$24.3 million in 2009. The net cash provided by operating and noncapital financing activities totaled \$28.5 million for 2010, an increase of \$15.9 million from 2009. Cash used by capital and related financing activities totaled \$26.7 million for 2010 and \$38.6 million in 2009. Purchases of capital assets totaled \$32.7 million for fiscal year 2010 and were primarily funded by capital appropriations and capital grants and gifts.

Major sources of funds included in operating activities are student tuition and fees (\$91.6 million), grants and contracts (\$9.6 million) and auxiliary enterprises (\$12.0 million). The largest cash payments for operating activities were made to employees (\$123.5 million) and to vendors and contractors (\$49.0 million). Payments to suppliers decreased by \$12.4 million for 2010 as compared to 2009. During 2009 the University's had a significant amount of payments to vendors and contractors related to the acquisition of noncapitalized equipment and furnishings for the new Student Union, housing facilities and The Bank of Kentucky Center.

The University's cash receipts from operating activities increased by \$12.2 million, or 10.9 percent, from 2008 to 2010 while cash disbursements for operating activities increased by \$22.0 million, or 14.6 percent for the period.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$15.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2010. Additions to capital assets during the year totaled \$33.0 million, including a new soccer complex, property acquisitions, administrative software systems and construction in progress related to Griffin Hall, a new state-of-theart facility that will house the University's College of Informatics. Depreciation expenses and net capital asset disposals totaled \$18.0 million for the year. As a result of the University's significant investment in its campus facilities in recent years, net capital assets have grown to \$311.1 million, or 75.2 percent of total assets as of June 30, 2010.

The University's net capital assets grew by \$26.1 million from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2010, with increases of \$15.0 million in 2010 and \$11.0 million in 2009. This growth reflects the University's effort to increase its capacity to serve its students and the community, including much needed parking and a soccer complex that will serve the needs of the University's intercollegiate athletic program, students and the community.

At June 30, 2010, the University had several major capital construction projects in progress, including the new soccer complex and Griffin Hall.

<u>Debt</u>

The following is a summary of the University's outstanding debt summarized by revenue pledge as of June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

	2010	 2009	 2008
General Receipts Bonds	\$ 71,390	\$ 66,495	\$ 68,125
Consolidated Educational Buildings Revenue Bonds	12,850	17,980	21,010
Housing and Dining System Revenue Bonds	1,940	2,205	2,455
Capital Lease - Residential Village/Suites	12,446	17,001	18,657
Notes Payable and municipal lease obligations	3,949	4,708	6,322
	\$ 102,575	\$ 108,389	\$ 116,569

For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the University's outstanding debt decreased by \$5.8 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, for a combined decrease of \$14.0 million since 2008. During fiscal year 2010 the University issued approximately \$6.8 million in General Receipts Bonds to refund outstanding debt and fund the exterior renovation of a student residential housing facility. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$.2 million.

A strong debt rating is an important indicator of the University's financial health. The University's current bond ratings assigned by Moody's Investors Service (A1) and Standard and Poor's (A) to the University's General Receipts and Consolidated Educational Building Revenue bonds reflect the University's solid financial position.

FACTORS IMPACTING FUTURE PERIODS

As a result of the prolonged economic recession, the University's general state appropriation declined by \$2.2 million and \$3.6 million in fiscal years 2009 and 2010, respectively. The \$3.6 million recurring appropriation cut in 2010 was offset by a \$3.6 million nonrecurring allocation of State Fiscal Stabilization Funds from the Commonwealth under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The University's 2011 general appropriation budget approved by the legislature declined by an additional \$.1 million. In anticipation of possible additional reduction in general appropriations for 2011 the University has established a budget reserve that will allow the University to cover another budget cut on a short term basis without disrupting its core functions.

The University's resource allocations are guided by the University's five-year strategic agenda and its long-term comprehensive business plan that defines the financial and capital resources necessary to achieve the Council on Postsecondary Education's ambitious 2020 Public Agenda and support the Northern Kentucky Vision 2015 goals. Although the University has made incremental progress on the business plan by reducing costs and reallocating funds, continuing cuts in state operating appropriations have hampered progress on achieving the business plan goals. The University continues to focus its limited resources on the most critical areas of the business plan that will be the most beneficial to the region and the Commonwealth. The region's economic growth depends heavily on the University's capacity to support that growth in a variety of ways.

While improved state funding is critical to the University's future success, management is continuing its efforts to diversify revenue sources and contain costs. The University's business plan incorporates strategies to strengthen its tuition base and increase grant and contract revenues, private gifts and other revenues that will be necessary to accomplish the full breadth of the University's mission. The University's tuition rates must be approved by the Council on Postsecondary Education (CPE). Each year CPE establishes tuition rate increase ceilings based upon factors economic conditions and other factors, including affordability and access to higher education in the Commonwealth. CPE approved a 5 percent increase for undergraduate resident tuition rates for 2011. The University expects tuition revenue to increase by over \$7.1 million for fiscal year 2011 as a result of tuition rate increases and continued growth in enrollment.

Despite the current economic environment and related budget uncertainty, the University's strategic planning and budgeting processes have enabled it to continue to make progress. Resource allocations are driven by planning, budgeting and assessment processes that are strongly aligned at all levels of the institution. The University has reallocated a significant amount of resources realized through cost reductions and committed scarce new resources to achieve its strategic goals. The University has made significant progress in reaching these goals, particularly critical goals such as degree production where the University achieved the largest increase in degree production of any state university. University's executive management believes the University is in excellent financial condition and, in full partnership with CPE, the Commonwealth and the community, will continue to provide excellent service to students, the community and the Commonwealth.

Northern Kentucky University and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

	 2010		2009
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,061	\$	65,603
Notes, loans and accounts receivable, net	12,237		12,044
Other current assets	 1,945		1,891
Total current assets	 82,243		79,538
Noncurrent Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3,151		6,154
Investments	13,175		8,461
Notes, loans and accounts receivable, net	1,884		2,107
Capital assets, net	311,091		296,056
Other noncurrent assets	 1,264		1,282
Total noncurrent assets	330,565		314,060
Total assets	 412,808		393,598
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	16,893		16,835
Deferred revenue	6,432		6,328
Long-term liabilities-current portion	 8,293		8,668
Total current liabilities	 31,618		31,831
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deposits	5,978		6,543
Deferred revenue	3,068		3,630
Long-term liabilities	97,244		102,850
Total noncurrent liabilities	 106,290		113,023
Total liabilities	 137,908		144,854
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	210,895		188,085
Restricted			
Nonexpendable	7,616		7,616
Expendable	9,478		11,062
Unrestricted	46,911		41,981
Total net assets	\$ 274,900	\$	248,744

Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Statements of Financial Position As of June 30, 2010 and 2009

(in thousands)

	 2010	 2009
ASSEIS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,743	\$ 7,708
Loans, interest and accounts receivable (less allowance of \$111,242 in 2010		
and \$116,475 in 2009)	151	146
Contributions receivable (less allowance of \$53,195 in 2010 and \$75,406 in		
2009)	18,014	22,234
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	58	38
Investments	54,929	48,012
Land, buildings and equipment	2,890	2,890
Accumulated depreciation	(189)	(182)
Total assets	\$ 86,596	\$ 80,846
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Accounts payable	\$ 269	\$ 216
Accrued interest	151	194
Annuities payable	9	48
Deferred income	25	25
Funds held in trust for Northern Kentucky University	8,925	7,936
Notes payable	5,878	6,525
Total liabilities	15,257	14,944
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		
For current operations	467	443
Contributions receivable	1	2
Amounts functioning as endowment funds	1,355	814
Invested in property, plant and equipment	593	 607
Total unrestricted	2,416	1,866
Temporarily restricted		
Unexpended funds received for restricted purposes	4,558	1,245
Contributions receivable	9,634	11,793
Loan funds	141	135
Endowment funds	 15,656	 12,700
Total temporarily restricted	 29,989	 25,873
Permanently restricted		
Contributions receivable	8,379	10,440
Endowment funds	 30,555	 27,723
Total permanently restricted	 38,934	 38,163
Total net assets	71,339	65,902
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 86,596	\$ 80,846

See accompanying notes.

Northern Kentuck y University and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(in thousands)

	2010		2009	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$21,506 in 2010)				
and \$17,937 in 2009)	\$	92,597	\$	88,704
Federal grants and contracts		4,085		3,313
State and local grants and contracts		3,618		3,516
Nongovernmental grants and contracts		2,713		2,984
Sales and services of educational departments		3,938		5,917
Auxiliary enterprises				
Housing operations (net of scholarship allowances of \$438 in 2010)				
and \$471 in 2009)		7,748		7,022
Other auxiliaries		4,641		4,356
Other operating revenues		5,923		7,711
Total operating revenues	1	25,263		123,523
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Educational and general				
Instruction		67,039		66,038
Research		1,706		1,376
Public service		10,461		14,351
Libraries		4,150		4,241
A cademic support		15,342		14,717
Student services		14,121		17,552
Institutional support		25,228		22,481
Operation and maintenance of plant		14,559		14,609
Depreciation		14,869		15,111
Student aid		14,792		11,448
Auxiliary enterprises				
Housing operations		3,838		4,542
Other auxiliaries		1,461		1,091
Auxiliary depreciation		2,785		2,870
Other expenses		101		174
Total operating expenses	1	90,452		190,601
Net loss from operations		65,189)		(67,078)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State appropriations		50,281		53,876
State appropriations-federal stimulus		3,604		-
Federal grants and contracts		16,855		10,961
State and local grants and contracts		7,799		7,800
Private gifts and grants		54		59
Investment income (loss)		1,683		(361)
Interest on capital assetrelated debt		(4,466)		(4,890)
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(92)		105
Net nonoperating revenues		75,718		67,550
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses		10,529		472
Capital appropriations		7,458		3,548
Capital grants and gifts		8,169		3,382
Total other revenues		15,627		6,930
Increase (decrease) in net assets		26,156		7,402
NET ASSEIS				
Net assets-beginning of year		48,744		241,342
Net assets-end of year	\$ 2	74,900	\$	248,744

See accompanying notes.

Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2010

(in thousands)

	 stricted Assets	Re	nporarily stricted t Assets	Re	manently stricted t Assets	1	Total
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:							
Revenues and Gains							
Gifts, grants and bequests	\$ 7	\$	3,640	\$	771	\$	4,418
Rental income	107		-		-		107
Investment income	33		733		-		766
Net gains (losses) on investments	659		3,768		-		4,427
Other revenue	27		654		-		681
Total Revenues and Gains	 833		8,795		771		10,399
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	4,664		(4,664)		-		-
Total Revenues and Gains and Other Support	 5,497		4,131		771		10,399
Program Expenses							
Instruction	391		-		-		391
Public service	1,220		-		-		1,220
Libraries	23		-		-		23
Academic support	354		-		-		354
Student services	322		-		-		322
Institutional support	447		-		-		447
University facilities and equipment acquisition	955		-		-		955
Student financial aid	728		-		-		728
Total Program Expenses	4,440		-		-		4,440
Support Expenses							
Management and general	342		-		-		342
Fundraising support	68		-		-		68
Rental property	 112		-		-		112
Total Support Expenses	 522		-		-		522
Total Expenses	 4,962		-		-		4,962
Net transfers in (out)	15		(15)		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	 550		4,116		771		5,437
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,866		25,873		38,163		65,902
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 2,416	\$	29,989	\$	38,934	\$	71,339

Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2009

(in thousands)

		stricted Assets	Re	nporarily stricted t Assets	Re	manently stricted t Assets		Total
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:								
Revenues and Gains								
Gifts, grants and bequests	\$	9	\$	9,210	\$	13,116	\$	22,335
Rental income		107		-		-		107
Investment income		86		760		-		846
Net gains (losses) on investments		(921)		(5,729)		-		(6,650)
Other revenue		23		805		-		828
Total Revenues and Gains		(696)		5,046		13,116		17,466
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		5,341		(5,341)		-		-
Total Revenues and Gains and Other Support		4,645		(295)		13,116		17,466
Program Expenses								
Instruction		358		-		-		358
Research		-		-		-		-
Public service		1,335		-		-		1,335
Libraries		33		-		-		33
Academic support		402		-		-		402
Student services		244		-		-		244
Institutional support		535		-		-		535
University facilities and equipment acquisition		929		-		-		929
Student financial aid		1,225				-		1,225
Total Program Expenses		5,061		-		-		5,061
Support Expenses								
Management and general		403		-		-		403
Fundraising support		69		-		-		69
Rental property		341				-		341
Total Support Expenses		813		-		-		813
Total Expenses		5,874		-		-		5,874
Net transfers in (out)		(405)		393		12		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		(1,634)		98		13,128		11,592
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		3,500		25,775		25,035		54,310
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	1,866	\$	25,873	\$	38,163	\$	65,902
	÷	1,000	÷	20,070	Ť	20,200	÷	50,7 02

Northern Kentucky University and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(in thousands)

	2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	• • • • • • • •	¢ 00.507
Tuition and fees	\$ 91,641	\$ 88,695
Grants and contracts	9,616	10,551
Payments to suppliers	(48,967)	(61,378)
Payments for salaries and benefits	(123,549)	(119,231)
Loans issued to students	(153)	(301)
Collection of loans to students	419	326
Auxiliary enterprise receipts:		
Housing operations	7,586	7,020
Other auxiliaries	4,443	3,527
Sales and service of educational departments	3,834	6,009
Other receipts (payments)	6,364	7,298
Net cash used by operating activities	(48,766)	(57,484)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations	53,885	53,876
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes	24,728	18,348
Agency and loan program receipts	80,276	70,893
Agency and loan program disbursements	(81,278)	(73,243)
Other nonoperating receipts (payments)	(317)	189
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	77,294	70,063
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from capital debt and leases	7,864	-
Capital appropriations	8,291	66
Capital grants, gifts, and advances received	8,169	3,404
Purchases of capital assets	(32,689)	(28,997)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(13,757)	(8,418)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(4,588)	(4,625)
Net cash used by capital financing activities	(26,710)	(38,570)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	554	27
Purchase of investments	(4,250)	-
Interest on investments	1,333	1,666
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(2,363)	1,693
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(545)	(24,298)
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of year	71,757	96,055
Cash and cash equivalents-end of year	71,212	71,757
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO		
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(57.100)	
Net loss from operations	(65,189)	(67,078)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	17,654	17,981
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net	(1,261)	220
Other assets	(40)	370
Accounts payable	539	(8,428)
Deferred revenue	(458)	102
Long-term liabilities	(11)	(651)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (48,766)	\$ (57,484)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (48,700)	\$ (37,404)

See accompanying notes.

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010 and 2009

Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Reporting Entity

Northern Kentucky University (the University) is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is included in the general-purpose financial statements of the Commonwealth. The consolidated financial statements of the University include the operations of the Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation; an affiliated non-profit corporation. The Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The Foundation's Board of Directors is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the University. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The accompanying financial statements do not include the financial position and result of operation of the Chase College Foundation, Inc. This foundation is a separately incorporated not-for-profit entity organized for the purpose of promoting the educational mission of the University's Salmon P. Chase College of Law. Although this entity benefits the University's Salmon P. Chase College of Law, it is governed by an independent Board of Directors and is not controlled by the University.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the University have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, the University has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless the FASB pronouncement conflicts with or contradicts a GASB pronouncement. The University has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after the applicable date.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities* (GASB 35) and subsequent standards issued by GASB, the University has elected to report as an entity engaged in business-type activities (BTA). BTAs are those activities that are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. GASB 35 establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net assets categories:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted:

Nonexpendable – Net assets subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the University.

Expendable – Net assets whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. These net assets principally represent amounts for specified capital construction projects.

• Unrestricted: Net assets whose use by the University is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of

Regents or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

The financial statement presentation required by GASB is intended to provide a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the University's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows.

b. Accrual Basis

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or, in the case of gifts, at fair market value at date of gift. Equipment with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more and having an estimated useful life of greater than one year is capitalized. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense is incurred.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, generally 40 years for land improvements, 10 - 40 years for buildings and fixed equipment, 10 years for library books and 3 - 10 years for equipment. The University capitalizes, but does not depreciate, works of art and historical treasures that are held for exhibition, education, research and public service.

d. Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out or average cost).

e. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

f. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Deferred revenue also includes amounts received from grants and contracts sponsors and state deferred maintenance funds that have not yet been earned.

g. Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues and other student related revenues are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets. Scholarship allowances are the differences between the stated charge for services provided by the University, and the amounts that are paid by the students or third parties making payments on a student's behalf. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees, and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship allowance.

h. Restricted Asset Spending Policy

The University's policy is that restrictions on assets cannot be fulfilled by the expenditure of unrestricted funds for similar purposes. The determination on whether restricted or unrestricted funds are expended for a particular purpose is made on a case-by-case basis. Restricted funds remain restricted until spent for the intended purpose.

i. Operating Activities

The University defines operating activities, as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, as those that generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing goods and services and payments made for services and goods received. Nearly all of the University's expenses are from exchange transactions. Certain significant revenues relied upon for operations, such as state appropriations, gifts and investment income, are recorded as nonoperating revenues, in accordance with GASB 35. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance and related GASB implementation guidance, Pell Grants, College Access Program (CAP) Grants and Kentucky Educational Excellence Scholarship (KEES) are considered nonexchange transactions and are recorded as nonoperating revenues.

j. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

k. Component Unit Disclosure

The accompanying financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features.

During the years ended June 30, 2010, and 2009, the Foundation made payments on behalf of the University of \$2,055,000 and \$2,612,000, respectively. In addition, the Foundation transferred to the University \$2,385,000 in 2010 and \$2,449,000 in 2009 for restricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. at the Lucas Administrative Center Room 221, Nunn Drive, Highland Heights, KY 41099.

I. Reclassifications

Certain items have been reclassified for the year ended June 30, 2009, in order to conform to classifications used for the year ended June 30, 2010. These reclassifications had no effect on total net assets and the change in net assets.

m. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. This statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Accordingly, existing authoritative guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. The statement also provides authoritative guidance that specifically addresses the nature of these intangible assets. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The adoption of the statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

In June 2008, the GASB issued Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*. This statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments, including public colleges and universities. Derivative instruments are often complex financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The adoption of the statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes all readily available sources of cash such as petty cash, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and temporary investments in marketable debt securities with original maturities less than three months. At June 30, 2010, petty cash funds totaled \$27,000 and the carrying amount of the deposits was \$71,185,000 with a corresponding total bank balance of \$81,627,000. Of the bank balance, \$23,878,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank, or bank's agents, in the University's name and \$57,748,000 was held and invested by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. These deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Commonwealth in the Commonwealth's name.

Investments

The investments which the University may purchase are limited by the Commonwealth's law and the University's bond resolutions to the following (1) securities or obligations which are fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government or agencies of the U.S. Government as to principal and interest; (2) certificates of deposit or time deposits of banks, trust companies or national banking associations which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and (3) mutual funds investing solely in U.S. securities.

Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

The following schedule reports the fair values of the University's investments at June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	2010	2009
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ -	\$ 554,000
Certificates of deposit	4,250,000	-
Restricted assets held by the Foundation	8,925,000	7,907,000
Total Investments	\$ 13,175,000	\$ 8,461,000

University investments held by the Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. are comprised of Regional University Excellence Trust Fund endowments. Assets held by the Foundation are invested in an investment pool managed by the Foundation.

University assets in the Foundation investment pool at June 30, 2010 and 2009 are invested as follows:

	2010	2009
Type of Investment:		
Fixed income funds	21%	18%
Equity funds and common stock	52%	56%
Hedge funds	15%	13%
Alternative investments	11%	9%
Other	1%	4%
Total Investments	100%	100%

Occasionally, the fair value of assets associated with endowments fall below the level that is required for the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. Deficiencies of this nature were \$40,000 and \$101,000 as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 respectively.

See Note 13 for further details of the Foundation's investment pool.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As stated in the University's investment policy, the bond resolution governs the investment of bond reserves. The bond resolution limits the investment maturities by the lesser of the remaining life of the bond issue or ten years. Certificates of deposit can have a maturity of not more than two years from the date of issue.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy requires investments to be in compliance with state statue. University investments that are managed by the Foundation are governed by the Foundation's investment policy. This policy contains several provisions which are intended to limit credit risk, including a requirement that fixed income portfolios maintain a weighted average credit rating of at least AA (Standard and Poor's) and have no more than 10 percent of the portfolio in below investment grade bonds.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The University debt service reserves are invested by the bond trustees in accordance with the governing bond resolutions. There are no specific limits on the maximum amount of investment securities held in bond debt service reserve funds that may be invested in one issuer. However, such investments are limited to bonds or interest bearing notes of the U.S. government.

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010 and 2009

Note 3 – Notes, Loans and Accounts Receivable

Notes, loans and accounts receivable as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

		2010	
	Gross		Net
	Receivable	Allowance	Receivable
Student loans	\$ 2,599	\$ (455)	\$ 2,144
Student account receivables	7,620	(3,148)	4,472
Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts	2,375	-	2,375
State capital appropriation account receivables	2,669	-	2,669
Other	2,786	(325)	2,461
Total	\$ 18,049	\$ (3,928)	\$ 14,121
Current portion			12,237
Noncurrent portion			1,884
Total			\$ 14,121
		2000	
		2009	
	Gross	2009	Net
	Gross Receivable	Allowance	Net Receivable
Student loans			
Student loans Student account receivables	Receivable	Allowance	Receivable
	Receivable \$ 2,974	Allowance \$ (429)	Receivable \$ 2,545
Student account receivables	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041	Allowance \$ (429)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319 3,481	Allowance \$ (429)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts State capital appropriation account receivables	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319	Allowance \$ (429) (2,332) - (150)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319 3,481
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts State capital appropriation account receivables Other	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319 3,481 3,247	Allowance \$ (429) (2,332) - (150)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319 3,481 3,097
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts State capital appropriation account receivables Other	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319 3,481 3,247	Allowance \$ (429) (2,332) - (150)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319 3,481 3,097
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts State capital appropriation account receivables Other Total	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319 3,481 3,247	Allowance \$ (429) (2,332) - (150)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319 3,481 3,097 \$ 14,151
Student account receivables Reimbursement receivable grants and contracts State capital appropriation account receivables Other Total	Receivable \$ 2,974 5,041 2,319 3,481 3,247	Allowance \$ (429) (2,332) - (150)	Receivable \$ 2,545 2,709 2,319 3,481 3,097 \$ 14,151 12,044

Note 4 – Capital Assets, net

Capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	July 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2010
Cost:				
Land	\$ 5,880	\$ 837	\$ -	\$ 6,717
Land improvements	16,371	5,417	32	21,756
Buildings	336,691	8,411	1,433	343,669
Equipment	51,079	7,944	403	58,620
Library books	31,764	1,815 397		33,182
Construction in process	5,663	8,607	-	14,270
	447,448	33,031	2,265	478,214
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	2,740	772	28	3,484
Buildings	102,201	10,617	1,231	111,587
Equipment	23,446	4,775	267	27,954
Library books	23,005	1,490	397	24,098
-	151,392	17,654	1,923	167,123
Capital assets, net	\$ 296,056	\$ 15,377	\$ 342	\$ 311,091

	July 1, 2008	Additions	dditions Reductions	
Cost:				
Land	\$ 5,768	\$ 112	\$ -	\$ 5,880
Land Improvements	15,218	1,153	-	16,371
Buildings	318,916	18,222	447	336,691
Equipment	36,124	15,014	59	51,079
Library books	30,080	1,816	132	31,764
Construction in process	12,977	-	7,314	5,663
	419,083	36,317	7,952	447,448
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	2,325	415	-	2,740
Buildings	92,225	10,423	447	102,201
Equipment	17,765	5,732	51	23,446
Library books	21,727	1,411	133	23,005
	134,042	17,981	631	151,392
Capital assets, net	\$ 285,041	\$ 18,336	\$ 7,321	\$ 296,056

As of June 30, 2010 and 2009, the net book value of land, buildings and equipment acquired through capital leases included in the above schedules totaled \$14,299,000 and \$20,135,000 respectively, including buildings of \$13,248,000 and \$19,978,000.

Note 5 – Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2010 and 2009	9 are a	s follows (in	thousa	inds):
	2	010	2	009
Payable to vendors and contractors	\$	9,310	\$	8,857
Accrued expenses, primarily payroll and vacation leave		5,262		5,447
Employee withholdings and deposits payable to third parties		2,321	_	2,531
	\$	16,893	\$	16,835

Note 6 – Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

	2010		2009		
Unearned summer school revenues	\$	4,290	\$	3,901	
Unearned grants and contracts revenue		709		1,257	
Unearned auxiliary revenue		3,494		4,078	
Other		1,007		722	
Total	\$	9,500	\$	9,958	
Current		6,432		6,328	
Noncurrent		3,068		3,630	
Total	\$	9,500	\$	9,958	

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2010	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
Consolidated Educational Buildings Revenue Bonds	\$ 17,980	\$ -	\$ 5,130	\$ 12,850	\$ 3,160	\$ 9,690
Housing and Dining Revenue Bonds	2,205	-	265	1,940	150	1,790
General Receipts Bonds	66,495	6,785	1,890	71,390	3,550	67,840
Municipal lease obligations	4,525	1,079	1,820	3,784	928	2,856
Capital leases	17,001	-	4,555	12,446	441	12,005
Notes Payable	183	-	18	165	19	146
Total bonds, notes and capital leases	108,389	7,864	13,678	102,575	8,248	94,327
Deferred compensation	683	35	45	673	45	628
Federal portion of loan programs	2,333	-	44	2,289	-	2,289
Arbitrage rebate liability	113	-	113	-	-	-
Total other liabilities	3,129	35	202	2,962	45	2,917
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 111,518	\$ 7,899	\$ 13,880	\$ 105,537	\$ 8,293	\$ 97,244

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010 and 2009

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2009	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
Consolidated Educational Buildings Revenue Bonds	\$ 21,010	\$ -	\$ 3,030	\$ 17,980	\$ 3,180	\$ 14,800
Housing and Dining Revenue Bonds	2,455	-	250	2,205	265	1,940
General Receipts Bonds	68,125	-	1,630	66,495	1,890	64,605
Municipal lease obligations	6,322	-	1,797	4,525	1,545	2,980
Capital leases	18,657	-	1,656	17,001	1,725	15,276
Notes Payable	-	200	17	183	18	165
Total bonds, notes and capital leases	116,569	200	8,380	108,389	8,623	99,766
Deferred compensation	710	-	27	683	45	638
Federal portion of loan programs	2,360	18	45	2,333	-	2,333
Arbitrage rebate liability	113	-	-	113	-	113
Total other liabilities	3,183	18	72	3,129	45	3,084
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 119,752	\$ 218	\$ 8,452	\$ 111,518	\$ 8,668	\$ 102,850

The outstanding Consolidated Educational Buildings Revenue Bonds (CEBRB) consist of CEBRB Series A, B, K and L with interest rates ranging from 3.50 percent to 6.10 percent and various maturity dates through May 1, 2023. Student tuition and fees and proceeds from a United States Department of Education annual interest grant are pledged as security for the University's outstanding CEBRB. The reserve requirements for all CEBRB issues have been fully funded as of June 30, 2010.

The outstanding Housing and Dining System Revenue Bond (Housing and Dining) consists of Housing and Dining Series B with an interest rate of 3.0 percent with a maturity date of November 1, 2020. The gross revenues of the Housing and Dining system operations are pledged for the retirement of the Housing and Dining System Revenue Bond. The reserve requirement for the Housing and Dining issue has been fully funded as of June 30, 2010.

The outstanding municipal lease obligations as of June 30, 2010 consist of master lease obligations issued through a local bank totaling \$1,011,000, with interest rates ranging from 2.59 percent to 4.65 percent, and a lease obligation of \$2,773,000, with an interest rate of 3.76 percent, for an energy management project. The energy management lease will be paid with guaranteed energy savings.

The outstanding obligation as of June 30, 2010 for the Northern Kentucky University General Receipts Bonds is \$71,390,000. The interest rate yields range from 0.50 - 4.64 percent through September 2028. The net interest cost is 2.54 - 4.36 percent. General Receipts Bonds are collateralized by the operating and nonoperating income of the University excluding income which as a condition of the receipt is not available for payment of debt service charges.

The outstanding capital lease as of June 30, 2010 is a student housing facility lease of \$12,446,000 entered into August 1, 2002. The lease has an imputed interest rate of 4.88 percent. The lease is renewable for biennial terms until final termination on December 1, 2027. Title to the housing facilities will transfer to the University upon termination of the facilities lease. The future minimum lease payments are to be paid from revenues of the leased facilities.

On June 29, 2010 Northern Kentucky University General Receipts 2010 Series A Bonds were issued in the amount of \$6,785,000 at a net interest cost of 2.54 percent. The proceeds refunded CEBRB Series J and the 1998 Student Housing Facilities Lease in addition to providing partial funding for the exterior renovation of several student residential housing and cafeteria facilities. The refunding of CEBRB Series J will reduce the University's total debt service payments over the next nine years by \$264,000, representing an economic gain of \$182,000. In addition, the refunding of the 1998 Certificates of Participation will reduce debt service payments over the next 2 years by \$78,000 with an economic gain of \$60,000. Economic gain is determined by calculating the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt.

At June 30, 2010, a deposit of \$4,827,000 is being held by the trustees to defease bonds with a par value of \$4,780,000 on the July 19, 2010 call date. The liability for these defeased bonds is not included in the financial statements.

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Principal maturities and interest on bonds, notes and capital leases for the next five years and in subsequent fiveyear periods are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	8,248	4,034	12,282
2012	7,915	3,771	11,686
2013	5,065	3,501	8,566
2014	4,237	3,306	7,543
2015	4,588	3,142	7,730
2016-2020	24,424	12,980	37,404
2021-2025	27,088	7,580	34,668
2026-2030	21,010	1,590	22,600
Total	\$ 102,575	\$ 39,904	\$ 142,479

Note 8 – Pension Plans and Accrued Compensated Absences

Employees of the University are covered by one of two pension plans:

a. Defined Contribution Plan

A Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA CREF) sponsored plan, adopted by the Board of Regents in July 1970, is available upon completion of ninety day's service, to all regular full-time members of the faculty, administrative officers and others who have educational related duties. The TIAA CREF retirement plan is a defined contribution, money purchase retirement plan. The employees contribute 5 percent of their base salary to the plan, and the University contributes 10 percent. All payments are vested immediately and the contracts with the providers are owned by the individual employees. The employee is entitled to various payment options upon retirement. Benefit payments at retirement depend on the total contributions with interest deposited into the employee's account. Retirement benefits can begin upon retirement or termination of employment with the University. Covered payroll totaled \$42,500,000 and \$42,540,000 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

b. Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description - All regular employees not participating in the above plan are required to participate in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), a cost sharing - multiple employer public employee retirement system. KERS is a defined benefit plan providing for retirement, disability, death benefits and health insurance. Each employee covered by KERS is entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 1.97 percent, except as otherwise provided by KERS, of the member's average final monthly compensation multiplied by the number of credited years of service upon attainment of age 65. The average final compensation is calculated using the five highest paid fiscal years. Participants have a fully vested interest after the completion of 60 months of service, 12 of which are current service. KERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-6124 or by calling (502) 564-4646.

Funding Policy - Benefit and contribution rates are established by state statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, University employees were required to contribute 5 percent of their annual covered salary and the University was required to contribute 11.61 percent of covered payroll for non-hazardous pay and 24.69 percent for hazardous pay. The University's contributions to KERS for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$4,334,000, \$3,567,000, and \$2,877,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 8 – Pension Plans and Accrued Compensated Absences (Continued)

c. Deferred Compensation Plans

The University, through participation in the Commonwealth of Kentucky plan, offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k). The plans, available to all Commonwealth employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All compensation deferred under Section 457, all property and rights purchased with that compensation and all income attributable to that compensation, property or rights belong solely to the Commonwealth and the University until paid to the employee or beneficiary, subject only to the claims of the Commonwealth's and University's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the Commonwealth and the University in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant. The market value of the University's share of the Section 457 plan assets, as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, were \$2,126,000 and \$1,801,000, respectively. All compensation deferred under Section 401(k) and resultant assets belong to the plan participants.

d. Compensated Absences

University employees begin to accumulate annual vacation allowance from the initial date of employment; however, no vacation is granted until three months of continuous employment have been completed. The maximum accumulation of vacation leave is limited to the number of days that can be accumulated in twelve months, based upon length of service and employment classification. Eligible employees are paid their accumulated vacation upon termination, subject to certain limitations. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the University had recognized an accrued vacation liability of \$2,913,000 and \$3,082,000, respectively.

Note 9 – Operating Expenses By Natural Classification

The University's operating expenses by natural classification are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Salaries and wages	\$ 96,660	\$ 95,731
Employee benefits	26,368	24,882
Utilities	5,639	5,966
Supplies and other services	29,044	34,304
Depreciation	17,654	17,981
Student scholarships and financial aid	15,087	11,737
Total	\$ 190,452	\$ 190,601

Note 10 – Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by (1) the State Fire and Tornado Insurance Fund (the Fund), (2) Sovereign Immunity and the State Board of Claims or (3) in the case of risks not covered by the Fund and Sovereign Immunity, commercial insurance, participation in insurance risk retention groups or self-insurance.

Note 10 – Risk Management (Continued)

The Fund covers losses to property from fire, wind, earthquake, flood and other named perils between \$500 and \$500,000 per occurrence. Losses in excess of \$500,000 are insured by commercial carriers up to \$500 million per occurrence principally on an actual cash value basis. As a state agency, the University is vested with Sovereign Immunity and is subject to the provisions of the Board of Claims Act, under which the University's liability for certain negligence claims is limited to \$200,000 for any one person and \$350,000 for multiple claims resulting from a single act of negligence. Claims against educators' errors and omissions and wrongful acts are insured through a risk retention group or commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2009 to 2010. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years. The University self-insures worker's compensation and has recorded an estimate for asserted claims at June 30, 2010. Current liabilities related to self-insurance are included in Note 5, above.

Note 11 – Contingencies and Commitments

The University is a party to various litigation and other claims in the ordinary course of business. University officials are of the opinion, based upon the advice of legal counsel, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial position of the University. The estimated cost to complete construction under contract at June 30, 2010 was approximately \$23,490,000. Such construction is principally financed by capital appropriations from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Note 12 – Segment Information

A segment is an identifiable activity reported as a stand-alone entity for which one or more revenue bonds are outstanding. A segment has a specifically identifiable revenue stream pledged in support of revenue bonds and has related expenses, gains and losses, and assets and liabilities, that are required by an external party to be accounted for separately. The University has one segment that meets the reporting requirements of GASB: the Northern Kentucky University Housing and Dining System (Housing and Dining System).

The Housing and Dining System is an organizational unit of the University that manages the University's student dormitory housing units. The gross revenues from the dormitory housing units are pledged for retirement of the Consolidated Housing and Dining System Revenue Bonds.

	2010	2009
Assets:		
Current assets	\$ 913	\$ 794
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net	1,436	1,534
Other	217	363
Total assets	2,566	2,691
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	266	302
Noncurrent liabilities	1,790	1,940
Total liabilities	2,056	2,242
Net assets:		
Invested in capital, net of related debt	(504)	(670)
Restricted	603	745
Unrestricted	411	374
Total net assets	\$ 510	\$ 449

Condensed Statements of Net Assets at June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets for the years ended June 30,

2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

	2010		2009	
Operating revenues				
Roomrental	\$	1,110	\$	977
Board revenue		23		24
Other		17		18
Total operating revenues		1,150		1,019
Operating expenses		671		390
Depreciation		143		148
Total operating expenses		814		538
Operating income		336		481
Nonoperating revenues		5		10
Nonoperating expenses		(63)		(76)
Excess of revenues over expenses		278		415
Transfers (to) from other University units		(217)		(244)
Increase in net assets		61		171
Net assets, beginning of year		449		278
Net assets, end of year	\$	510	\$	449

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010 and 2009

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

	2010		2009	
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	518	\$	409
Net cash flows provided by investing activities		5		12
Net cash flows used by capital and related financing activities	(547)			(573)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(24)		(152)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,120		1,272
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,096	\$	1,120

Note 13 – Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

a. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Scope of Statements

Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting Northern Kentucky University. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources of the University.

2. Basis of Presentation

These statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, and have been prepared to focus on the Foundation as a whole and to present transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. This has been accomplished by classification of fund balances and transactions into three classes of net assets - permanently restricted, temporarily restricted and unrestricted net assets.

Net assets and changes therein are classified as follows:

- **Permanently restricted net assets** Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the Foundation. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Foundation to use the returns on the related investments over time for general or specific purposes.
- Temporarily restricted net assets Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time. Temporarily restricted net assets are generally established in support of colleges or departments of the University, often for specific purposes such as faculty support, scholarships and fellowships, library acquisitions, equipment or building projects and other specific purposes.
- Unrestricted net assets Net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donorimposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets are reported as reclassifications between the applicable classes of net assets.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate rate commensurate with the risks involved. Amortization of discount is recorded as additional contributions revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment of such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution and nature of the fund-raising activity.

Income and realized net gains on long-term investments are reported as follows:

- As increases in permanently restricted net assets if the terms of the gift require that they be added to the principal of a permanent endowment fund.
- As increases in temporarily restricted net assets if the terms of the gift impose restrictions on the use of the income.
- As increases in unrestricted net assets in all other cases.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes all readily available sources of cash such as petty cash, demand deposits and temporary investments in marketable securities with maturities of less than three months. Cash and cash equivalents representing investments purchased with endowment net assets are reported as investments.

At various times throughout the year, the Foundation may have cash in certain financial institutions in excess of insured limits. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of the Foundation's cash and cash equivalents was \$10,743,000 and \$7,708,000, respectively. Included in the Foundation's deposits at June 30, 2010 and 2009, are short term government obligation shares of \$1,371,000 and \$1,369,000, respectively. Of the remaining balance, \$500,000 was insured by federal depository insurance and the remaining was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Foundation's name.

4. Loans and Accounts Receivable

Loans receivable consists primarily of loans made to students under privately funded loan programs. The advances are evidenced by signed promissory notes, bearing interest at varying stated interest rates, with varying due dates. Loans, accounts and other receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. The allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$111,242 and \$116,475, respectively. Changes in the valuation allowance have not been material to the financial statements.

5. Investments

The Foundation's investments are recorded in the financial statements at fair value. The estimated fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices, except for alternative investments for which quoted market prices are not available. The alternative investments, which are not readily marketable, are carried at estimated fair values as provided by the investment managers. The estimated fair value of certain alternative investments, such as private equity interests, is based on valuations provided by the external investment managers adjusted for cash receipts, cash disbursements and distributions. The Foundation believes the carrying amount of these financial instruments is a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because alternative investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and therefore may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such difference could be material.

The Foundation invests its endowment investment portfolio and allocates the related earnings for expenditure in accordance with the total return concept. A distribution of endowment return that is independent of the cash yield and appreciation of investments earned during the year is provided for program support.

The Foundation has significant exposure to a number of risks including interest rate, market and credit risks for both marketable and non-marketable securities. Due to the level of risk exposure, it is possible that near-term valuation changes for investment securities may occur to an extent that could materially affect the amounts reported in the Foundation's financial statements.

All true endowment investments and long-term net assets functioning as endowment are managed in a pool, unless special considerations or donor stipulations require that they be held separately.

6. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, fixed assets consisted of:

	2010		2009		
Type of Asset:		-			
Land	\$	2,682	\$	2,682	
Land improvements		208		208	
Total Fixed Assets	\$	2,890	\$	2,890	

The cost of expenditures for land, buildings, improvements, equipment, art and museum collections and the fair market value of donated capital assets in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized. Annual depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis, beginning in the month of acquisition, at rates based on useful lives of 25 to 40 years for buildings and improvements and 3 to 5 years for furnishings and equipment. Assets acquired for the museum and art collection are not depreciated. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$7,000 and \$7,000, respectively, and is reported as support expenses under rental property in the statement of activities.

Equipment purchased or assets constructed through the Foundation for use by Northern Kentucky University are recorded by the Foundation as a program expense.

7. Net assets Released from Restrictions

Reclassification of net assets is based upon the satisfaction of the purpose for which the net assets were restricted or the completion of a time stipulation. Restricted contributions and net investment returns earned are reported as temporarily restricted support and reclassified as unrestricted when any donor-imposed restrictions are satisfied.

8. Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

9. Reclassifications

Certain items have been reclassified for the year ended June 30, 2009, in order to conform to classifications used for the year ended June 30, 2010. These reclassifications had no effect on total net assets and the change in net assets.

b. Notes Payable

The Foundation has a \$2.1 million open-end mortgage note payable collateralized by a first mortgage on certain land and land improvements owned by the Foundation. The note principal is due on or before June 30, 2012. Monthly payments of interest at the lender's floating prime rate (4.0 percent at June 30, 2010) were current at June 30, 2010 and 2009.

On June 30, 2008, the Foundation borrowed \$4.425 million on a promissory note collateralized by certain pledges receivable restricted by the donor to partially fund construction of The Bank of Kentucky Center, a multi-purpose athletic and special event facility. Equal annual payments of principal and interest at a rate of 4.3 percent are due beginning August 1, 2009 through August 1, 2014. Accrued interest and principal (in thousands) to be paid over the term of the loan are as follows:

Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	692	137	829
2012	723	106	829
2013	754	73	827
2014	787	39	826
2015	822	3	825
	\$ 3,778	\$ 358	\$ 4,136

Costs of \$33,700 associated with obtaining the loan are being amortized over the 73-month term of the note.

c. Unconditional and Conditional Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Amounts expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows. The discounts are computed using a risk free interest rate as of fiscal year-end. Amortization of the discount is included in contribution revenue.

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Foundation recognized contributions based on the following unconditional promises to give (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Purpose:		
Endowment giving	\$ 8,609	\$ 11,339
Capital purposes	9,358	11,304
Operating programs	1,321	1,763
Gross unconditional promises	19,288	24,406
Less: Discount and allowance		
for uncollectable accounts	(1,274)	(2,172)
Net unconditional promises to give	\$ 18,014	\$ 22,234
Amounts due in:		
Less than one year	\$ 8,710	\$ 5,721
One to five years	10,578	17,821
More than five years		864
Total	\$ 19,288	\$ 24,406

The discount rates used to calculate the present value of contributions receivable at June 30, 2010 and 2009 vary from 2.8 percent to 5.6 percent depending on when the promise was made.

The Foundation has pledged \$4.285 million of unconditional promises to give as collateral against a promissory note.

Conditional promises to give are not included as support until such time as the conditions are substantially met. At June 30, 2010, the Foundation had received conditional promises to give of approximately \$1,400,000, consisting of the face value of life insurance policies, net of accumulated cash surrender value.

d. Investments

The market values (in thousands) of the Foundation's investments as of June 30, 2010 and 2009 are categorized by type below:

	2010	2009
Type of Investment:		
Short-term money market funds	\$ 11	\$ 19
Fixed income funds	11,264	8,118
Equity funds and common stock	28,313	26,356
Hedge funds	8,531	6,149
Alternative investments	6,015	4,413
Other	795	2,957
Total Investments	\$ 54,929	\$ 48,012

Investment income and gains (in thousands) for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 consist of:

	2010		2009		
Interest	\$	83	\$	178	
Dividends		804		822	
Fees		(121)		(154)	
Total Investment Income	\$	766	\$	846	
Realized gains (losses)		1,211		(2,801)	
Unrealized gains (losses)		3,216		(3,849)	
Total Investment Income	\$.	4,427	\$	(6,650)	

The Foundation records the cost of managing its endowment portfolio as a decrease in investment income within the appropriate net asset class in the Statement of Activities. Some of the Foundation's investment managers report investment transactions net of fees. The fees noted above are only those fees separately stated by the managers.

The investments of the Foundation are commingled with certain investments which the Foundation holds in trust for Northern Kentucky University. The market value of funds held in trust for the University at June 30, 2010 and 2009 were \$8,925,000 and \$7,936,000 respectively. See Note 13h for further explanation of the trust funds.

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Foundation had committed \$15.3 and \$15.2 million, respectively, of its endowment investment resources to alternative investments, of which \$7.4 and \$9.6 million, respectively, had not yet been called by the investment managers. Alternative investments for which commitments have been made consist of private equity, venture capital, real estate and real assets.

e. Fair Value Measurements

Accounting Pronouncements establish a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are described as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND AFFILIATE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010 and 2009

Note 13 - Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Other inputs that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Other inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Listed below are the descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2010.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investments include short term money market funds, cash and cash surrender value, certificates of deposit, fixed income funds and equity funds. Level 2 investments are based on quoted prices of securities or other property with similar characteristics and include hedge funds of funds and a remainder interest in real property subject to a life estate. In certain cases where level 1 or 2 inputs are not available, investments are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy and include investments in natural resources, real assets, private equity, venture capital and real estate.

Conditional Receivable

Unconditional promises to give are recorded at fair value. For unconditional promises to give where payment is expected to be received in one year or less, net realizable value is used to estimate fair value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be received in more than one year; fair value is estimated as the present value of expected future payments. When estimating the fair value of unconditional promises to give, management considers historical trends of collection, the type of donor, general economic conditions and market interest rate assumptions.

The following assets were measured at fair value as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	2010		2009	
Level 1				
Investments	\$	40,000	\$	37,068
Level 2				
Investments	\$	8,914	\$	6,531
Level 3				
Investments	\$	6,015	\$	4,413
Contributions receivable	\$	18,014	\$	22,234

Note 13 – Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Fair values for investments are determined by reference to quoted market prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions. Fair values for the contributions receivable is determined by calculating the present value of the future payments expected to be received using a discount rate varying from 2.8 - 5.6 percent, depending on when the promise was made.

The table below presents information about the changes in the fair value of assets and liabilities based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

Investments		2010		2009	
Beginning balance	S	6 4,413	\$	3,372	
Purchases, sales and settlements (net)		1,448		1,792	
Gains (losses) for the year included					
in changes in net assets as revenue		154		(646)	
Transfers out of Level 3				(105)	
Ending balance	9	6,015	\$	4,413	
Contributions Receivable		2010	2	2009	
Beginning balance	\$	22,234	\$	10,241	
New promises received		1,219		22,450	
Collections		(6,274)		(8,170)	
Discounts and allowances		898		(2,172)	
Contribution revenue write offs		(63)		(115)	
Ending balance	\$	18,014	\$	22,234	

f. Endowments

The Foundation's endowment consists of approximately 220 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Funds functioning as endowments include both unrestricted net assets and temporarily restricted net assets that have been designated by the Board of Directors for long-term investment.

Kentucky enacted the Kentucky Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (KUPMIFA), the provisions of which apply to endowment funds existing on or established after enactment, with an effective date of July 15, 2010. The Foundation has adopted FSP FSA 117-1 for the years ending after July1, 2008.

For years ended prior to the effective date of KUPMIFA, the Foundation follows the Kentucky Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act (KUMIFA) and its own governing documents. KUMIFA requires the historical dollar amount of a donor-restricted endowment fund to be preserved. As a result of this requirement, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment. In the absence of donor restrictions, the net appreciation on a donor-restricted endowment fund is spendable under KUMIFA. The net appreciation of donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation. The Board of Directors has not determined the effect of KUPMIFA on the Foundation's endowment funds and net asset classification.

Note 13 – Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters. The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the Board of Directors, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of these endowment assets over the long-term. The Foundation's spending and investment policies work together to achieve this objective. The investment policy establishes an achievable return objective through diversification of asset classes. The current long-term return objective is to return 8-10%, net of investment fees. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives. To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places an emphasis on U.S. Treasury securities and equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk parameters.

Spending Policy and How the Objectives Relate to Spending Policy. The spending policy calculates the amount of money annually distributed from the Foundation's various endowed funds, for grant making and administration. The current spending policy is to distribute an amount at least equal to 3-5% of a moving sixteen quarter average of the fair value of the endowment funds. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects its current spending policy to allow its endowment assets to grow at an average rate of 3% annually. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through investment return.

Endowment net asset composition by type of endowment (in thousands) as of June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Endowment Assets
Donor restricted endowment funds Board designated endowment funds	\$ - 1,355	\$ 11,817 3,839	\$ 30,555 -	\$ 42,372 5,194
Total endowment funds	\$ 1,355	\$ 15,656	\$ 30,555	\$ 47,566

Changes in endowment net assets (in thousands) as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Unre	estricted	nporarily stricted	manently estricted	Enc	lowment Assets
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	814	\$ 12,700	\$ 27,723	\$	41,237
Contributions collected		-	16	2,832		2,848
Investment income		25	734	-		759
Net investment gain (loss)		136	4,290	-		4,426
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(144)	(1,560)	-		(1,704)
Excess gain (loss) transferred to unrestricted		524	 (524)	 		
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	1,355	\$ 15,656	\$ 30,555	\$	47,566

Total Nat

Total Net

Note 13 - Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Endowment net asset composition by type of endowment (in thousands) as of June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Unrea	stricted	mporarily	manently estricted	Enc	otal Net lowment Assets
Donor restricted endowment funds Board designated endowment funds	\$	- 814	\$ 8,205 4,495	\$ 27,723	\$	35,928 5,309
Total endowment funds	\$	814	\$ 12,700	\$ 27,723	\$	41,237

Changes in endowment net assets (in thousands) as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	estricted	Ter	nporarily stricted	manently estricted	Enc	otal Net lowment Assets
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 1,954	\$	18,169	\$ 21,417	\$	41,540
Contributions collected	-		519	6,306		6,825
Investment income	37		794	-		831
Net investment gain (loss)	(393)		(6,227)	-		(6,620)
Amounts appropriated for expenditure	(269)		(1,070)	-		(1,339)
Excess gain (loss) transferred to unrestricted	 (515)		515	 -		-
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 814	\$	12,700	\$ 27,723	\$	41,237

Funds with Deficiencies. From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were \$183 thousand and \$706 thousand as of June 30, 2010 and 2009. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred after the investment of permanently restricted contributions and continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Board of Directors.

g. Contingent Liabilities

Legal counsel for the Foundation have advised that they know of no pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments involving the Foundation that could have a material adverse financial effect on the Foundation.

h. Regional University Excellence Trust Fund

The Foundation holds certain funds, consisting of endowment matching funds received by Northern Kentucky University from the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Regional University Excellence Trust Fund, which were subsequently transferred to the Foundation for management and investment. The Foundation reports these funds and accumulated earnings as assets held in trust for Northern Kentucky University. Investment earnings, gains and losses, and expenditures from these funds are reported as changes in the balance held in trust rather than as revenue and expenses of the Foundation.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ <u>Grant Title</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Programs – Student Financial Aid Cluster Federal Supplemental Educational			
Opportunity Grant Federal Work Study Program ARRA – Federal Work Study Program Federal Pell Grant Program Academic Competitiveness Grant National Science and Mathematic Acce	\$5	84.007 84.033 84.033 84.063 84.375	\$ 384,485 467,705 99,033 14,787,982 598,304
to Retain Talent Teach Grant Federal Perkins Loan Program Federal Family Education Loan Program Federal Direct Loan Program Total Student Financial Aid Cluster	n	84.376 84.379 84.038 84.032 84.268	153,420 7,686 2,684,574 76,871,818 <u>2,878,512</u> <u>98,933,519</u>
TRIO Cluster Student Support Service Educational Talent Search Upward Bound Program Total TRIO Cluster		84.042A 84.044A 84.047A	343,506 414,676 <u>295,870</u> <u>1,054,052</u>
CEBRB Series A CEBRB Series B		84.142 84.142	90,832 <u>163,314</u> 254,146
Expanding the Infrastructure Enhancing Nursing Education International Business		84.116Z 84.116Z 84.153A	60,476 28,565 <u>78,086</u> <u>167,127</u> <u>100,408,844</u>
Pass Through Programs – Kentucky Office of the Governor ARRA – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund		84.394	3,604,300
Kentucky Office of Career & Technical Perkins Improvement of CTE Ed	PO2 531 1000000202 1 PO2 531 0900023970 1	84.048 84.048	64,835 <u>11,816</u> <u>76,651</u>
Kentucky Education Professional Standard CTE KTIP 2010	PO2 183 100001272 1	84.048	3,284

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ Grant Title	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Continued) Pass Through Programs –			
Kentucky Department of Education NKU – Special Education KY Traineeship Transition to Teaching Reading First Coach Northern Kentucky Math Kentucky Cohesive Leadership	PO2 540 0800016370 1 PO2 540 0900024717 1 PO2 540 0800016971 1 PO2 540 0900023729 1 PO2 540 10000001203 1 PO2 540 1000003195 1	84.027A 84.027A 84.350B 84.357A 84.366B 84.367A	\$ 245,722 624,177 132,826 117,948 72,677 <u>748</u> 1,194,098
Newport Independent Schools Alcohol Abuse Recuct	Q184A080266	84.184A	17,455
KY Council on Postsecondary Education Certifying World Language E2: EPAS IEQ Certifying World Language	PO2 415 0700012752 1 PO2 415 0900022143 1 PO2 415 1000003146 1	84.367B 84.367B 84.367B	32,810 132,961 55,058 220,829
National Writing Project Corporation National Writing Project	04-KY10#4, #5	84.928A	59,462
Total U.S. Department of Education			105,584,923
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER Direct Program – US National Science Foundation			
RUI Simulation REU Site in Mathematics MRI: Acquisition CAREER: The Metabolic ARRA – RUI: New Supra ARRA MRI-R2 Acquisition		47.049 47.049 47.049 47.074 47.082 47.082	27,787 58,640 64,230 149,455 31,639 <u>33,971</u> <u>365,722</u>
US Environmental Protection Agency Accelerating Brownfield		66.814	7,966
US National Institute of Health NIH AREA - Improving Effect of Soy Isoflavone ARRA – Hydroquinone NIH Area Schultheis Characterization of P5 NIH AREA Microbial Metabolic		93.242 93.390 93.701 93.853 93.859 93.859	39,777 78,190 44,599 22,533 42,501 <u>56,966</u> 284,566

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ <u>Grant Title</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER (Continued) Direct Program – US Fish and Wildlife Service Development of a Dec		15.650	\$ 29,693
Pass Through Programs – University of Kentucky Research Foundation		13.030	<u> </u>
Impacts of Bush Honey Improving Water Quality Bush Honeysuckle	UKRF 3046989200-09-347 E10-996-43-WIA UKRF 304698200-10-374	15.805 15.805 15.805	3,477 1,181 <u>1,500</u> <u>6,158</u>
University of Louisville Research Foundation KBRIN 2010	OGMB090109NKU	93.389	453,179
KBRIN 2011 Morehead State University	OGMB090109A1	93.389	<u> 102,339</u> <u> 555,518</u>
KBRIN 2010 KBRIN 2011 Pennsylvania State University	2008-09-013 2009-10-121	93.389 93.389	37,557 <u>48,793</u> <u>86,350</u>
CREAM 3: Cosmic Ray CREST: Cosmic Ray	3589-NKURF-NASA- C16G 3588-NKURF-NASA-	43.001	46,021
University of Kentucky Research	C42G	43.001	<u>26,717</u> 72,738
Foundation REG: A Method Employ New Hope Center	UKRF 3048105113-09-176	47.070	9,383
Community-Based Abst Western Kentucky University	NHC 2009-A1	93.010	20,885
KSGC: Fiber Optic KSGC: Spirograph	WKU 516171-09-123 WKU 516171-09-132	43.UNK 43.UNK	5,000 <u>5,000</u> <u>10,000</u>
Western Kentucky Research Foundation KY Space Grant Consortium	WKURF 596854-10-005	43.UNK	2,535

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ <u>Grant Title</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER (Continued) Pass Through Programs – Jet Propulsion Laboratory Isolation and Enumer	SUB NO. 1367481	43.UNK	<u>\$3,500</u>
Total Research and Development Cluster			1,455,014
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Direct Programs – Progressive Knowledge		10.773	21,122
Pass Through Programs – KY Division of Forestry Urban Forestry Intern Urban Forestry Intern	PO2 128 0800018613 09-DG-11083121-001	10.664 10.664	1,548 <u>4,662</u> <u>6,210</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			27,332
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Programs – Economic Security		16.560	54,867
Pass Through Programs – KY Justice and Public Safety Cabinet ARRA – JAG – Community	2009-JAG ARRA- NKU-00509	16.803	19,895
Northern KY Area Development Dist ARRA – Responding to	E10-996-43-WIA	17.260	<u> </u>
Total Department of Justice			143,404
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct Programs – Transportation and Logistics		20.514	412,277
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE Direct Programs – Low-Income Tax Clinic 2009 Low-Income Tax Clinic 2010		21.008 21.008	39,888 <u>32,553</u> 72,441

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ <u>Grant Title</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION Direct Programs – NASA – TAKING ASTRON		43.001	\$ 245,657
Pass Through Programs – National Space Grant Foundation Energy Education	2009-AESP03	43.UNK	1,152
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			246,809
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES Pass Through Programs – KY Dept for Libraries and Archives eContent Production W. Frank Steely Digital Institute of Museum and Library Services	FY09042B17 FY10042B14	45.310 45.310	816 <u>8,200</u> 9,016
Bridging the Gap	RE-03-09-0042-09	45.313	285,807
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			294,823
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION Direct Programs – CPATH 1: Informatics Project SOAR FORCE: Focus on Occupations ARRA – PRIME		47.070 47.076 47.076 47.082	21,317 98,927 8,858 <u>40,215</u> <u>169,317</u>
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION Pass Through Programs – University of Kentucky Research Foundation Small Business Development Small Business Development	UKRF 3048105412-09-331 UKRF 3048106648-10-192		25,731 57,609 83,340

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency/ <u>Grant Title</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct Programs – Advanced Education N		93.358	<u>\$ 56,270</u>
Pass Through Programs – New Hope Center Community-Based Abst KY Cabinet for Health & Family	NHC2010-A1	93.010	43,572
Services K-TAP	PO2 736 0800017496 1	93.558	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			173,713
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL COMMUNITY SERVICE Direct Programs – READY/RESPONSE SERVICE VISTA 2009 AmeriCorps VISTA 2010		94.005 94.013 94.013	581,223 3,793 <u>10,301</u> 595,317
Pass Through Programs – Ohio Campus Compact OH CC Pay It Forward	Contract	94.005	42,644
Total Corporation For National Community Service			637,961
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 109,301,354</u>

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

This schedule includes the federal awards activity of Northern Kentucky University and its affiliated corporation, the Northern Kentucky University Research Foundation, Inc. and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations*; therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – LOANS

Northern Kentucky University disbursed funds under the Federal Family Education Loan and Federal Direct Loan Programs (including Stafford Loans, Supplemental Loans for Students, and Parents Loans for Undergraduate Students) during the current year.

Northern Kentucky University administers the Federal Perkins Loan Program (CFDA Number 84.038). Disbursements and expenditures for this program totaled \$178,631 (\$111,438 for loans to students and \$67,193 of administrative expenditures) for the year ended June 30, 2010. Both the loans to students and administrative costs are included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The outstanding loan balance at June 30, 2010 was \$2,684,574.

NOTE 3 – SUB RECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the University provided federal awards to the following sub recipients:

Grant	Sub Recipient	<u>Amount</u>
RUI Simulation NASA – Taking Astron Ready/Response Service Ready/Response Service	Utah Valley University University of Louisville Research Foundation South East Louisiana University Big Sandy Community College Ashland Community College Henderson Community College West Kentucky Community College Southern Mississippi University South East Louisiana University Tulane University South East Louisiana University Eastern Kentucky University Morehead State University Morehead State University Northwestern State University Dillard University Berea College Eastern Kentucky University Louisiana State University Louisiana State University Loyola University of New Orleans Transylvania University University of New Orleans	\$ 7,865 65,262 181,348 69,501 11,146 6,279 38,514 2,700 5,21 3,000 5,987 2,218 12,008 2,209 12,308 2,194 12,828 2,984 2,995 8,696 2,930 4,699
Ready/Response Service REI Site in Mathematics Bridging the Gap in	University of Louisiana at Monroe University of Cincinnati Bluegrass Community and Technical College	2,020 14,559 70,864
WNS Decontain Strat	University of Georgia Research Foundation	3,620

<u>\$ 549,255</u>



Crowe Horwath LLP Independent Member Crowe Horwath International

REPORT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Regents Northern Kentucky University and Secretary of Finance and Administration Cabinet of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the business-type activities and the component unit of Northern Kentucky University (the "University") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2010, which cited reliance on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of Northern Kentucky University Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we have reported to management of the University in a separate letter dated September 30, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Regents of Northern Kentucky University, the Secretary of Finance and Administration Cabinet of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crome Howath LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Louisville, Kentucky September 30, 2010



Crowe Horwath LLP Independent Member Crowe Horwath International

> REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Regents Northern Kentucky University and Secretary of Finance and Administration Cabinet of the Commonwealth of Kentucky

Compliance

We have audited Northern Kentucky University's (the "University") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 10-01 through 10-05.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 10-01 through 10-05. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

The University's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the University's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

We noted certain other matters that we have reported to management of the University in a separate letter dated September 30, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Regents, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe Howath LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Louisville, Kentucky September 30, 2010

PART I: SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued		Unqualified			
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not constored to be material weaknesses?	sidered		Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statement noted?	ents		Yes	Х	No
<u>Federal Awards</u> Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not constored to be material weakness(es)?	sidered	X	Yes		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliant major programs	ce for	Unqualified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are require reported in accordance with Section 510(a) Circular A-133?		X	Yes		_ No
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	<u>N</u>	ame of Federal F	Program or	Cluster Num	<u>nber</u>
84.007 84.032 84.033 84.038 84.063 84.375 84.376 84.379 84.268	Total Student Financial Aid (consisting of): Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program Federal Family Education Loan Program Federal Work Study Program Federal Perkins Loan Program Federal Pell Grant Program Academic Competitiveness Grant National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grant Federal Direct Loan Program				
84.394	ARRA - State	e Fiscal Stabilizat	ion Funds		

PART I: SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (Continued)

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Number
84.042A 84.044A 84.047A	TRIO Cluster (consisting of) Student Support Services Educational Talent Search Upward Bound
20.514	Department of Transportation
94.005 94.005	Ready Response Service OHCC Pay It Forward
47.049 47.049 47.049 47.074 47.082 47.082 66.814 93.242 93.390 93.701 93.853 93.859 93.859 93.859 15.650 15.805 15.805 15.805 15.805 15.805 93.389 93.389 93.389 93.389 93.389 93.389 93.389 43.001 43.001 43.001 43.0NK 43.UNK	Research and Development Cluster (consisting of): RUI Simulation REU Site in Mathematics MRI: Acquisition CAREER: The Metabolic ARRA – RUI: New Supra ARRA MRI-R2 Acquisition Accelerating Brownfield NIH AREA – Improving Effect of Soy Isoflavone ARRA – Hydroquinone NIH Area Schultheis Characterization of P5 NIH AREA Microbial Metabolic Development of a Dec Impacts of Bush Honey Improving Water Quality Bush Honeysuckle KBRIN 2010 KBRIN 2011 CREAM 3: Cosmic Ray CREST: Cosmic Ray REG: A Method Employ Community-Based Abst KSGC: Fiber Optic KSGC: Spirograph KY Space Grant Consortium Isolation and Enumer

PART I: SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (Continued)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 311,035	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No

PART II: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

None

PART III: MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

FINDING 10-01 – Perkins Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.038), Federal Family Education Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.032), and Federal Direct Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.268)

<u>Criteria</u>: On November 1, 2007, the Department published regulations (34 CFR 668.165(a)(6)(i)) that condition the loan cancellation provisions on whether a school obtains affirmative (active) confirmation from a student that he or she wants a loan. Affirmative confirmation is a process under which a school obtains written confirmation of the types and amounts of FSA program loans that a student wants for an award year before the school credits the student's account with those loan funds.

According to 34 CFR 668.165(a), "a borrower must be given the opportunity to cancel the loan at or close to the time the funds are actually disbursed and the debt incurred. Therefore, the school must notify a student or parent in writing or electronically whenever the school credits the student's account with Stafford, PLUS or Perkins Loan program funds. The notification must include the anticipated date and amount of disbursement, the right of the student or parent borrower to cancel all or a portion of the loan, and the procedures and the time by which the student or parent borrower must notify the school that he or she wishes to cancel the loan or a portion of the loan." This notification of crediting a student's account with loan funds must be sent no earlier than 30 days before and no later than 30 days after crediting the student's account if the school obtains active confirmation or no earlier than 30 days before and no later than 7 days after crediting the student's account if the school does not obtain active confirmation.

Condition: The University did not send out notifications to students receiving loan funds in the current year.

<u>Effect</u>: The University is not in compliance with the federal regulations concerning required notification which could affect future authorized funding.

Cause: The University converted to a new system in the current year for processing and managing student financial aid. During the year, the proper system requirements pertaining to these notifications were not in place within the new system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the University review its current procedures and make the necessary changes to comply with the school's required notifications under 34 CFR 668.165(a) and ensure that these notices are sent in accordance with the regulations.

Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan: The University had been in compliance with 34 CFR 668.165(a) prior to the implementation of a new financial aid system and a new student accounting system in fiscal year 2010. The loan disbursement notification process was identified as a high priority item for the financial aid/student accounting systems implementation. Due to unanticipated delays, the required system enhancements were not in place initially, however, the required system processes were subsequently implemented.

<u>FINDING 10-02</u> – Pell Grant Program (CFDA No. 84.063), Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program (CFDA No. 84.007), Federal Perkins Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.038), Federal Family Education Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.032), Federal Direct Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.268), Academic Competitiveness Grant (CFDA No. 84.375), National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant (CFDA No. 84.376), and Teach Grant (CFDA No. 84.379)

<u>Criteria</u>: Per 34 CFR 668.164(e), if Title IV disbursements to a student's account creates a credit balance, the institution must pay the credit balance directly to the student or parent as soon as possible, but no later than 14 days after the date the balance occurred on the student's account, if the balance occurred after the first day of class, or the first day of classes, if the credit balance occurred on or before the first day of class.

<u>Condition</u>: During our testing of 60 students, we noted five instances where Title IV funds created credit balances on the students' accounts and the amounts were not refunded to the students within 14 days per the regulations.

Effect. The University is not in compliance with the federal regulations concerning credit balances.

Cause: The University converted to a new system in the current year for processing and managing student financial aid. The cause of this finding appears to be an inability to indentify those students with credit balances during the conversion to the new system.

<u>**Recommendation**</u>: We recommend that the University review its current procedures and make the necessary changes to comply with the regulations pertaining to credit balances.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: During the initial go-live period for the new Student Accounting and Financial Aid systems, the refund review process took significantly longer than anticipated. Management reviewed the refund processes and determined that additional resources would be needed on a recurring basis. To address this resource need, a new student financial analyst position was created to oversee the refund process and to ensure that the University is complying with all FSA regulations governing student refunds.

FINDING 10-03 – Federal Perkins Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.038)

<u>Criteria</u>: According to 34 CFR 668.16(m)(1), a school is not administratively capable when the cohort default rate for the Perkins loans made to students for attendance at the institution exceeds 15%.

<u>Condition</u>: During the current year, upon review of the Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate for the 2009-2010 year, we noted that the Perkins cohort default rate was 23.38%.

Effect: In addition to affecting a school's administrative capability and limiting the school's participation in the Federal Student Aid programs, a high default rate may make a school ineligible to participate in the Federal Pell Grant or Perkins program or cause the Department to limit, suspend, or terminate a school's participation in the Federal Student Aid programs.

<u>Cause</u>: While the University increased its efforts to manage and collect outstanding loans from students in the hopes of reducing the default rate, the continuation of declining economic conditions left the rate essentially unchanged.

<u>**Recommendation**</u>: The University should continue to make efforts toward collecting outstanding loan balances and working with students in an attempt to reduce the default rate during these economic times.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: In accordance with last year's corrective action plan, the Director of Bursar Operations met personally with representative(s) from ECSI, General Revenue Corp. (collection agency) and Williams & Fudge (collection agency), to discuss how we could work collaboratively to reduce the existing cohort rate. The University also enhanced its internal collection efforts by sending students additional billings and past due notices. In addition, the University began placing these accounts with the agencies at 120 days overdue, rather than the previous 150 days. We continue monthly monitoring, reporting and reviewing of the cohort rate. We believe the continued high default rate is directly correlated to the continued poor economic conditions rather than the University's administrative capability.

<u>FINDING 10-04</u> – Pell Grant Program (CFDA No. 84.063), Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program (CFDA No. 84.007), Federal Perkins Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.038), Federal Family Education Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.032), Federal Direct Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.268), Academic Competitiveness Grant (CFDA No. 84.375), National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant (CFDA No. 84.376), and Teach Grant (CFDA No. 84.379)

<u>Criteria</u>: The regulations concerning student financial aid and Return to Title IV calculations state that for students who withdraw from the University and receive some type of Title IV funds, the institution must prepare a determination of any funds to be returned to the federal agency. The regulations go on to state that a school must return the amount of Title IV funds for which it is responsible no later than 45 days after the date the University becomes aware of the student's separation.

Condition: During our testing of 60 students who withdrew from the University, we noted the following:

- The University did not include Sundays in the determination of the length of breaks resulting in an incorrect number of days in the period for both fall and spring semesters.
- The number of days attended by one student erroneously excluded six days for spring break instead of eight days.
- The University did not return funds within 45 days for three students.

Effect. The University did not comply with the federal regulations concerning return of funds in all instances.

<u>Cause</u>: The cause of this finding appears to be the loss of the University's compliance officer early in the fiscal year along with the implementation of a new software system.

<u>**Recommendation**</u>: We recommend that the University review its current procedures and make the necessary changes to comply with the regulations pertaining to return of funds.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: Northern Kentucky University will meet the requirements outlined by the U.S. Department of Education for treatment of Federal Aid funds when a student ceases to be enrolled prior to the end of a period of enrollment. The following corrective action will taken by NKU to ensure compliance:

- The University will include Sundays in the determination of the length of breaks when appropriate
- The University will return funds within 45 days
- The University will review and update its Return of Funds procedures to ensure compliance.

FINDING 10-05 – Federal Family Education Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.032)

<u>Criteria</u>: According to 34 CFR 685.304(b), students must receive exit counseling prior to leaving the University, if known, and/or the required materials mailed to the last known address within 30 days the University becomes aware that a student is no longer attending the institution.

<u>Condition</u>: During our review of exit counseling, 60 student accounts were reviewed. Our review noted that 17 of the 60 were not notified of the exit counseling requirements within 30 days of withdrawal, graduation or dropping below half-time status.

Effect. The University is not in compliance with the federal regulations concerning exit counseling.

<u>Cause</u>: The University converted to a new system in the current year for processing and managing student financial aid. The cause of this finding appears to be an inability to identify all students who required exit counseling during the conversion to the new system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the University review its current procedures pertaining to exit counseling and make the necessary changes to ensure the appropriate materials are provided or sent to the borrowers in accordance with the federal regulations.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: The Office of Student Financial Assistance along with IT had challenges in the 2009-10 year with the implementation of SIGMA and on the reliance of data from SAP to identify students in order to meet the exit counseling requirements. However, we have made this a priority and have moved forward with getting information to exited students in a timely manner.

PART IV: SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDING 09-01 - Federal Perkins Loan Program (CFDA No. 84.038)

Upon review of the Fiscal Operations Report and Application to Participate for the 2008-2009 year, we noted that the Perkins cohort default rate was 21.29%.

Status: See current year finding 10-03.